Products

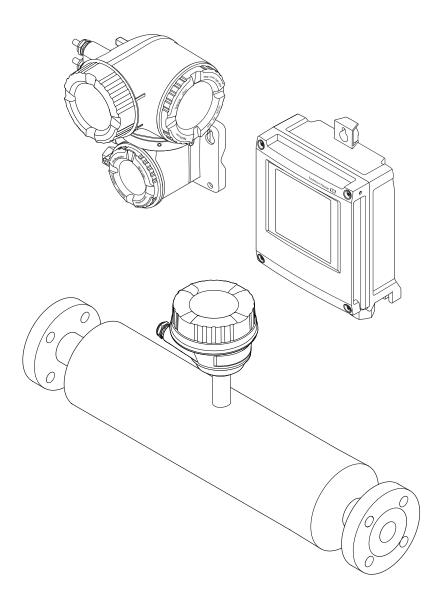
Solutions Services

Valid as of version 01.00.zz (Device firmware)

# Operating Instructions **Proline Promass I 500 Modbus RS485**

Coriolis flowmeter







- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center will supply you with current information and updates to these instructions.

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# 1 Document information

#### 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

# 1.2 Symbols used

# 1.2.1 Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b>▲</b> DANGER	DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
<b>▲</b> WARNING	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
<b>▲</b> CAUTION	CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
NOTICE	NOTE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

# 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current
~	Alternating current
$\overline{\sim}$	Direct current and alternating current
≐	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
4	Equipotential connection A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.

# 1.2.3 Communication symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b></b>	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local network.
*	<b>Bluetooth</b> Wireless data transmission between devices over a short distance.

Symbol	Meaning
•	<b>LED</b> Light emitting diode is off.
<u>\</u>	<b>LED</b> Light emitting diode is on.
×	<b>LED</b> Light emitting diode is flashing.

# 1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
0	Torx screwdriver
96	Phillips head screwdriver
Ó	Open-ended wrench

# 1.2.5 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
<b>V</b>	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
X	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
i	<b>Tip</b> Indicates additional information.
(A)	Reference to documentation
A	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
<b>&gt;</b>	Notice or individual step to be observed
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
L.	Result of a step
?	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

# 1.2.6 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections

Symbol	Meaning
EX	Hazardous area
×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≋ <b>→</b>	Flow direction

#### 1.3 Documentation

- For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
  - The *W@M Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
  - The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.
- For a detailed list of the individual documents along with the documentation code  $\Rightarrow \ \cong \ 215$

#### 1.3.1 Standard documentation

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Sensor Brief Operating Instructions	Guides you quickly to the 1st measured value - Part 1 The Sensor Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for installing the measuring device.
	<ul> <li>Incoming acceptance and product identification</li> <li>Storage and transport</li> <li>Installation</li> </ul>
Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions	Guides you quickly to the 1st measured value - Part 2 The Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for commissioning, configuring and parameterizing the measuring device (until the first measured value).
	<ul> <li>Product description</li> <li>Installation</li> <li>Electrical connection</li> <li>Operation options</li> <li>System integration</li> <li>Commissioning</li> <li>Diagnostic information</li> </ul>
Description of Device Parameters	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter in the Expert operating menu. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations. The document provides Modbus-specific information for each individual parameter in the Expert operating menu.

#### 1.3.2 Supplementary device-dependent documentation

Additional documents are supplied depending on the device version ordered: Always comply strictly with the instructions in the supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is an integral part of the device documentation.

# 1.4 Registered trademarks

# Modbus®

Registered trademark of SCHNEIDER AUTOMATION, INC.

#### TRI-CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

 $Applicator^{\circ}, FieldCare^{\circ}, DeviceCare^{\circ}, Field~Xpert^{TM}, HistoROM^{\circ}, TMB^{\circ}, Heartbeat~Technology^{TM}$ 

Registered or registration-pending trademarks of the Endress+Hauser Group

# 2 Basic safety instructions

#### 2.1 Requirements for personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

# 2.2 Designated use

#### Application and media

The measuring device described in these Instructions is intended only for flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

Measuring devices for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications or where there is an increased risk due to process pressure, are labeled accordingly on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring device remains in proper condition for the operation time:

- ▶ Only use the measuring device in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- ▶ Based on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- ► Use the measuring device only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ▶ If the measuring device is not operated at atmospheric temperature, compliance with the relevant basic conditions specified in the associated device documentation is absolutely essential: "Documentation" section. → 🖺 8.
- ► Protect the measuring device permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

#### Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

#### **▲** WARNING

#### Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids!

- ▶ Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ▶ Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- ► Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Verification for borderline cases:

► For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

#### Residual risks

#### **A** WARNING

The electronics and the medium may cause the surfaces to heat up. This presents a burn hazard!

► For elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.

# 2.3 Workplace safety

For work on and with the device:

► Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.

For welding work on the piping:

▶ Do not ground the welding unit via the measuring device.

If working on and with the device with wet hands:

▶ Due to the increased risk of electric shock, gloves must be worn.

# 2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury.

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

#### Conversions to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers.

▶ If, despite this, modifications are required, consult with Endress+Hauser.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability,

- ► Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use original spare parts and accessories from Endress+Hauser only.

# 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. Endress+Hauser confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

# 2.6 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

# 2.7 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater inoperation safety if used correctly. An overview of the most important functions is provided in the following section.

#### 2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection

Write access to the device parameters via the local display, Web browser or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be disabled via a write protection switch (DIP switch on the motherboard). When hardware write protection is enabled, only read access to the parameters is possible.

#### 2.7.2 Protecting access via a password

Different passwords are available to protect write access to the device parameters or access to the device via the WLAN interface.

- User-specific access code
   Protect write access to the device parameters via the local display, Web browser or
   operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare). Is equivalent to hardware write protection in
   terms of functionality.
- WLAN passphrase
   The network key protects a connection between an operating unit (e.g. notebook or tablet) and the device via the WLAN interface which can be ordered as an option.

#### User-specific access code

Write access to the device parameters via the local display, Web browser or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be protected by the modifiable, user-specific access code ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare 143$ ).

When the device is delivered, the device does not have an access code and is equivalent to 0000 (open).

#### WLAN passphrase

When the device is delivered, the network key is pre-defined depending on the device. It can be changed via the **WLAN settings** submenu in the **WLAN passphrase** parameter  $\rightarrow \implies 136$ .

#### General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code or network key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and network key.

#### 2.7.3 Access via fieldbus

When communicating via fieldbus, access to the device parameters can be restricted to *"Read only"* access. The option can be changed in the **Fieldbus writing access** parameter.

This does not affect cyclic measured value transmission to the higher-order system, which is always quaranteed.

#### 2.7.4 Access via Web server

The Web server is enabled when the device is delivered. The Web server can be disabled if necessary (e.g. after commissioning) via the **Web server functionality** parameter.

The device and status information can be hidden on the login page. This prevents unauthorized access to the information.

Additional information: "Description of Device Parameters" document pertaining to the device  $\Rightarrow \cong 2.16$ .

# **3** Product description

The measuring system consists of a transmitter and a sensor. The transmitter and sensor are mounted in physically separate locations. They are interconnected by one connecting cable(s).

# 3.1 Product design

Two versions of the transmitter are available.

#### **3.1.1 Proline 500 – digital**

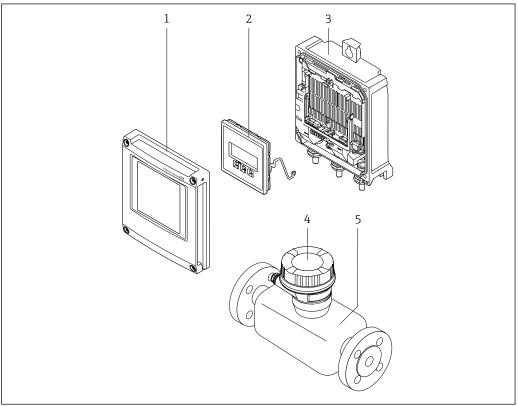
Signal transmission: digital

Order code for "Integrated ISEM electronics", option A "Sensor"

For use in applications not required to meet special requirements due to ambient or operating conditions.

As the electronics are located in the sensor, the device is ideal: For simple transmitter replacement.

- A standard cable can be used as the connecting cable.
- Not sensitive to external EMC interference.



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 $\blacksquare \ 1$  Important components of a measuring device

- 1 Electronics compartment cover
- 2 Display module
- 3 Transmitter housing
- 4 Sensor connection housing with integrated ISEM electronics: connecting cable connection
- 5 Sensoi

#### 3.1.2 Proline 500

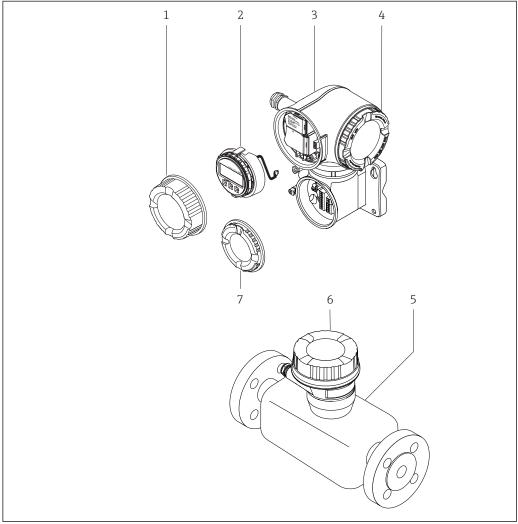
Signal transmission: analog

Order code for "Integrated ISEM electronics", option **B** "Transmitter"

For use in applications required to meet special requirements due to ambient or operating conditions.

As the electronics are located in the transmitter, the device is ideal in the event of:

- Strong vibrations at the sensor.
- Sensor operation in underground installations.
- Permanent sensor immersion in water.

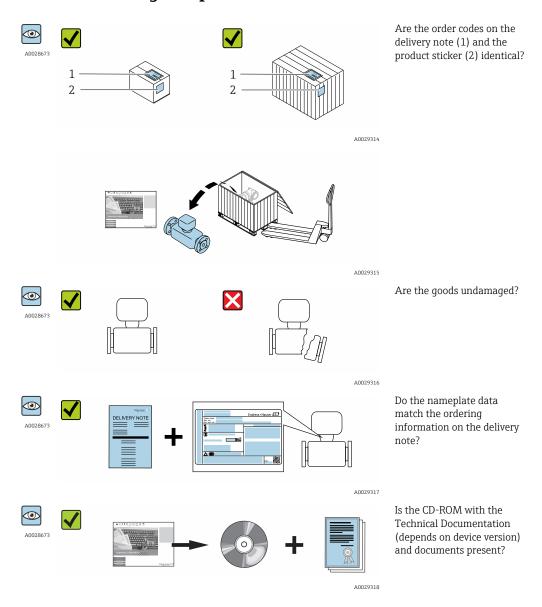


**₽** 2 Important components of a measuring device

- Connection compartment cover
- Display module
- *Transmitter housing with integrated ISEM electronics*
- Electronics compartment cover
- Sensor
- Sensor connection housing: connecting cable connection
- Connection compartment cover: connecting cable connection

# 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

# 4.1 Incoming acceptance



• If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center.

■ Depending on the device version, the CD-ROM might not be part of the delivery! The Technical Documentation is available via the Internet or via the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*, see the "Product identification" section → 17.

#### 4.2 Product identification

The following options are available for identification of the measuring device:

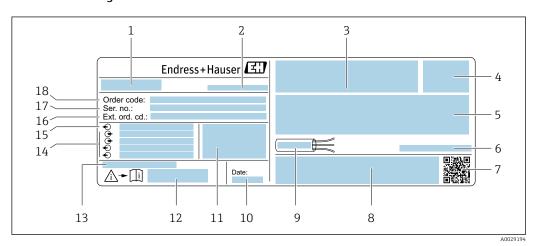
- Nameplate specifications
- Order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter serial numbers from nameplates in W@M Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): All information about the measuring device is displayed.
- Enter the serial number from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations App* or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: all the information for the measuring device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The chapters "Additional standard documentation on the device"  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  8 and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation"  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  8
- The W@M Device Viewer: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

#### 4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate

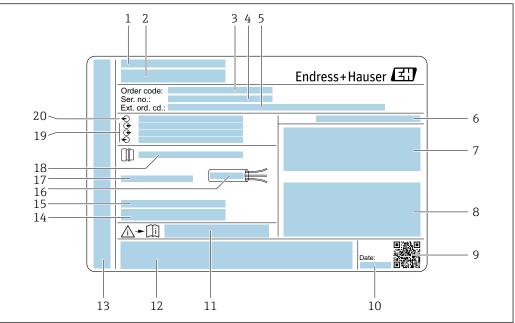
#### Proline 500 - digital



**■** 3 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Name of the transmitter
- 2 Manufacturing location
- 3 Space for approvals: use in hazardous areas
- 4 Degree of protection
- 5 Electrical connection data: available inputs and outputs
- 6 Permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 7 2-D matrix code
- 8 Space for approvals and certificates: e.g. CE mark, C-Tick
- *9 Permitted temperature range for cable*
- 10 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 11 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev.Rev.) from the factory
- 12 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 13 Space for additional information in the case of special products
- 14 Available inputs and outputs, supply voltage
- 15 Electrical connection data: supply voltage
- 16 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 17 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 18 Order code

#### Proline 500

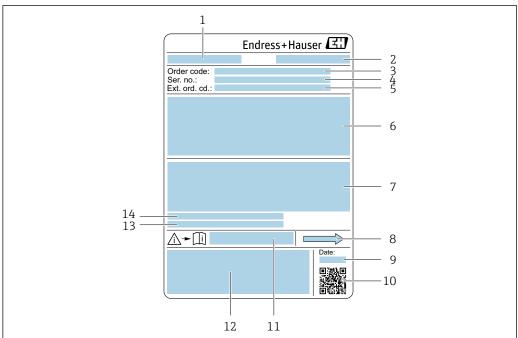


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#### ■ 4 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Manufacturing location
- 2 Name of the transmitter
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Degree of protection
- 7 Space for approvals: use in hazardous areas
- 8 Electrical connection data: available inputs and outputs
- 9 2-D matrix code
- 10 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 11 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 12 Space for approvals and certificates: e.g. CE mark, C-Tick
- 13 Space for degree of protection of connection and electronics compartment when used in hazardous areas
- 14 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev.Rev.) from the factory
- 15 Space for additional information in the case of special products
- 16 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 17 Permitted ambient temperature ( $T_a$ )
- 18 Information on cable gland
- 19 Available inputs and outputs, supply voltage
- 20 Electrical connection data: supply voltage

#### 4.2.2 Sensor nameplate



.....

#### ■ 5 Example of a sensor nameplate

- 1 Name of the sensor
- 2 Manufacturing location
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Nominal diameter of the sensor; flange nominal diameter/nominal pressure; sensor test pressure; medium temperature range; material of measuring tube and manifold; sensor-specific information: e.g. pressure range of secondary containment, wide-range density specification (special density calibration)
- 7 Approval information for explosion protection, Pressure Equipment Directive and degree of protection
- 8 Flow direction
- 9 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 10 2-D matrix code
- 11 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 12 CE mark, C-Tick
- 13 Surface roughness
- 14 Permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$

# Order code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

#### Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approvalrelated specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

# 4.2.3 Symbols on measuring device

Symbol	Meaning
Δ	<b>WARNING!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
<u> </u>	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.

20

# 5 Storage and transport

# 5.1 Storage conditions

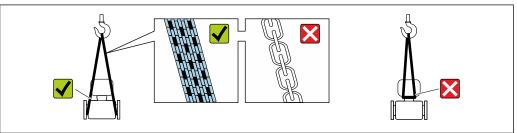
Observe the following notes for storage:

- Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections.
   They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- Protect from direct sunlight to avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature: -50 to +80 °C (-58 to +176 °F),

# 5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.



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Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

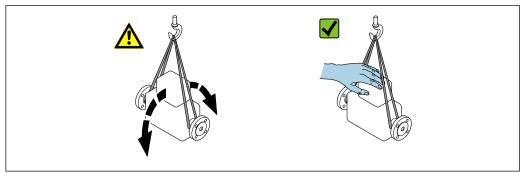
#### 5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting lugs

#### **A** WARNING

Center of gravity of the measuring device is higher than the suspension points of the webbing slings.

Risk of injury if the measuring device slips.

- ► Secure the measuring device against slipping or turning.
- ▶ Observe the weight specified on the packaging (stick-on label).



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#### 5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Special transportation instructions for devices with lifting lugs

- ▶ Only use the lifting lugs fitted on the device or flanges to transport the device.
- ► The device must always be secured at two lifting lugs at least.

#### 5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift

If transporting in wood crates, the floor structure enables the crates to be lifted lengthwise or at both sides using a forklift.

# 5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

- Measuring device secondary packaging: polymer stretch film that conforms to EC Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS).
- Packaging:
  - $\,$  Wood crate, treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, which is confirmed by the affixed IPPC logo.
  - Carton in accordance with European Packaging Directive 94/62EC; recyclability is confirmed by the affixed RESY symbol.
- Seaworthy packaging (optional): Wood crate, treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, which is confirmed by the affixed IPPC logo.
- Carrying and mounting hardware:
  - Disposable plastic pallet
  - Plastic straps
  - Plastic adhesive strips
- Dunnage: Paper cushion

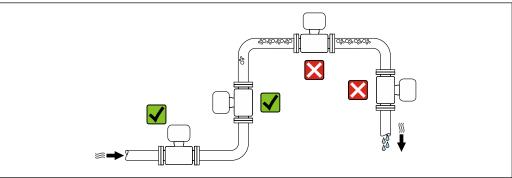
#### 6 Installation

#### 6.1 Installation conditions

No special measures such as supports are necessary. External forces are absorbed by the construction of the device.

#### 6.1.1 Mounting position

#### Mounting location



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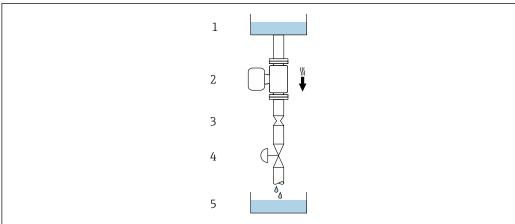
22

To prevent measuring errors arising from accumulation of gas bubbles in the measuring tube, avoid the following mounting locations in the pipe:

- Highest point of a pipeline.
- Directly upstream of a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

#### Installation in down pipes

However, the following installation suggestion allows for installation in an open vertical pipeline. Pipe restrictions or the use of an orifice with a smaller cross-section than the nominal diameter prevent the sensor running empty while measurement is in progress.



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**■** 6 Installation in a down pipe (e.g. for batching applications)

- 1 Supply tank
- 2 Sensor
- 3 Orifice plate, pipe restriction
- 4 Valve
- 5 Batching tank

DN		Ø orifice plate, pipe restriction		
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	
8	3/8	6	0.24	
15	1/2	10	0.40	
15 FB	½ FB	15	0.60	
25	1	14	0.55	
25 FB	1 FB	24	0.95	
40	11/2	22	0.87	
40 FB	1½ FB	35	1.38	
50	2	28	1.10	
50 FB	2 FB	54	2.13	
80	3	50	1.97	
FB = Full bore				

#### Orientation

The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

Orientation			Recommendation
A	Vertical orientation	A0015591	
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	A0015589	Exceptions:
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	✓ ✓ <sup>2)</sup> Exceptions:
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	

- 1) Applications with low process temperatures may decrease the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

#### Inlet and outlet runs



#### Installation dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

#### 6.1.2 Requirements from environment and process

#### Ambient temperature range

Measuring device	Non-Ex	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
	Ex ec, NI version	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
	Ex ia, IS version	<ul> <li>-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)</li> <li>Order code for "Test, certificate", option JP         -50 to +60 °C (-58 to +140 °F)</li> <li>Order code for "Test, certificate", option JQ         -60 to +60 °C (-76 to +140 °F) (sensor)         -50 to +60 °C (-58 to +140 °F) (transmitter)</li> </ul>
Readability of the local display		-20 to $+60$ °C ( $-4$ to $+140$ °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

- ► If operating outdoors:

  Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.
- You can order a weather protection cover from Endress+Hauser : → 🗎 185

#### System pressure

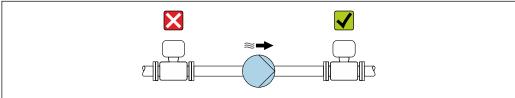
It is important that cavitation does not occur, or that gases entrained in the liquids do not outgas.

Cavitation is caused if the pressure drops below the vapor pressure:

- In liquids that have a low boiling point (e.g. hydrocarbons, solvents, liquefied gases)
- In suction lines
- ► Ensure the system pressure is sufficiently high to prevent cavitation and outgassing.

For this reason, the following mounting locations are recommended:

- At the lowest point in a vertical pipe
- Downstream from pumps (no danger of vacuum)



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#### Thermal insulation

In the case of some fluids, it is important that the heat radiated from the sensor to the transmitter is kept to a minimum. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.

#### NOTICE

#### Electronics overheating on account of thermal insulation!

► Observe maximum permitted insulation height of the transmitter neck so that the transmitter head is completely free.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Danger of overheating with insulation

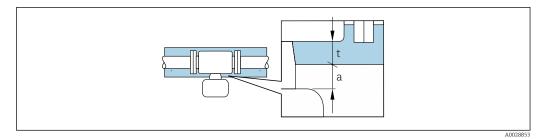
▶ Ensure that the temperature at the lower end of the sensor housing does not exceed  $80 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (176  $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

#### NOTICE

The insulation can also be thicker than the maximum recommended insulation thickness.

Prerequisite:

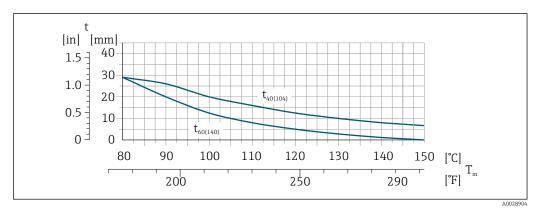
- ► Ensure that convection takes place on a sufficiently large scale at the transmitter neck.
- Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the housing support remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.



- Minimum distance to insulation
- maximum Insulation thickness

The minimum distance a between the sensor connection housing and the insulation is 10 mm (0.39 in). This is to ensure that the sensor connection housing remains completely exposed.

#### Maximum recommended insulation thickness



**₽** 7 Maximum recommended insulation thickness depending on the temperature of the medium and the ambient temperature

t Insulation thickness

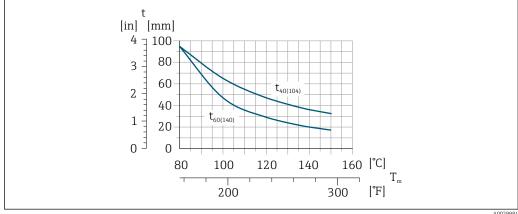
 $T_{\rm m}$ Medium temperature

t40<sub>(104)</sub> Maximum recommended insulation thickness at an ambient temperature of  $T_a$  = 40 °C (104 °F)

Maximum recommended insulation thickness at an ambient temperature of  $T_a$  = 60 °C (140 °F)  $t60_{(140)}$ 

#### Maximum recommended insulation thickness for the extended temperature range or insulation

For the version extension neck for insulation order code for "Sensor option", option CG:



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#### Heating

#### NOTICE

#### Electronics can overheat due to elevated ambient temperature!

- ▶ Observe maximum permitted ambient temperature for the transmitter .
- ► Depending on the fluid temperature, take the device orientation requirements into account .

#### **NOTICE**

#### Danger of overheating when heating

- ▶ Ensure that the temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing does not exceed 80  $^{\circ}$ C (176  $^{\circ}$ F).
- ► Ensure that convection takes place on a sufficiently large scale at the transmitter neck.
- ► Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the housing support remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.

#### Heating options

If a fluid requires that no heat loss should occur at the sensor, users can avail of the following heating options:

- Electrical heating, e.g. with electric band heaters
- Via pipes carrying hot water or steam
- Via heating jackets

Using an electrical trace heating system

If heating is regulated via phase angle control or pulse packages, magnetic fields can affect the measured values (= for values that are greater than the values permitted by the EN standard (sine 30 A/m)).

For this reason, the sensor must be magnetically shielded: the housing can be shielded with tin plates or electric sheets without a privileged direction (e.g. V330-35A).

The sheet must have the following properties:

- Relative magnetic permeability µr ≥ 300
- Plate thickness  $d \ge 0.35$  mm ( $d \ge 0.014$  in)

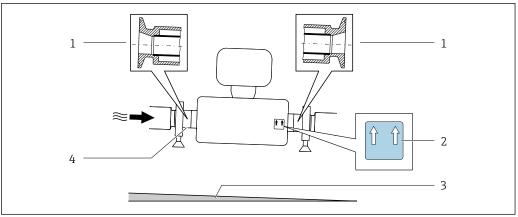
#### Vibrations

The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

#### **6.1.3** Special mounting instructions

#### Complete drainability guaranteed

When the sensor is installed in a horizontal line, eccentric clamps can be used to ensure complete drainability. When the system is pitched in a specific direction and at a specific slope, gravity can be used to achieve complete drainability. The sensor must be mounted in the correct position to ensure full drainability in the horizontal position. Markings on the sensor show the correct mounting position to optimize drainability.



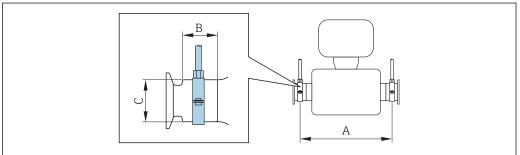
A0030297

- 1 Eccentric clamp connection
- 2 "This side up" label indicates which side is up
- 3 Slope the device in accordance with the hygiene guidelines. Slope: approx. 2 % or 21 mm/m (0.24 in/feet)
- 4 Line on the underside indicates the lowest point of the eccentric process connection.

#### Securing with mounting clamp in the case of hygiene connections

It is not necessary to provide additional support for the sensor for operational performance purposes. If, however, additional support is required for installation purposes, the following dimensions must be observed.

Use mounting clamp with lining between clamp and measuring instrument.



A0030298

D	N	A	A	В		С	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
8	8	373	14.69	20	0.79	40	1.57
15	15	409	16.1	20	0.79	40	1.57
15 FB	15 FB	539	21.22	30	1.18	44.5	1.75
25	25	539	21.22	30	1.18	44.5	1.75
25 FB	25 FB	668	26.3	28	1.1	60	2.36
40	40	668	26.3	28	1.1	60	2.36
40 FB	40 FB	780	30.71	35	1.38	80	3.15
50	50	780	30.71	35	1.38	80	3.15
50 FB	50 FB	1152	45.35	57	2.24	90	3.54
80	80	1152	45.35	57	2.24	90	3.54

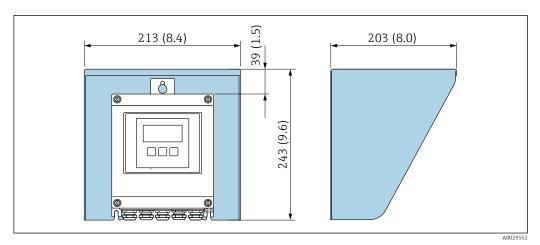
#### Zero point adjustment

All measuring devices are calibrated in accordance with state-of-the-art technology. adjustment in the field is generally not required.

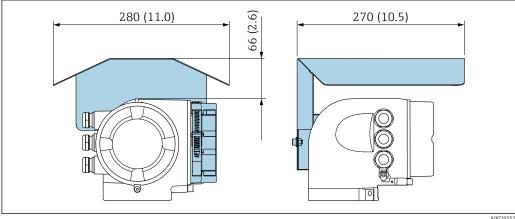
Experience shows that zero point adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measuring accuracy even with low flow rates
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).

#### Protective cover



₽8 Weather protection cover for Proline 500 - digital



₩ 9 Weather protection cover for Proline 500

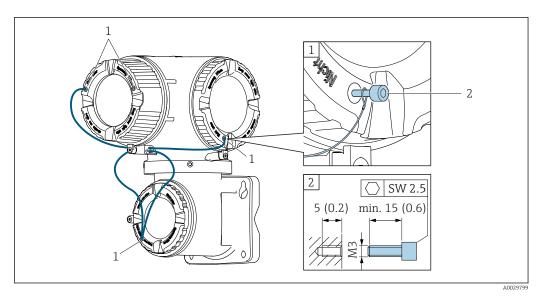
Cover locking: Proline 500

#### NOTICE

Order code for "Housing", option L "Cast, stainless": The covers of the transmitter housing are provided with a borehole to lock the cover.

The cover can be locked using screws and a chain or cable provided by the customer.

- It is recommended to use stainless steel cables or chains.
- If a protective coating is applied, it is recommended to use a heat shrink tube to protect the housing paint.



- 1 Cover borehole for the securing screw
- 2 Securing screw to lock the cover

# 6.2 Mounting the measuring device

#### 6.2.1 Required tools

#### For transmitter

For mounting on a post:

- Proline 500 digital transmitter
  - Open-ended wrench AF 10
  - Torx screwdriver TX 25
- Proline 500 transmitter
   Open-ended wrench AF 13

For wall mounting:

Drill with drill bit  $\emptyset$  6.0 mm

#### For sensor

For flanges and other process connections: Corresponding mounting tools

#### 6.2.2 Preparing the measuring device

- 1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.
- 2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.
- 3. Remove stick-on label on the electronics compartment cover.

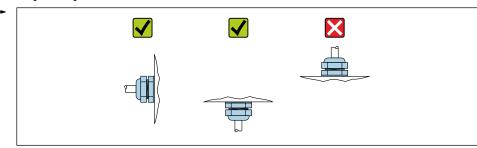
#### 6.2.3 Mounting the measuring device

#### **▲** WARNING

#### Danger due to improper process sealing!

- ► Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
- Ensure that the gaskets are clean and undamaged.
- ► Install the gaskets correctly.
- 1. Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the nameplate of the sensor matches the flow direction of the fluid.

2. Install the measuring device or turn the transmitter housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



#### 6.2.4 Mounting the transmitter housing: Proline 500 – digital

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- ▶ Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature .
- ► If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Excessive force can damage the housing!

► Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter can be mounted in the following ways:

- Post mounting
- Wall mounting

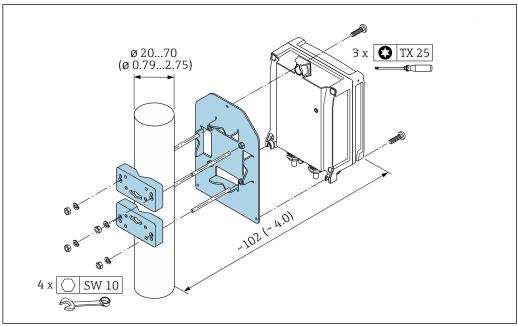
#### Post mounting

#### **A** WARNING

#### Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

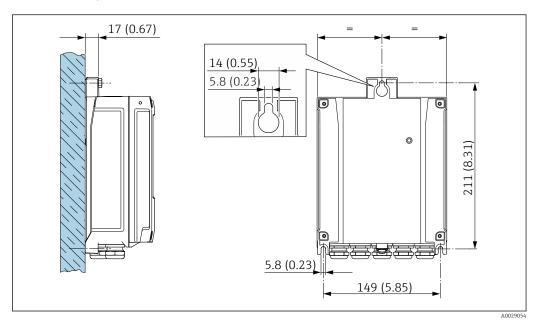
► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque: 2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft).



■ 10 Engineering unit mm (in)

A002905

#### Wall mounting



■ 11 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. Drill the holes.
- 2. Insert wall plugs into the drilled holes.
- 3. Screw in the securing screws slightly at first.
- 4. Fit the transmitter housing over the securing screws and mount in place.
- 5. Tighten the securing screws.

#### 6.2.5 Mounting the transmitter housing: Proline 500

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- ▶ Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature .
- ► If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Excessive force can damage the housing!

► Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter can be mounted in the following ways:

- Post mounting
- Wall mounting

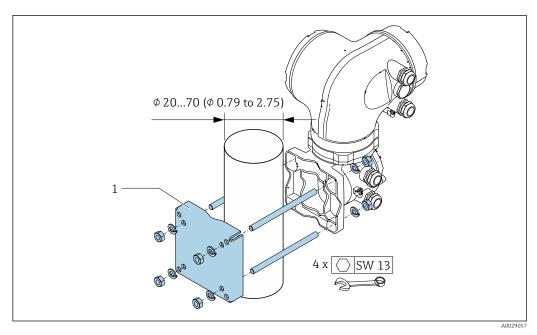
#### Post mounting

#### **MARNING**

Order code for "Transmitter housing", option L "Cast, stainless": cast transmitters are very heavy.

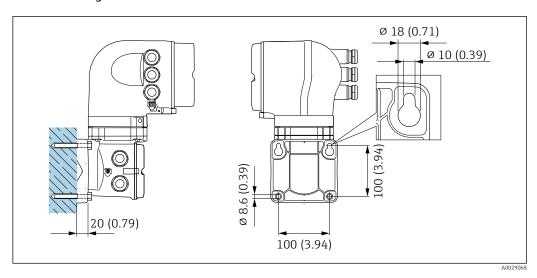
They are unstable if they are not mounted on a secure, fixed post.

▶ Only mount the transmitter on a secure, fixed post on a stable surface.



■ 12 Engineering unit mm (in)

#### Wall mounting

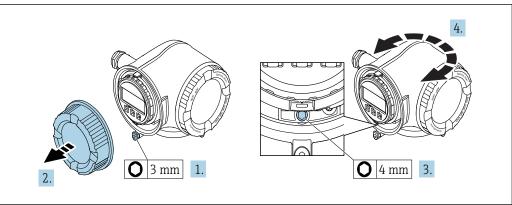


■ 13 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. Drill the holes.
- 2. Insert wall plugs into the drilled holes.
- 3. Screw in the securing screws slightly at first.
- 4. Fit the transmitter housing over the securing screws and mount in place.
- 5. Tighten the securing screws.

#### 6.2.6 Turning the transmitter housing: Proline 500

To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.

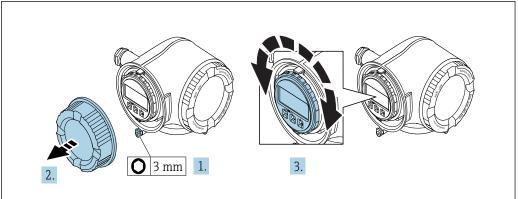


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- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Release the fixing screw.
- 4. Turn the housing to the desired position.
- 5. Firmly tighten the securing screw.
- 6. Screw on the connection compartment cover
- 7. Fit the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

#### 6.2.7 Turning the display module: Proline 500

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



A0030035

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Turn the display module to the desired position: max.  $8 \times 45^{\circ}$  in every direction.
- 4. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 5. Fit the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

# 6.3 Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Does the measuring device conform to the measuring point specifications?  For example:  Process temperature → 🖺 203  Process pressure (refer to the chapter on "Pressure-temperature ratings" of the "Technical Information" document)  Ambient temperature  Measuring range	
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected?  According to sensor type  According to medium temperature  According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)	
Does the arrow on the sensor nameplate match the direction of flow of the fluid through the piping $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	
Is the device adequately protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?	
Are the securing screw and securing clamp tightened securely?	

#### 7 Electrical connection

#### NOTICE

The measuring device does not have an internal circuit breaker.

- ► For this reason, assign the measuring device a switch or power-circuit breaker so that the power supply line can be easily disconnected from the mains.
- ▶ Although the measuring device is equipped with a fuse, additional overcurrent protection (maximum 10 A) should be integrated into the system installation.

#### 7.1 Connection conditions

#### 7.1.1 Required tools

- For cable entries: Use corresponding tools
- For securing clamp: Allen key 3 mm
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: crimper for wire end ferrule
- For removing cables from terminal: Flat blade screwdriver ≤ 3 mm (0.12 in)

#### 7.1.2 Requirements for connecting cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

#### **Electrical safety**

In accordance with applicable federal/national regulations.

#### Protective ground cable

Cable: 2.1 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)

The grounding impedance must be less than  $1 \Omega$ .

#### Permitted temperature range

Minimum requirement: cable temperature range ≥ ambient temperature +20 K

#### Power supply cable

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

#### Signal cable

Modbus RS485

The EIA/TIA-485 standard specifies two types of cable (A and B) for the bus line which can be used for every transmission rate. Cable type A is recommended.

Cable type	A
Characteristic impedance	135 to 165 $\Omega$ at a measuring frequency of 3 to 20 MHz
Cable capacitance	< 30 pF/m
Wire cross-section	> 0.34 mm <sup>2</sup> (22 AWG)
Cable type	Twisted pairs
Loop resistance	≤110 Ω/km
Signal damping	Max. 9 dB over the entire length of the cable cross-section
Shield	Copper braided shielding or braided shielding with foil shield. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.

Current output 0/4 to 20 mA

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Pulse/frequency/switch output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Double pulse output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Relay output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Current input 0/4 to 20 mA

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Status input

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

#### Cable diameter

Cable glands supplied:
 M20 × 1.5 with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)

 Spring terminals: Conductor cross-section0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 12 AWG)

#### Connecting cable for sensor - transmitter: Proline 500 - digital

Non-hazardous area, Ex Zone 2, Class I, Division 2

Standard cable

A standard cable can be used as the connecting cable.

Standard cable 4 cores (2 pairs); twisted pair with common shield	
Shielding Tin-plated copper-braid, optical cover ≥ 85 %	
Loop resistance         Power supply line (+, -): maximum 10 Ω	
Cable length	Maximum 300 m (1000 ft), see the following table.

Cross-section	Cable length
0.34 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)	80 m (270 ft)
0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 20)	120 m (400 ft)
0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 18)	180 m (600 ft)
1.00 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 17)	240 m (800 ft)
1.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 15)	300 m (1000 ft)

#### Optionally available connecting cable

Standard cable	$2\times2\times0.34~\text{mm}^2$ (AWG 22) PVC cable with common shield (2 pairs, twisted pair)
Flame resistance	According to DIN EN 60332-1-2
Oil-resistance According to DIN EN 60811-2-1	
Shielding	Tin-plated copper-braid, optical cover ≥ 85 %

Operating temperature	When mounted in a fixed position: $-50$ to $+105$ °C ( $-58$ to $+221$ °F); when cable can move freely: $-25$ to $+105$ °C ( $-13$ to $+221$ °F)
Available cable length	Fixed: 20 m (65 ft); variable: up to maximum 50 m (165 ft)

 ${\it Hazardous\ area,\ Ex\ Zone\ 1,\ Class\ I,\ Division\ 1}$ 

#### Standard cable

A standard cable can be used as the connecting cable.

Standard cable 4, 6, 8 cores (2, 3, 4 pairs); twisted pair with common shield	
Shielding Tin-plated copper-braid, optical cover ≥ 85 %	
Capacitance C	Maximum 730 nF IIC, maximum 4.2 μF IIB
Inductance L Maximum 26 μH IIC, maximum 104 μH IIB	
Inductance/resistance ratio (L/R)	Maximum 8.9 $\mu H/\Omega$ IIC, maximum 35.6 $\mu H/\Omega$ IIB (e.g. in accordance with IEC 60079-25)
Loop resistance	Power supply line (+, $-$ ): maximum 5 $\Omega$
Cable length	Maximum 150 m (500 ft), see the following table.

Cross-section	Cable length	Assembly
2 x 2 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)	50 m (165 ft)	2 x 2 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)  + - A B
		■ +, - = 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ■ A, B = 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
3 x 2 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)	100 m (330 ft)	3 x 2 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)  + A B  A B  A B  A B B  A B B
4 x 2 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)	150 m (500 ft)	4 x 2 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)  + A B A B - A B - A B - A B - A B - A B - A B - A B - A B - A B - B -

#### Optionally available connecting cable

Connecting cable for	Ex Zone 1, Class I, Division 1, IIC, IIB
Standard cable	$2 \times 2 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (AWG 20) PVC cable with common shield (2 pairs, twisted pair)
Flame resistance	According to DIN EN 60332-1-2
Oil-resistance	According to DIN EN 60811-2-1
Shielding	Tin-plated copper-braid, optical cover $\geq$ 85 %
Operating temperature	When mounted in a fixed position: $-50$ to $+105$ °C ( $-58$ to $+221$ °F); when cable can move freely: $-25$ to $+105$ °C ( $-13$ to $+221$ °F)
Available cable length	Fixed: 20 m (65 ft); variable: up to maximum 50 m (165 ft)

#### Connecting cable for sensor - Proline 500 transmitter

Standard cable	$6 \times 0.38 \ \text{mm}^2$ PVC cable with common shield and individual shielded cores
Conductor resistance	≤50 Ω/km (0.015 Ω/ft)
Capacitance: core/shield	≤420 pF/m (128 pF/ft)
Cable length (max.)	20 m (65 ft)
Cable lengths (available for order)	5 m (15 ft), 10 m (32 ft), 20 m (65 ft)
Operating temperature	max. 105 °C (221 °F)

Operation in zones of severe electrical interference

Grounding is by means of the ground terminal provided for the purpose inside the connection housing. The stripped and twisted lengths of cable shield to the ground terminal must be as short as possible.

#### 7.1.3 Terminal assignment

#### Transmitter: supply voltage, input/outputs

The terminal assignment of the inputs and outputs depends on the individual order version of the device. The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

Supply	voltage	Input/output 1		Input/output 2		Input/output 3		Input/output 4	
1 (+)	2 (-)	26 (B)	27 (A)	24 (+)	25 (-)	22 (+)	23 (-)	20 (+)	21 (-)
		Device-specific terminal assignment: adhesive label in terminal cover.							

#### Transmitter and sensor connection housing: connecting cable

The sensor and transmitter, which are mounted in separate locations, are interconnected by a connecting cable. The cable is connected via the sensor connection housing and the transmitter housing.

Terminal assignment and connection of the connecting cable:

- Proline 500 digital → 🖺 41
- Proline 500 → 🖺 48

## 7.1.4 Preparing the measuring device

Carry out the steps in the following order:

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Connection housing, sensor: Connect connecting cable.
- 3. Transmitter: Connect connecting cable.
- 4. Transmitter: Connect signal cable and cable for supply voltage.

#### NOTICE

#### Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- ▶ Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- 2. If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands:
  Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- 3. If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands:

  Observe requirements for connecting cables → 

  36.

# 7.2 Connecting the measuring device: Proline 500 – digital

#### **NOTICE**

#### Limitation of electrical safety due to incorrect connection!

- ► Have electrical connection work carried out by correspondingly trained specialists only.
- ▶ Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- ► Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ► Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- ► For use in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

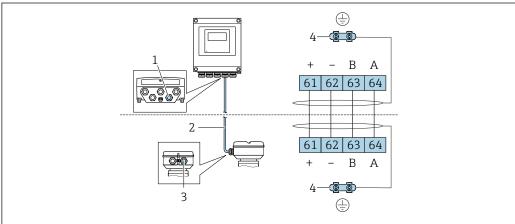
### 7.2.1 Connecting the connecting cable

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- ► Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- ▶ Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.
- Ground the connection housing of the sensor via the external screw terminal.

#### Terminal assignment



A002819

- 1 Cable entry for connecting cable on transmitter housing
- 2 Connecting cable ISEM communication
- 3 Cable entry for connecting cable or connector on sensor connection housing
- Grounding via cable strain relief

Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing

- Connection via terminals with order code for "Sensor connection housing":

  - Option **B** "Stainless"  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  43
  - Option **L** "Cast, stainless" → 🖺 42
- Connection via connectors with order code for "Sensor connection housing":
   Option C "Ultra-compact hygienic, stainless"→ 월 44

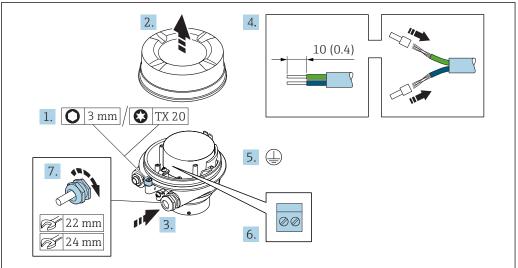
Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter

The cable is connected to the transmitter via terminals  $\rightarrow \triangle 45$ .

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

For the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing":

- Option A "Aluminum coated"
- Option L "Cast, stainless"



A0029616

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 41$ .
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.

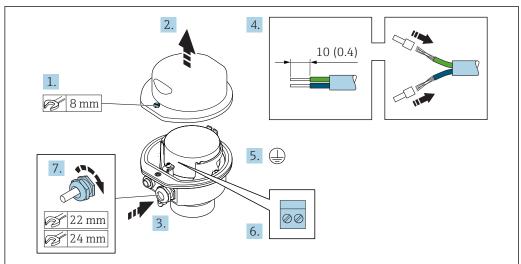
#### **MARNING**

#### Housing degree of protection voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- ► Screw in the thread on the cover without using any lubricant. The thread on the cover is coated with a dry lubricant.
- 8. Screw on the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the housing cover.

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

For the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option  ${\bf B}$  "Stainless"

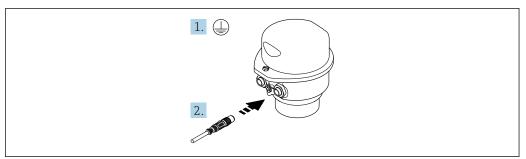


A002961

- 1. Release the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - └ This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 8. Close the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via the connector

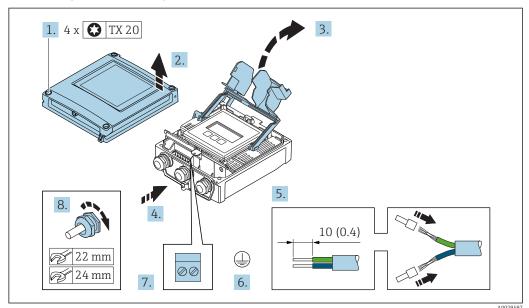
For the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option  ${\bf C}$  "Ultra-compact hygienic, stainless"



A002961

- 1. Connect the protective ground.
- 2. Connect the connector.

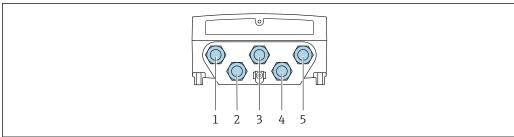
#### Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter



- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 5. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 6. Connect the protective ground.
- 7. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 41$ .
- 8. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 9. Close the housing cover.
- 10. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 11. After connecting the connecting cable:Connect the signal cable and the supply voltage cable → 

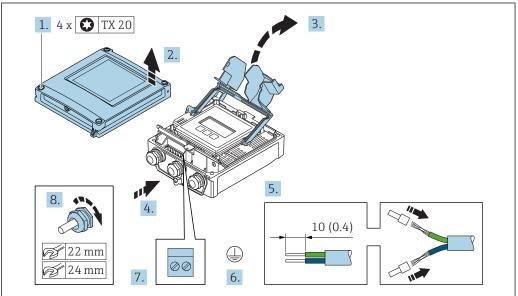
  46.

# 7.2.2 Connecting the signal cable and the supply voltage cable



A002820

- 1 Cable entry for supply voltage
- 2 Cable entry for cable or connection of device plug for signal transmission
- 3 Cable entry for cable or connection of device plug for signal transmission
- 4 Cable entry for sensor transmitter connecting cable
- 5 Cable entry for cable or connection of device plug for signal transmission, optional: connection of external WLAN antenna or service connector



A0029597

- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 5. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 6. Connect the protective ground.
- 7. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment .
  - ► **Signal cable terminal assignment:** The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

**Supply voltage terminal assignment:** Adhesive label in the terminal cover or  $\Rightarrow \implies 39$ .

- 8. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the cable connection process.
- 9. Close the terminal cover.
- 10. Close the housing cover.

#### **A** WARNING

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant.

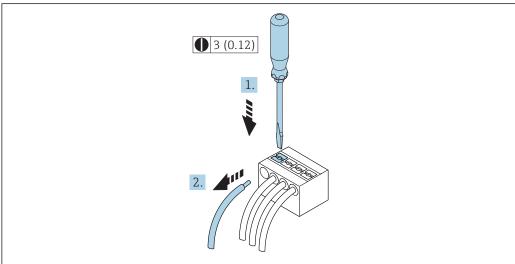
#### **A** WARNING

#### Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

- ► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque: 2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft).
- 11. Tighten the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.

#### Removing a cable



A002959

- 14 Engineering unit mm (in)
- 1. To remove a cable from the terminal, use a flat-blade screwdriver to push the slot between the two terminal holes
- 2. while simultaneously pulling the cable end out of the terminal.

# 7.3 Connecting the measuring device: Proline 500

#### NOTICE

#### Limitation of electrical safety due to incorrect connection!

- ► Have electrical connection work carried out by correspondingly trained specialists only.
- ▶ Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- ► Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ▶ Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- ► For use in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

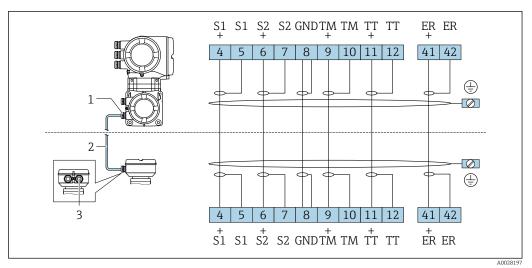
# 7.3.1 Connecting the connecting cable

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- ► Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- ▶ Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.
- Ground the connection housing of the sensor via the external screw terminal.

#### Terminal assignment



- Cable entry for connecting cable on transmitter connection housing
- 2 Connecting cable
- 3 Cable entry for connecting cable on sensor connection housing

#### Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing

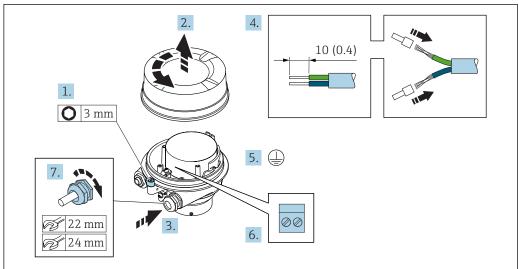
Connection via terminals with order code for "Housing":

- Option **B** "Stainless" → 🗎 50
- Option **L** "Cast, stainless"→ 🖺 49

#### Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

For the device version with the order code for "Housing": Option  ${\bf L}$  "Cast, stainless"



A0029612

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 48$ .
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.

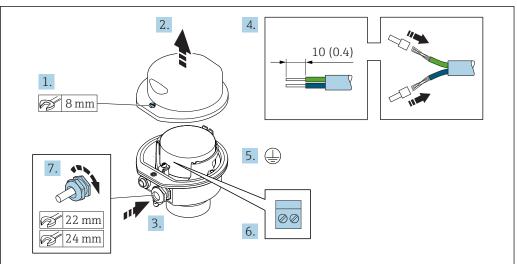
#### **A** WARNING

#### Housing degree of protection voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- ► Screw in the thread on the cover without using any lubricant. The thread on the cover is coated with a dry lubricant.
- 8. Screw on the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the housing cover.

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

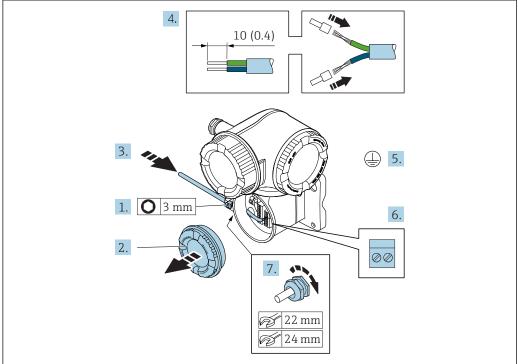
For the device version with the order code for "Housing": Option  ${\bf B}$  "Stainless"



A002961

- 1. Release the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 48$ .
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - └ This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 8. Close the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.

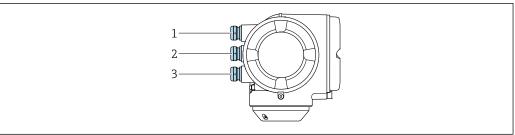
# Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter



A002959

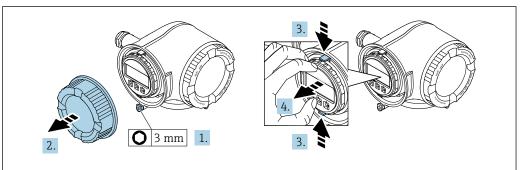
- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 48$ .
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 8. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

# 7.3.2 Connecting the signal cable and the supply voltage cable



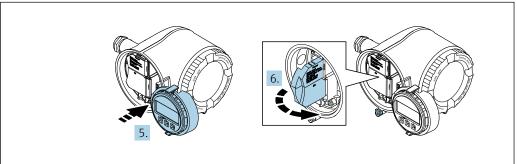
A0026781

- 1 Cable entry for supply voltage
- 2 Cable entry for signal transmission, input/output 1 and 2
- 3 Cable entry for input/output signal transmission; Optional: connection of external WLAN antenna or service plug



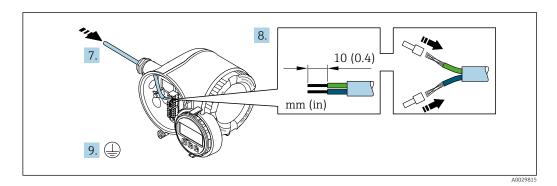
A002981

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Squeeze the tabs of the display module holder together.
- 4. Remove the display module holder.

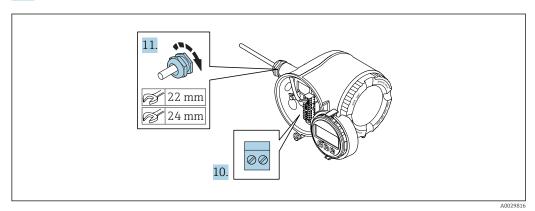


A0029814

- 5. Attach the holder to the edge of the electronics compartment.
- 6. Open the terminal cover.



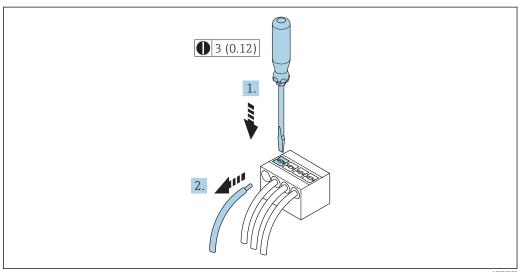
- 7. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 8. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 9. Connect the protective ground.



- 10. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment.
  - Signal cable terminal assignment: The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

- 11. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the cable connection process.
- 12. Close the terminal cover.
- 13. Fit the display module holder in the electronics compartment.
- 14. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 15. Secure the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

## Removing a cable



■ 15 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. To remove a cable from the terminal, use a flat-blade screwdriver to push the slot between the two terminal holes
- 2. while simultaneously pulling the cable end out of the terminal.

# 7.4 Ensure potential equalization

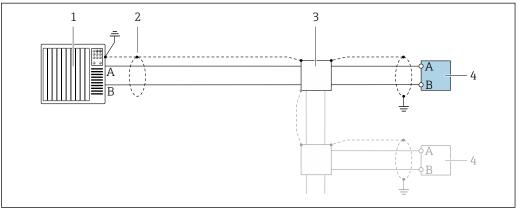
# 7.4.1 Requirements

No special measures for potential equalization are required.

# 7.5 Special connection instructions

### 7.5.1 Connection examples

#### Modbus RS485



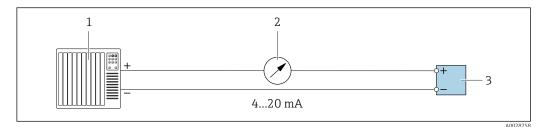
A002876

■ 16 Connection example for Modbus RS485, non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Cable shield: the cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications
- 3 Distribution box
- 4 Transmitter

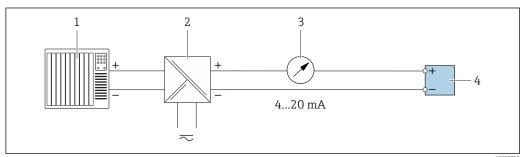
54

#### Current output 4-20 mA



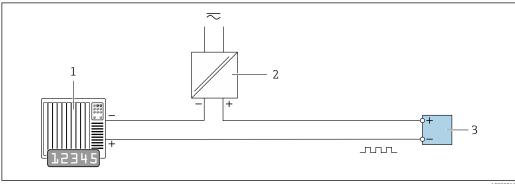
**■** 17 Connection example for 4-20 mA current output (active)

- Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- Analog display unit: observe maximum load
- Transmitter



- € 18 Connection example for 4-20 mA current output (passive)
- Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Active barrier for power supply (e.g. RN221N)
- Analog display unit: observe maximum load
- Transmitter

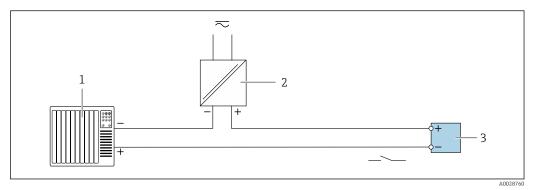
#### Pulse/frequency output



**■** 19 Connection example for pulse/frequency output (passive)

- Automation system with pulse/frequency input (e.g. PLC)
- Power supply
- *Transmitter: Observe input values →* 192

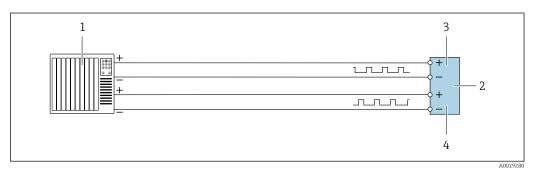
## Switch output



■ 20 Connection example for switch output (passive)

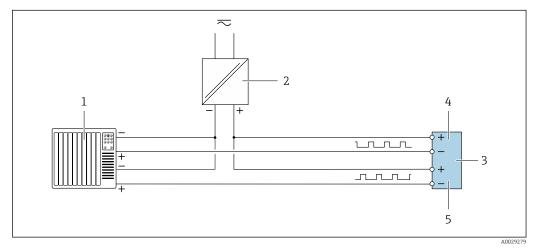
- 1 Automation system with switch input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- *3 Transmitter: Observe input values* → 🖺 192

#### Double pulse output



■ 21 Connection example for double pulse output (active)

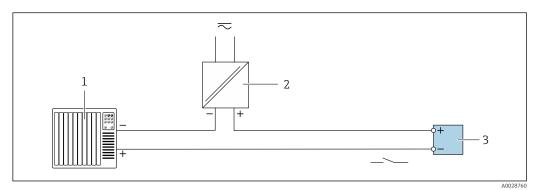
- 1 Automation system with double pulse input (e.g. PLC)
- 3 Double pulse output
- 4 Double pulse output (slave), phase-shifted



■ 22 Connection example for double pulse output (passive)

- 1 Automation system with double pulse input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- *3 Transmitter: Observe input values* → **193**
- 4 Double pulse output
- 5 Double pulse output (slave), phase-shifted

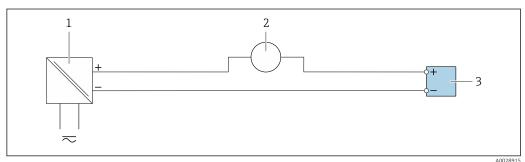
#### Relay output



■ 23 Connection example for relay output (passive)

- 1 Automation system with relay input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- 3 Transmitter: Observe input values → 🖺 194

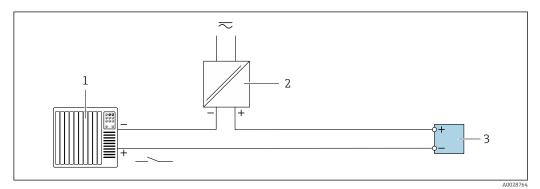
#### **Current input**



■ 24 Connection example for 4 to 20 mA current input

- 1 Power supply
- 2 External measuring device (for reading in pressure or temperature, for instance)
- 3 Transmitter: Observe input values

#### Status input



■ 25 Connection example for status input

- 1 Automation system with status output (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- 3 Transmitter: Observe input values

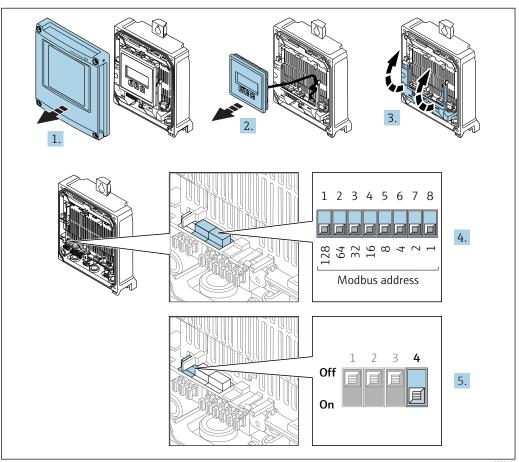
# 7.6 Hardware settings

# 7.6.1 Setting the device address

The device address must always be configured for a Modbus slave. The valid device addresses are in the range from 1 to 247. Each address may only be assigned once in a Modbus RS485 network. If an address is not configured correctly, the measuring device is not recognized by the Modbus master. All measuring devices are delivered from the factory with the device address 247 and with the "software addressing" address mode.

#### Proline 500 - digital transmitter

Hardware addressing



A0029

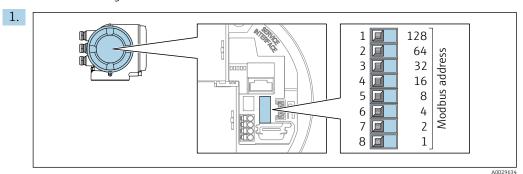
- 1. Open the housing cover.
- 2. Remove the display module.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Set the desired device address using the DIP switches.
- 5. To switch addressing from software addressing to hardware addressing: set the DIP switch to **On**.
  - ► The change of device address takes effect after 10 seconds.

#### Software addressing

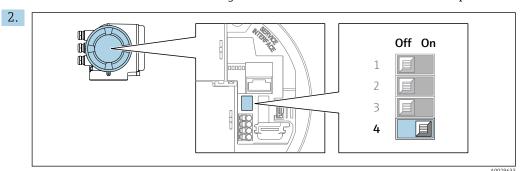
- ► To switch addressing from hardware addressing to software addressing: set the DIP switch to **Off**.
  - The device address configured in the **Device address** parameter takes effect after 10 seconds.

#### Proline 500 transmitter

Hardware addressing



Set the desired device address using the DIP switches in the connection compartment.



To switch addressing from software addressing to hardware addressing: set the DIP switch to  ${\bf On}$ .

► The change of device address takes effect after 10 seconds.

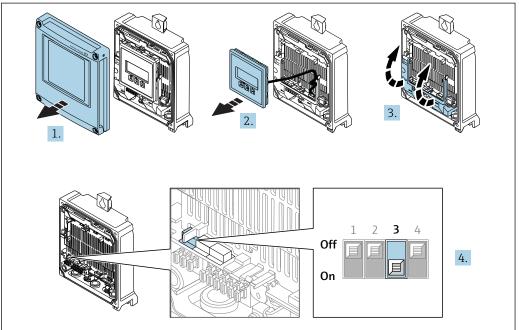
#### Software addressing

- ► To switch addressing from hardware addressing to software addressing: set the DIP switch to **Off**.
  - The device address configured in the **Device address** parameter takes effect after 10 seconds.

### 7.6.2 Enabling the terminating resistor

To avoid incorrect communication transmission caused by impedance mismatch, terminate the Modbus RS485 cable correctly at the start and end of the bus segment.

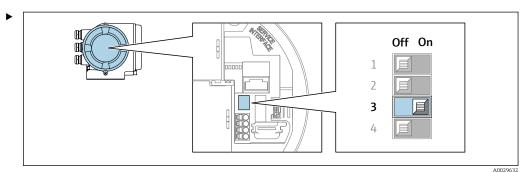
#### Proline 500 - digital transmitter



A0029675

- 1. Open the housing cover.
- 2. Remove the display module.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Switch DIP switch No. 3 to **On**.

#### Proline 500 transmitter



Switch DIP switch No. 3 to **On**.

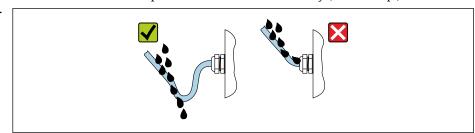
# 7.7 Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring device fulfills all the requirements for the IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly.
- 2. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 3. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.

5. To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry:
Route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



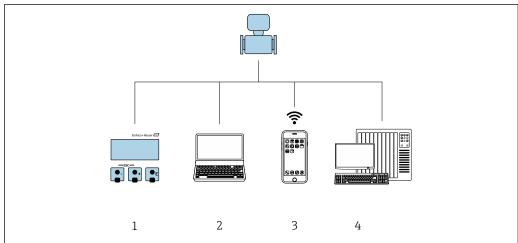
6. Insert dummy plugs into unused cable entries.

# 7.8 Post-connection check

Are cables or the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Do the cables used meet the requirements?	
Do the cables have adequate strain relief?	
Are all the cable glands installed, firmly tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	

# **8** Operation options

# 8.1 Overview of operation options



A003021

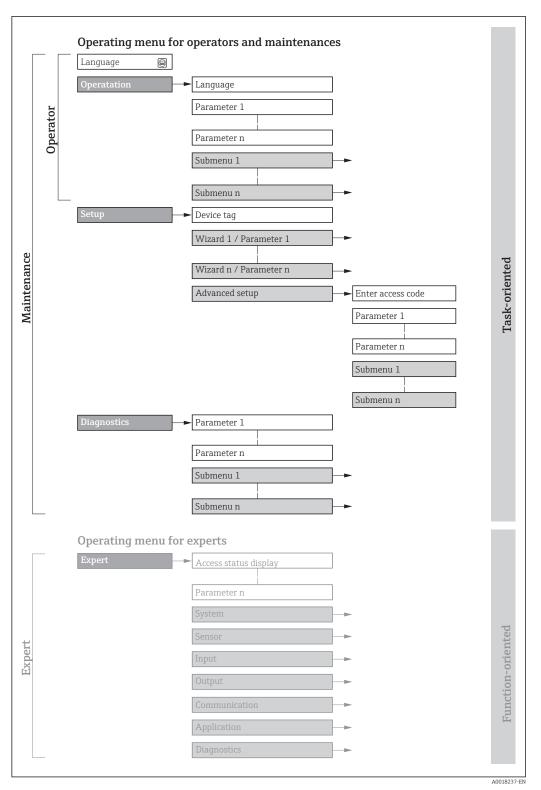
- 1 Local operation via display module
- 2 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- 3 Mobile handheld terminal
- 4 Control system (e.g. PLC)

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# 8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

# 8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

For an overview of the operating menu for experts: "Description of Device Parameters" document supplied with the device  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  216



 $\blacksquare$  26 Schematic structure of the operating menu

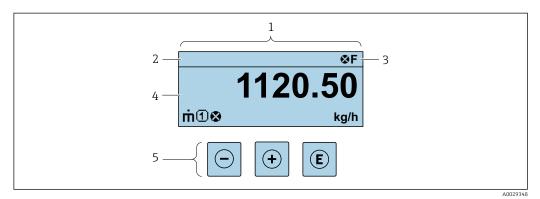
# 8.2.2 Operating philosophy

The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device lifecycle.

Menu/parameter		User role and tasks	Content/meaning			
Language	task-oriented	Role "Operator", "Maintenance" Tasks during operation: Configuring the operational	<ul> <li>Defining the operating language</li> <li>Defining the Web server operating language</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>			
Operation		display  Reading measured values	<ul> <li>Configuring the operational display (e.g. display format, display contrast)</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>			
Setup		"Maintenance" role Commissioning:  Configuration of the measurement Configuration of the inputs and outputs Configuration of the communication interface	Wizards for fast commissioning:  Set the system units  Configuration of the communication interface  Define the medium  Display I/O/configuration  Configure the inputs  Configure the outputs  Configuring the operational display  Define the output conditioning  Set the low flow cut off  Configure partial and empty pipe detection  Advanced setup  For more customized configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions)			
			<ul> <li>Configuration of totalizers</li> <li>Configure the WLAN settings</li> <li>Administration (define access code, reset measuring device)</li> </ul>			
Diagnostics		"Maintenance" role Fault elimination: Diagnostics and elimination of process and device errors Measured value simulation	Contains all parameters for error detection and analyzing process and device errors:  Diagnostic list Contains up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages.  Event logbook Contains event messages that have occurred.  Device information Contains information for identifying the device.  Measured values Contains all current measured values.  Data logging submenu with "Extended HistoROM" order option Storage and visualization of measured values  Heartbeat The functionality of the device is checked on demand and the verification results are documented.  Simulation Is used to simulate measured values or output values.			
Expert	function-oriented	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device:  Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions  Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions  Detailed configuration of the communication interface  Error diagnostics in difficult cases	Contains all the parameters of the device and makes it possible to access these parameters directly using an access code. The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device:  System Contains all higher-order device parameters which do not concern the measurement or the communication interface.  Sensor Configuration of the measurement.  Input Configuring the status input.  Output Configuring of the analog current outputs as well as the pulse/frequency and switch output.  Communication Configuration of the digital communication interface and the Web server.  Application Configure the functions that go beyond the actual measurement (e.g. totalizer).  Diagnostics Error detection and analysis of process and device errors and for device simulation and Heartbeat Technology.			

# 8.3 Access to the operating menu via the local display

### 8.3.1 Operational display



- 1 Operational display
- 2 Device tag
- 3 Status area
- 4 Display area for measured values (4-line)
- 5 *Operating elements* → 1 70

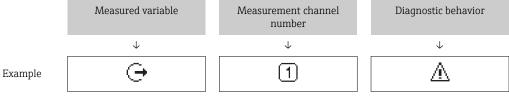
#### Status area

The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right:

- Status signals → 🗎 165
  - **F**: Failure
  - **C**: Function check
  - **S**: Out of specification
  - **M**: Maintenance required
- Diagnostic behavior → 🖺 166
  - 🗙: Alarm
  - <u>A</u>: Warning
- 🖆: Locking (the device is locked via the hardware )
- ←: Communication (communication via remote operation is active)

#### Display area

In the display area, each measured value is prefaced by certain symbol types for further description:



Appears only if a diagnostics event is present for this measured variable.

#### Measured values

Symbol	Meaning
ṁ	Mass flow
Ü	<ul><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>

ρ	<ul><li>Density</li><li>Reference density</li></ul>
4	Temperature
Σ	Totalizer  The measurement channel number indicates which of the three totalizers is displayed.
<b>(</b>	Output  The measurement channel number indicates which of the outputs is displayed.
€	Status input

#### Measurement channel numbers

Symbol	Meaning
14	Measurement channel 1 to 4

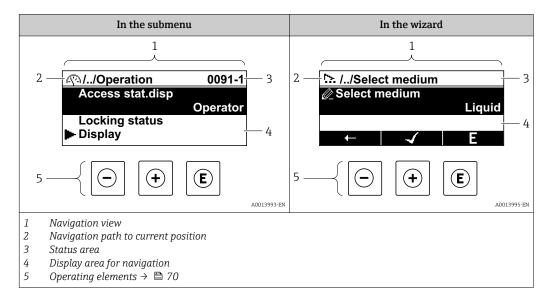
The measurement channel number is displayed only if more than one channel is present for the same measured variable type (e.g. Totalizer 1 to 3).

#### Diagnostic behavior

The diagnostic behavior pertains to a diagnostic event that is relevant to the displayed measured variable. For information on the symbols  $\Rightarrow riangleq 166$ 

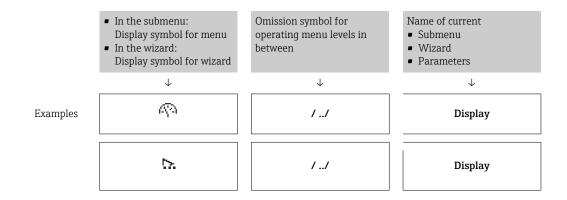
The number and display format of the measured values can be configured via the "Format display" parameter  $\rightarrow \triangleq 120$ . Operation  $\rightarrow$  Display  $\rightarrow$  Format display

### 8.3.2 Navigation view



#### Navigation path

The navigation path - displayed at the top left in the navigation view - consists of the following elements:



For more information about the icons in the menu, refer to the "Display area" section  $\Rightarrow \implies 67$ 

#### Status area

The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner:

- In the submenu
  - The direct access code for the parameter you are navigating to (e.g. 0022-1)
  - If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal
- In the wizard

If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal

- i

#### Display area

#### Menus

Symbol	Meaning
Ø	Operation Appears: In the menu next to the "Operation" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Operation menu
۶	Appears:  In the menu next to the "Setup" selection  At the left in the navigation path in the Setup menu
્ટ.	Diagnostics Appears: In the menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Diagnostics menu
₹.	Expert Appears: In the menu next to the "Expert" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Expert menu

Submenus, wizards, parameters

Symbol	Meaning
•	Submenu
5%	Wizard
	Parameters within a wizard  No display symbol exists for parameters in submenus.

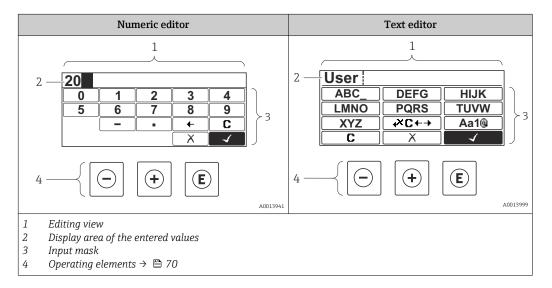
#### Locking

Symbol	Meaning
â	Parameter locked  When displayed in front of a parameter name, indicates that the parameter is locked.  ■ By a user-specific access code  ■ By the hardware write protection switch

#### Wizard operation

Symbol	Meaning
<del>-</del>	Switches to the previous parameter.
<b>√</b>	Confirms the parameter value and switches to the next parameter.
E	Opens the editing view of the parameter.

# 8.3.3 Editing view



#### Input mask

The following input symbols are available in the input mask of the numeric and text editor:

#### Numeric editor

Symbol	Meaning
0	Selection of numbers from 0 to 9.
9	
·	Inserts decimal separator at the input position.
_	Inserts minus sign at the input position.
4	Confirms selection.
+	Moves the input position one position to the left.

X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
С	Clears all entered characters.

#### Text editor

Symbol	Meaning
(Aa1@)	Toggle  Between upper-case and lower-case letters For entering numbers For entering special characters
ABC_  XYZ	Selection of letters from A to Z.
abc _  xyz	Selection of letters from a to z.
····^ ~&	Selection of special characters.
4	Confirms selection.
€×C←→	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
С	Clears all entered characters.

# 

Symbol	Meaning
C	Clears all entered characters.
<b>→</b>	Moves the input position one position to the right.
€	Moves the input position one position to the left.
**	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.

# 8.3.4 Operating elements

Key	Meaning
	Minus key
	In a menu, submenu Moves the selection bar upwards in a choose list.
	With a Wizard Confirms the parameter value and goes to the previous parameter.
	With a text and numeric editor In the input mask, moves the selection bar to the left (backwards).
	Plus key
	In a menu, submenu Moves the selection bar downwards in a choose list.
(+)	With a Wizard Confirms the parameter value and goes to the next parameter.
	With a text and numeric editor Moves the selection bar to the right (forwards) in an input screen.
	Enter key
	<ul> <li>For operational display</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly opens the operating menu.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s opens the context menu.</li> </ul>
E	<ul> <li>In a menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly: <ul> <li>Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter.</li> <li>Starts the wizard.</li> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s for parameter: <ul> <li>If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	With a Wizard Opens the editing view of the parameter.
	With a text and numeric editor  ■ Pressing the key briefly:  - Opens the selected group.  - Carries out the selected action.  ■ Pressing the key for 2 s confirms the edited parameter value.
	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)
<u></u> ++	<ul> <li>In a menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly:         <ul> <li>Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level.</li> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position").</li> </ul>
	With a Wizard Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level.
	With a text and numeric editor Closes the text or numeric editor without applying changes.
-+E	Minus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously) Reduces the contrast (brighter setting).
++E	Plus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously)
	Increases the contrast (darker setting).
	Minus/Plus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously)
-++E	For operational display Enables or disables the keypad lock (only SD02 display module).

# 8.3.5 Opening the context menu

Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{$ 

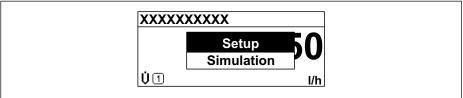
70

- Setup
- Data backup
- Simulation

#### Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

- 1. Press E for 2 s.
  - └ The context menu opens.



A0017421-E

- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ightharpoonup The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

#### Calling up the menu via the context menu

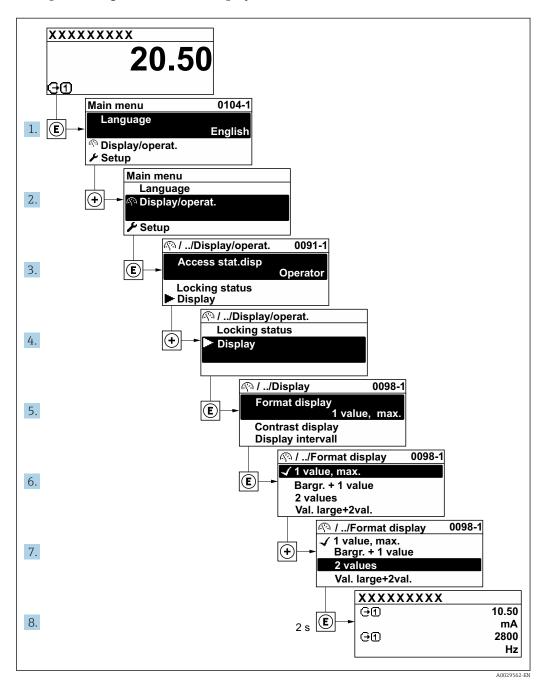
- 1. Open the context menu.
- 2. Press 🛨 to navigate to the desired menu.
- 3. Press **E** to confirm the selection.
  - ► The selected menu opens.

#### 8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list

Different operating elements are used to navigate through the operating menu. The navigation path is displayed on the left in the header. Icons are displayed in front of the individual menus. These icons are also shown in the header during navigation.

For an explanation of the navigation view with symbols and operating elements  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 66$ 

Example: Setting the number of displayed measured values to "2 values"



#### 8.3.7 Calling the parameter directly

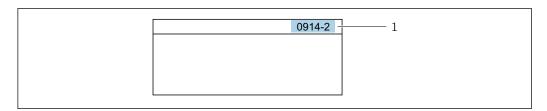
A parameter number is assigned to every parameter to be able to access a parameter directly via the onsite display. Entering this access code in the **Direct access** parameter calls up the desired parameter directly.

#### Navigation path

Expert → Direct access

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The direct access code consists of a 4-digit number and the channel number, which identifies the channel of a process variable: e.g. 0914-1. In the navigation view, this appears on the right-hand side in the header of the selected parameter.



1 Direct access code

Note the following when entering the direct access code:

- The leading zeros in the direct access code do not have to be entered. Example: Input of "914" instead of "0914"
- If no channel number is entered, channel 1 is jumped to automatically.
   Example: Enter 0914 → Assign process variable parameter
- If a different channel is jumped to: Enter the direct access code with the corresponding channel number.

Example: Enter **0914-2** → **Assign process variable** parameter

For the direct access codes of the individual parameters, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document for the device

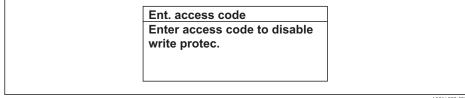
## 8.3.8 Calling up help text

Help text is available for some parameters and can be called up from the navigation view. The help text provides a brief explanation of the parameter function and thereby supports swift and safe commissioning.

#### Calling up and closing the help text

The user is in the navigation view and the selection bar is on a parameter.

- 1. Press E for 2 s.
  - ► The help text for the selected parameter opens.



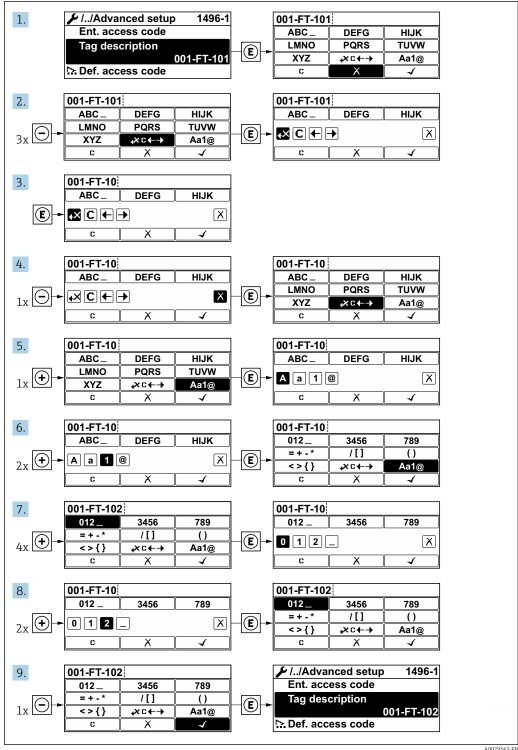
A0014002-EN

- 27 Example: Help text for parameter "Enter access code"
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The help text is closed.

#### 8.3.9 Changing the parameters

For a description of the editing display - consisting of text editor and numeric editor with symbols  $\rightarrow \triangleq 68$ , for a description of the operating elements  $\rightarrow \triangleq 70$ 

**Example:** Changing the tag name in the "Tag description" parameter from 001-FT-101 to 001-FT-102



A0029563-EN

A message is displayed if the value entered is outside the permitted value range.

74

Ent. access code
Invalid or out of range input
value
Min:0
Max:9999

A0014049-EN

## 8.3.10 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles "Operator" and "Maintenance" have different write access to the parameters if the customer defines a user-specific access code. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 143$ .

Access authorization to parameters: "Operator" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	V	V
After an access code has been defined.	V	1)

 Despite the defined access code, certain parameters can always be modified and thus are excepted from the write protection, as they do not affect the measurement. Refer to the "Write protection via access code" section

Access authorization to parameters: "Maintenance" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	V	V
After an access code has been defined.	V	✓ <sup>1)</sup>

- 1) If an incorrect access code is entered, the user obtains the access rights of the "Operator" user role.
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access status** parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status

## 8.3.11 Disabling write protection via access code

Parameter write protection via local operation can be disabled by entering the user-specific access code in the **Enter access code** parameter via the respective access option.

- 1. After you press  $\square$ , the input prompt for the access code appears.
- 2. Enter the access code.
  - The 🗈-symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously write-protected parameters are now re-enabled.

#### 8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

The keypad lock makes it possible to block access to the entire operating menu via local operation. As a result, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

## Local operation with touch control

The keypad lock is switched on and off via the context menu.

Switching on the keypad lock

The keypad lock is switched on automatically:

- Each time the device is restarted.
- If the device has not been operated for longer than one minute in the measured value display.
- 1. The device is in the measured value display. Press © for at least 2 seconds.
  - ► A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu, select the **Keylock on** option.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched on.
- If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the message **Keylock on** appears.

Switching off the keypad lock

- 1. The keypad lock is switched on. Press © for at least 2 seconds.
  - ► A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu, select the **Keylock off** option.
  - The keypad lock is switched off.

## 8.4 Access to the operating menu via the Web browser

## 8.4.1 Function range

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45) or a WLAN interface. The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the measuring device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured. The WLAN connection requires a device that acts as an access point to enable communication via a computer or mobile handheld terminal.

## 8.4.2 Prerequisites

Computer hardware

Hardware	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Interface	The computer must have an RJ45 interface.	The operating unit must have a WLAN interface.
Connection	Standard Ethernet cable with RJ45 connector.	Connection via Wireless LAN.
Screen	Recommended size: ≥12" (depends on the screen resolution)	

## Computer software

Software	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Recommended operating systems	<ul> <li>Microsoft Windows 7 or higher.</li> <li>Mobile operating systems:         <ul> <li>iOS</li> <li>Android</li> </ul> </li> <li>Microsoft Windows XP is supported.</li> </ul>	
Web browsers supported	<ul> <li>Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 or higher</li> <li>Microsoft Edge</li> <li>Mozilla Firefox</li> <li>Google Chrome</li> <li>Safari</li> </ul>	

## $Computer\ settings$

Settings	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
User rights	Appropriate user rights (e.g. administrator rights) for TCP/IP and proxy server settings are necessary (for adjusting the IP address, subnet mask etc.).	
Proxy server settings of the Web browser	The Web browser setting <i>Use a Proxy Server for Your LAN</i> must be <b>deselected</b> .	
JavaScript	JavaScript must be enabled.	
	If JavaScript cannot be enabled: enter http://192.168.1.212/basic.html in the address line of the Web browser. A fully functional but simplified version of the operating menu structure starts in the Web browser.  When installing a new firmware version: To enable correct data display, clear the temporary memory (cache) of the Web browser under Internet options.	
Network connections	Only the active network connections to the measuring device should be used.	
	Switch off all other network connections such as WLAN.	Switch off all other network connections.



## Measuring device

Device	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Measuring device	The measuring device has an RJ45 interface.  The measuring device has a W antenna:  Transmitter with integrated antenna  Transmitter with external W antenna	
Web server	Web server must be enabled; factory setting: ON  For information on enabling the Web server →   81	Web server and WLAN must be enabled; factory setting: ON  For information on enabling the Web server → ■ 81

## 8.4.3 Establishing a connection

#### Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

*Configuring the Internet protocol of the computer* 

The following information refers to the default Ethernet settings of the device.

IP address of the device: 192.168.1.212 (factory setting)

- 1. Switch on the measuring device.
- 2. Connect to the computer using a cable  $\rightarrow \triangleq 82$ .
- 3. If a 2nd network card is not used, close all the applications on the notebook.
  - Applications requiring Internet or a network, such as e-mail, SAP applications, Internet or Windows Explorer.
- 4. Close any open Internet browsers.
- 5. Configure the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) as defined in the table:

IP address	192.168.1.XXX; for XXX all numerical sequences except: 0, 212 and 255 $\rightarrow$ e.g. 192.168.1.213
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.1.212 or leave cells empty

#### Via WLAN interface

Configuring the Internet protocol of the operating unit

#### NOTICE

If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

▶ Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

#### **NOTICE**

In principle, avoid simultaneous access to the measuring device via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface from the same operating unit. This could cause a network conflict.

- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 service interface or WLAN interface).
- ▶ If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

#### Preparation

► Enable WLAN reception on the operating unit.

#### Establishing a connection

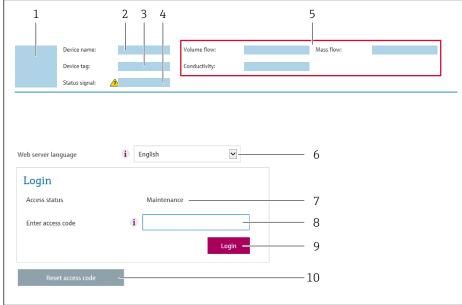
- 1. Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH\_Promass\_500\_A802000).
- 2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
- 3. Enter the password: serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
  - LED on display module flashes: it is now possible to operate the measuring device with the Web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.
- 🚹 The serial number can be found on the nameplate.

#### Disconnecting

► Once the configuration is completed, disconnect the WLAN connection between the operating unit and the measuring device.

## Starting the Web browser

- 1. Start the Web browser on the computer.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Web server in the address line of the Web browser: 192.168.1.212
  - ► The login page appears.



A00294

- 1 Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Operating language
- 7 User role
- 8 Access code
- 9 Login
- 10 Reset access code (→ 🖺 139)
- If a login page does not appear, or if the page is incomplete  $\rightarrow \triangleq 160$

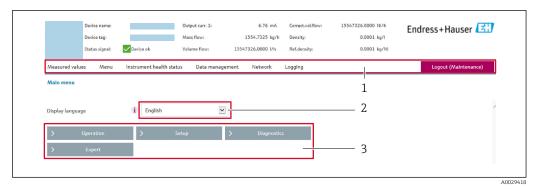
## 8.4.4 Logging on

- 1. Select the preferred operating language for the Web browser.
- 2. Enter the user-specific access code.
- 3. Press **OK** to confirm your entry.

Access code 0000 (factory setting); can be changed by customer

If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.

## 8.4.5 User interface



- 1 Function row
- 2 Operating language
- 3 Navigation area

#### Header

The following information appears in the header:

- Device tag
- Device status with status signal → 🗎 168
- Current measured values

#### **Function row**

Functions	Meaning
Measured values	Displays the measured values of the measuring device
Menu	<ul> <li>Access to the operating menu from the measuring device</li> <li>The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display</li> <li>For detailed information on the structure of the operating menu, see the Operating Instructions for the measuring device</li> </ul>
Device status	Displays the diagnostic messages currently pending, listed in order of priority
Data management	■ Data exchange between PC and measuring device:  - Load the configuration from the measuring device (XML format, save configuration)  - Save the configuration to the measuring device (XML format, restore configuration)  - Export the event list (.csv file)  - Export parameter settings (.csv file, create documentation of the measuring point configuration)  - Export the Heartbeat verification log (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)  ■ Flashing a firmware version
Network configuration	Configuration and checking of all the parameters required for establishing the connection to the measuring device:  Network settings (e.g. IP address, MAC address)  Device information (e.g. serial number, firmware version)
Logout	End the operation and call up the login page

## Navigation area

If a function is selected in the function bar, the submenus of the function open in the navigation area. The user can now navigate through the menu structure.

## Working area

Depending on the selected function and the related submenus, various actions can be performed in this area:

- Configuring parameters
- Reading measured values
- Calling up help text
- Starting an upload/download

## 8.4.6 Disabling the Web server

The Web server of the measuring device can be switched on and off as required using the **Web server functionality** parameter.

## **Navigation**

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Web server

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Web server functionality	Switch the Web server on and off.	Off On	On

#### Function scope of the "Web server functionality" parameter

Option	Description
Off	<ul><li>The web server is completely disabled.</li><li>Port 80 is locked.</li></ul>
On	<ul> <li>The complete functionality of the web server is available.</li> <li>JavaScript is used.</li> <li>The password is transferred in an encrypted state.</li> <li>Any change to the password is also transferred in an encrypted state.</li> </ul>

#### Enabling the Web server

If the Web server is disabled it can only be re-enabled with the **Web server functionality** parameter via the following operating options:

- Via local display
- Via Bedientool "FieldCare"
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool

## 8.4.7 Logging out

- Before logging out, perform a data backup via the **Data management** function (upload configuration from device) if necessary.
- 1. Select the **Logout** entry in the function row.
  - ► The home page with the Login box appears.
- 2. Close the Web browser.

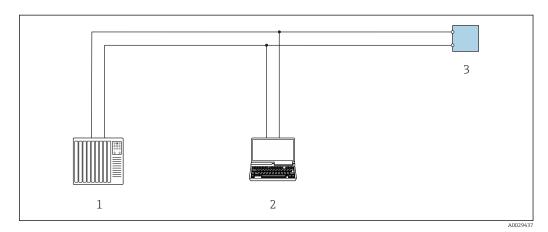
# 8.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

The structure of the operating menu in the operating tools is the same as for operation via the local display.

## 8.5.1 Connecting the operating tool

#### Via Modbus RS485 protocol

This communication interface is available in device versions with a Modbus-RS485 output.



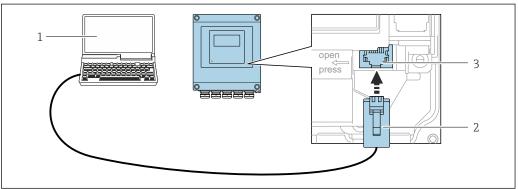
■ 28 Options for remote operation via Modbus-RS485 protocol (active)

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP" or Modbus DTM
- 3 Transmitter

#### Service interface

Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

Proline 500 - digital transmitter



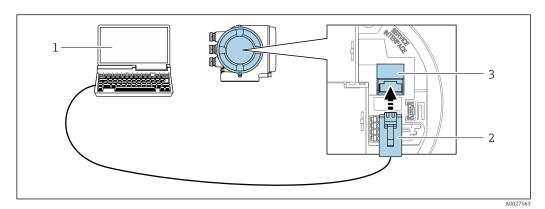
A0029163

#### 29 Connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

- 1 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP" or Modbus DTM
- 2 Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 connector
- ${\it 3} \quad {\it Service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server}$

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#### Proline 500 transmitter

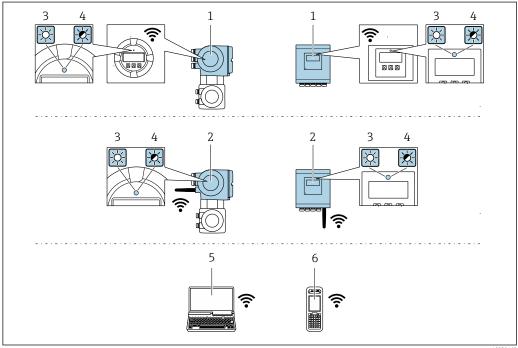


■ 30 Connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

- Computer with Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP" or Modbus DTM
- 2 Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 connector
- 3 Service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server

## Via WLAN interface

The optional WLAN interface is available on the following device version: Order code for "Display; operation", option  $\bf G$  "4-line, backlit, graphic display; touch control + WLAN"



A0029165

- 1 Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna
- 2 Transmitter with external WLAN antenna
- 3 LED lit constantly: WLAN reception is enabled on measuring device
- 4 LED flashing: WLAN connection established between operating unit and measuring device
- 5 Computer with WLAN interface and Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- 6 Mobile handheld terminal with WLAN interface and Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)

Wireless LAN	IEEE 802.11 b/g (2.4 GHz) WLAN	
Encryption	WPA2 PSK/TKIP AES-128	
Configurable channels	1 to 11	
Function	Access point with DHCP	
Range with integrated antenna	Max. 10 m (32 ft)	
Range with external antenna	Max. 50 m (164 ft)	

Configuring the Internet protocol of the operating unit

## NOTICE

If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

▶ Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

#### NOTICE

In principle, avoid simultaneous access to the measuring device via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface from the same operating unit. This could cause a network conflict.

- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 service interface or WLAN interface).
- ▶ If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

#### Preparation

▶ Enable WLAN reception on the operating unit.

#### Establishing a connection

- 1. Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH Promass 500 A802000).
- 2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
- 3. Enter the password: serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
  - LED on display module flashes: it is now possible to operate the measuring device with the Web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.
- The serial number can be found on the nameplate.

## Disconnecting

► Once the configuration is completed, disconnect the WLAN connection between the operating unit and the measuring device.

#### 8.5.2 FieldCare

## **Function scope**

FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field devices in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

#### Access is via:

- CDI-RJ45 service interface → 🖺 82
- WLAN interface → 🖺 83

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## Typical functions:

- Configuring parameters of transmitters
- Loading and saving device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook



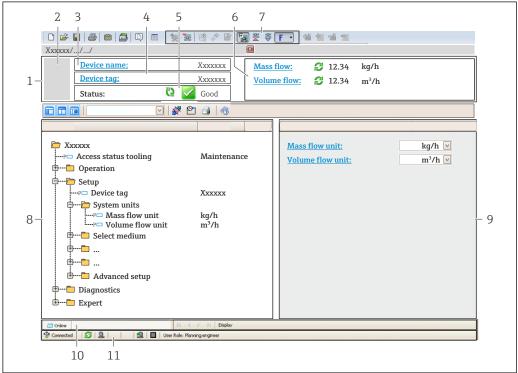
#### Source for device description files

See information  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  87

#### Establishing a connection

For additional information, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

#### User interface



- 1 Header
- 2 Picture of device
- 3 Device name
- Tag name
- 5 Status area with status signal → 🖺 168
- Display area for current measured values
- Edit toolbar with additional functions such as save/restore, event list and create documentation
- Navigation area with operating menu structure 8
- Working area
- 10 Range of action
- Status area

#### 8.5.3 DeviceCare

#### **Function scope**

Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.



For details, see Innovation Brochure IN01047S

## Source for device description files

See information  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  87

# 9 System integration

# 9.1 Overview of device description files

#### 9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	01.00.zz	<ul> <li>On the title page of the Operating instructions</li> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Firmware version         Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version     </li> </ul>
Release date of firmware version	08.2016	

## 9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool via service interface (CDI) or Modbus interface	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Download Area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
DeviceCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Download Area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>

# 9.2 Compatibility with earlier model

If the device is replaced, the measuring device Promass 500 supports the compatibility of the Modbus registers for the process variables and the diagnostic information with previous models Promass 83. It is not necessary to change the engineering parameters in the automation system.

Compatible Modbus registers: process variables

Process variable	Compatible Modbus registers
Mass flow	2007
Volume flow	2009
Corrected volume flow	2011
Density	2013
Reference density	2015
Temperature	2017
Totalizer 1	2610
Totalizer 2	2810
Totalizer 3	3010

## Compatible Modbus registers: diagnostic information

Diagnostic information	Compatible Modbus registers	
Diagnostic code (data type: String), e.g. F270	6821	
Diagnostic number (data type: Integer), e.g. 270	6859	

## 9.3 Modbus RS485 information

## 9.3.1 Function codes

Function codes are used to define which read or write action is carried out via the Modbus protocol. The measuring device supports the following function codes:

Code	Name	Description	Application
03	Read holding register	Master reads one or more Modbus registers from the device.  A maximum of 125 consecutive registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 register = 2 bytes  The measuring device does not make a distinction between function codes 03 and 04; these codes therefore yield the same result.	Read device parameters with read and write access Example: Read mass flow
04	Read input register	Master reads one or more Modbus registers from the device. A maximum of 125 consecutive registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 register = 2 bytes  The measuring device does not make a distinction between function codes 03 and 04; these codes therefore yield the same result.	Read device parameters with read access Example: Read totalizer value
06	Write single registers	Master writes a new value to <b>one</b> Modbus register of the measuring device.  Use function code 16 to write multiple registers with just 1 telegram.	Write only 1 device parameter Example: reset totalizer
08	Diagnostics	Master checks the communication connection to the measuring device.  The following "Diagnostics codes" are supported: ■ Sub-function 00 = Return query data (loopback test) ■ Sub-function 02 = Return diagnostics register	

Code	Name	Description	Application
16	Write multiple registers	Master writes a new value to multiple Modbus registers of the device. A maximum of 120 consecutive registers can be written with 1 telegram.	Write multiple device parameters  Example:  Mass flow unit  Mass unit
		If the required device parameters are not available as a group, yet must nevertheless be addressed with a single telegram, use Modbus data map → 🖺 89	
23	Read/Write multiple registers	Master reads and writes a maximum of 118 Modbus registers of the measuring device simultaneously with 1 telegram. Write access is executed <b>before</b> read access.	Write and read multiple device parameters  Example:  Read mass flow  Reset totalizer

Broadcast messages are only allowed with function codes 06, 16 and 23.

#### 9.3.2 Register information



For an overview of device parameters with their respective Modbus register information, please refer to the "Modbus RS485 register information" section in the 

#### 9.3.3 Response time

Response time of the measuring device to the request telegram of the Modbus master: typically 3 to 5 ms

#### 9.3.4 Modbus data map

#### Function of the Modbus data map

The device offers a special memory area, the Modbus data map (for a maximum of 16 device parameters), to allow users to call up multiple device parameters via Modbus RS485 and not only individual device parameters or a group of consecutive device parameters.

Grouping of device parameters is flexible and the Modbus master can read or write to the entire data block simultaneously with a single request telegram.

#### Structure of the Modbus data map

The Modbus data map consists of two data sets:

- Scan list: Configuration area The device parameters to be grouped are defined in a list in that their Modbus RS485 register addresses are entered in the list.
- Data area The measuring device reads out the register addresses entered in the scan list cyclically and writes the associated device data (values) to the data area.
- For an overview of device parameters with their respective Modbus register information, please refer to the "Modbus RS485 register information" section in the

## Scan list configuration

For configuration, the Modbus RS485 register addresses of the device parameters to be grouped must be entered in the scan list. Please note the following basic requirements of the scan list:

Max. entries	16 device parameters
Supported device parameters	Only parameters with the following characteristics are supported:  Access type: read or write access  Data type: float or integer

Configuring the scan list via FieldCare or DeviceCare

Carried out using the operating menu of the measuring device: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Modbus data map  $\rightarrow$  Scan list register 0 to 15

Scan list	
No.	Configuration register
0	Scan list register 0
15	Scan list register 15

Configuring the scan list via Modbus RS485

Carried out using register addresses 5001 - 5016

Scan list			
No.	Modbus RS485 register	Data type	Configuration register
0	5001	Integer	Scan list register 0
		Integer	
15	5016	Integer	Scan list register 15

## Reading out data via Modbus RS485

The Modbus master accesses the data area of the Modbus data map to read out the current values of the device parameters defined in the scan list.

Master access to data area	Via register addresses 5051-5081
----------------------------	----------------------------------

Data area			
Device parameter value	Modbus RS485 register	Data type*	Access**
Value of scan list register 0	5051	Integer/float	Read/write
Value of scan list register 1	5053	Integer/float	Read/write
Value of scan list register			
Value of scan list register 15	5081	Integer/float	Read/write

<sup>\*</sup> Data type depends on the device parameters entered in the scan list.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data access depends on the device parameters entered in the scan list. If the device parameter entered supports read and write access, the parameter can also be accessed via the data area.

# 10 Commissioning

## 10.1 Function check

Before commissioning the measuring device:

- ▶ Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed.
- "Post-installation check" checklist → 🖺 35
- "Post-connection check" checklist → 🗎 61

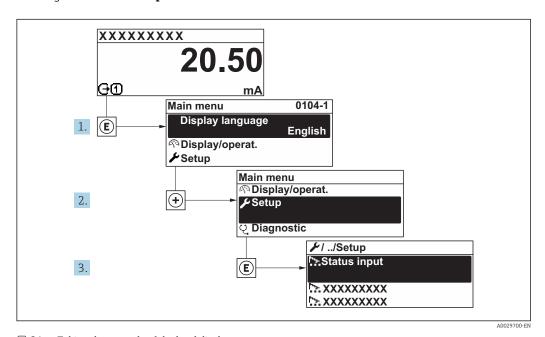
## 10.2 Setting the operating language

Factory setting: English or ordered local language

The operating language can be set in FieldCare or DeviceCare: Operation  $\rightarrow$  Display language

## 10.3 Configuring the measuring device

- The Setup menuwith its guided wizards contains all the parameters needed for standard operation.
- Navigation to the **Setup** menu



 $\blacksquare$  31 Taking the example of the local display

Depending on the device version, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. The selection can vary depending on the order code.

 ▶ Setup

 Device tag

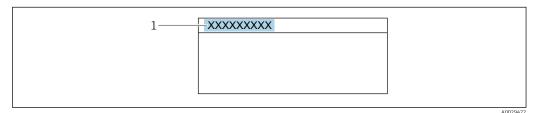
 ▶ System units

 ⇒ 93

► Communication	→ 🖺 94
► Medium selection	→ 🖺 96
► I/O configuration	→ 🖺 97
► Current input 1 to n	→ 🖺 98
► Status input 1 to n	→ 🖺 99
► Current output 1 to n	→ 🖺 100
► Pulse/frequency/switch output 1 to n	→ 🖺 105
► Relay output 1 to n	→ 🖺 117
► Double pulse output	→ 🖺 119
► Display	→ 🖺 120
► Low flow cut off	→ 🖺 124
▶ Partially filled pipe detection	→ 🖺 125
► Advanced setup	→ 🖺 126

## 10.3.1 Defining the tag name

To enable fast identification of the measuring point within the system, you can enter a unique designation using the **Device tag** parameter and thus change the factory setting.



■ 32 Header of the operational display with tag name

1 Tag name

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device tag

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry	Factory setting
Device tag	Enter the name for the measuring point.	Max. 32 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Promass

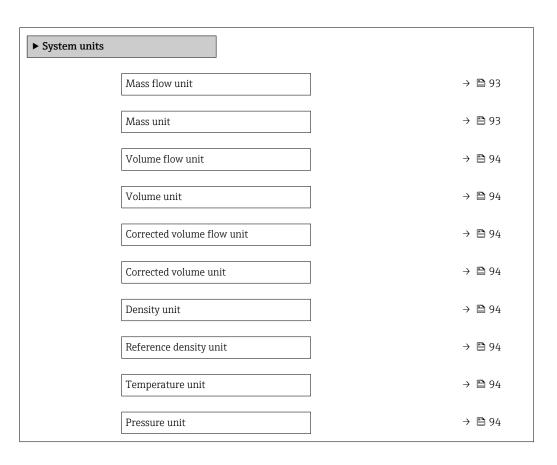
## 10.3.2 Setting the system units

In the **System units** submenu the units of all the measured values can be set.

Depending on the device version, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. The selection can vary depending on the order code.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  System units



#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Mass flow unit	Select mass flow unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/h  • lb/min
Mass unit	Select mass unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg • lb

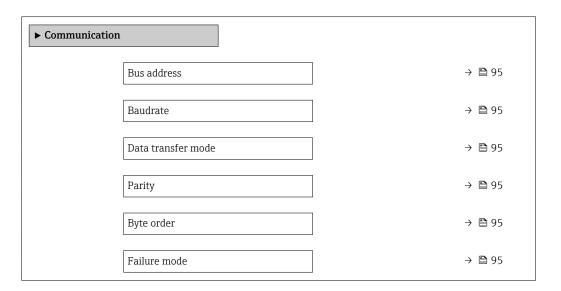
Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Volume flow unit	Select volume flow unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  l/h gal/min (us)
Volume unit	Select volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  1 (DN > 150 (6"): m³)  gal (us)
Corrected volume flow unit	Select corrected volume flow unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Corrected volume flow parameter $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Unit choose list	Country-specific: NI/h Sft³/min
Corrected volume unit	Select corrected volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: NI Sft³
Density unit	Select density unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Output Simulation process variable Density adjustment (Expert menu)	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/l • lb/ft³
Reference density unit	Select reference density unit.	Unit choose list	Country-dependent • kg/Nl • lb/Sft <sup>3</sup>
Temperature unit	Select temperature unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Electronic temperature parameter (6053)  Maximum value parameter (6051)  Minimum value parameter (6052)  External temperature parameter (6080)  Maximum value parameter (6108)  Minimum value parameter (6109)  Carrier pipe temperature parameter (6027)  Maximum value parameter (6030)  Maximum value parameter (6030)  Reference temperature parameter (1816)  Temperature parameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific:
Pressure unit	Select process pressure unit.  Result  The unit is taken from:  • Pressure value parameter (→ 🖺 97)  • External pressure parameter (→ 🖺 97)  • Pressure value	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • bar a  • psi a

# 10.3.3 Configuring the communication interface

The **Communication** submenu guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be configured for selecting and setting the communication interface.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu → Communication



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry / Selection	Factory setting
Bus address	Enter device address.	1 to 247	247
Baudrate	Define data transfer speed.	<ul> <li>1200 BAUD</li> <li>2400 BAUD</li> <li>4800 BAUD</li> <li>9600 BAUD</li> <li>19200 BAUD</li> <li>38400 BAUD</li> <li>57600 BAUD</li> <li>115200 BAUD</li> </ul>	19200 BAUD
Data transfer mode	Select data transfer mode.	• ASCII • RTU	RTU
Parity	Select parity bits.	Picklist ASCII option:  • 0 = Even option  • 1 = Odd option  Picklist RTU option:  • 0 = Even option  • 1 = Odd option  • 2 = None / 1 stop bit option  • 3 = None / 2 stop bits option	Even
Byte order	Select byte transmission sequence.	■ 0-1-2-3 ■ 3-2-1-0 ■ 1-0-3-2 ■ 2-3-0-1	1-0-3-2
Failure mode	Select measured value output behavior when a diagnostic message occurs via Modbus communication.  NaN <sup>1)</sup>	<ul><li>NaN value</li><li>Last valid value</li></ul>	NaN value

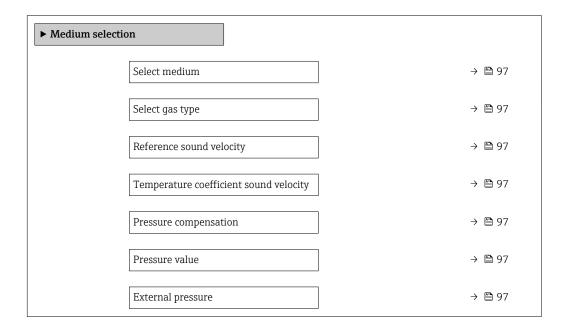
1) Not a Number

## 10.3.4 Selecting and setting the medium

The **Select medium** wizard submenu contains parameters that must be configured in order to select and set the medium.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Select medium



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Select medium	-	Select medium type.	<ul><li>Liquid</li><li>Gas</li></ul>	Liquid
Select gas type	The <b>Gas</b> option is selected in the <b>Select medium</b> parameter.	Select measured gas type.	<ul> <li>Air</li> <li>Ammonia NH3</li> <li>Argon Ar</li> <li>Sulfur hexafluoride SF6</li> <li>Oxygen O2</li> <li>Ozone O3</li> <li>Nitrogen oxide NOx</li> <li>Nitrogen N2</li> <li>Nitrogen N2</li> <li>Nitrous oxide N2O</li> <li>Methane CH4</li> <li>Hydrogen H2</li> <li>Helium He</li> <li>Hydrogen chloride HCI</li> <li>Hydrogen sulfide H2S</li> <li>Ethylene C2H4</li> <li>Carbon dioxide CO2</li> <li>Carbon monoxide CO</li> <li>Chlorine CI2</li> <li>Butane C4H1O</li> <li>Propane C3H8</li> <li>Propylene C3H6</li> <li>Ethane C2H6</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>	Methane CH4
Reference sound velocity	In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter, the <b>Others</b> option is selected.	Enter sound velocity of gas at 0 °C (32 °F).	1 to 99 999.9999 m/s	415.0 m/s
Temperature coefficient sound velocity	The <b>Others</b> option is selected in the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter.	Enter temperature coefficient for the gas sound velocity.	Positive floating- point number	0 (m/s)/K
Pressure compensation	-	Select pressure compensation type.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>External value</li> <li>Current input 1*</li> <li>Current input 2*</li> <li>Current input 3*</li> </ul>	Off
Pressure value	The <b>Fixed value</b> option is selected in the <b>Pressure compensation</b> parameter.	Enter process pressure to be used for pressure correction.	Positive floating- point number	0 bar
External pressure	The External value option is selected in the Pressure compensation parameter.	Shows the external process pressure value.	Positive floating- point number	0 bar

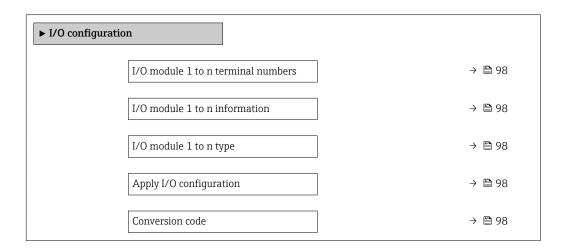
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.3.5 Displaying the I/O configuration

The I/O configuration submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters in which the configuration of the I/O modules is displayed.

## **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  I/O configuration



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
I/O module 1 to n terminal numbers	Shows the terminal numbers used by the I/O module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>26-27 (I/O 1)</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
I/O module 1 to n information	Shows information of the plugged I/O module.	<ul><li>Not plugged</li><li>Invalid</li><li>Not configurable</li><li>Configurable</li><li>Fieldbus</li></ul>	-
I/O module 1 to n type	Shows the I/O module type.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Current output*</li> <li>Current input*</li> <li>Status input*</li> <li>Pulse/frequency/switch output*</li> </ul>	Off
Apply I/O configuration	Apply parameterization of the freely configurable I/O module.	No Yes	No
Conversion code	Enter the code in order to change the I/O configuration.	Positive integer	0

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.3.6 Configuring the current input

The **"Current input" wizard** guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the current input.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Current input

► Current input 1 to n

Terminal number → 🖺 99

Signal mode	→ 🖺 99
0/4 mA value	→ 🖺 99
20 mA value	→ 🖺 99
Current span	→ 🖺 99
Failure mode	→ 🖺 99
Failure value	→ 🖺 99

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the current input module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	The measuring device is <b>not</b> approved for use in the hazardous area with type of protection Ex-i.	Select the signal mode for the current input.	Passive Active	Passive
0/4 mA value	-	Enter 4 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	0
20 mA value	-	Enter 20 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Current span	-	Select current range for process value output and upper/lower level for alarm signal.	<ul> <li>420 mA</li> <li>420 mA NAMUR</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>020 mA</li> </ul>	Country-specific: 420 mA NAMUR 420 mA US
Failure mode	-	Define input behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Last valid value</li><li>Defined value</li></ul>	Alarm
Failure value	In the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter, the <b>Defined value</b> option is selected.	Enter value to be used by the device if input value from external device is missing.	Signed floating-point number	0

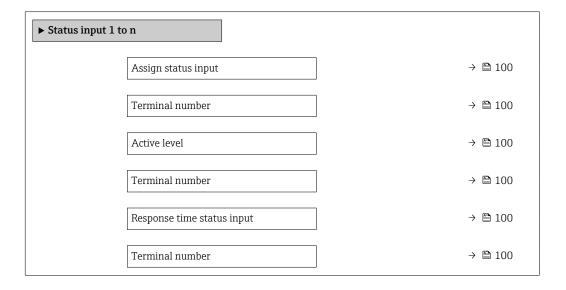
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.3.7 Configuring the status input

The **Status input** submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the status input.

## **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Status input



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Terminal number	Shows the terminal numbers used by the status input module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Assign status input	Select function for the status input.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Reset totalizer 1</li> <li>Reset totalizer 2</li> <li>Reset totalizer 3</li> <li>Reset all totalizers</li> <li>Flow override</li> </ul>	Off
Active level	Define input signal level at which the assigned function is triggered.	■ High ■ Low	High
Response time status input	Define the minimum amount of time the input signal level must be present before the selected function is triggered.	5 to 200 ms	50 ms

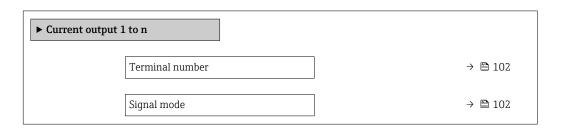
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.3.8 Configuring the current output

The **Current output** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the current output.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Current output



100

Assign current output 1 to n	→ 🖺 102
Current span	→ 🖺 102
0/4 mA value	→ 🖺 103
20 mA value	→ 🖺 103
Fixed current	→ 🖺 103
Failure mode	→ 🖺 104
Failure current	→ 🖺 104

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Assign current output 1 to n		Select process variable for current output.	Off     Mass flow     Volume flow     Corrected volume flow     Target mass flow*     Density     Reference density     Concentration*     Dynamic viscosity*     Kinematic viscosity*     Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity*     Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity*     Temperature     Carrier pipe temperature     Carrier pipe temperature     Oscillation frequency 0     Oscillation frequency 1     Oscillation amplitude 0*     Oscillation amplitude 1*     Frequency fluctuation 0     Frequency fluctuation 1     Oscillation damping 0     Oscillation damping 1     Oscillation damping 1     Oscillation damping 1     Signal asymmetry     Exciter current 0     Exciter current 0     Exciter current 0     Exciter current 1*     HBSI*	Mass flow
Terminal number	_	Shows the terminal numbers used by the current output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	_
Current span	-	Select current range for process value output and upper/lower level for alarm signal.	<ul> <li>420 mA NAMUR</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>420 mA</li> <li>020 mA</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul>	Country-specific:  420 mA NAMUR  420 mA US
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the current output.	Passive Active	Passive

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
0/4 mA value	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ 🗎 102):  • 420 mA NAMUR  • 420 mA US  • 420 mA  • 020 mA	Enter 4 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
20 mA value	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ 🖺 102):  • 420 mA NAMUR  • 420 mA US  • 420 mA  • 020 mA	Enter 20 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Fixed current	In the <b>Current span</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Defines the fixed output current.	0 to 22.5 mA	22.5 mA

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Failure mode	One of the following options is selected in the Assign current output parameter (→ ■ 102):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow*  Carrier mass flow*  Density  Reference density  Concentration*  Dynamic viscosity*  Kinematic viscosity*  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity*  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity*  Temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Oscillation frequency 0  Oscillation frequency 1  Oscillation amplitude 0  Oscillation amplitude 1  Frequency fluctuation 0  Frequency fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping 0  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Signal asymmetry  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 1  HBSI*  One of the following options is selected in the Current span parameter (→ ■ 102):  420 mA NAMUR  420 mA  020 mA	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	Min. Max. Last valid value Actual value Defined value	Max.
Failure current	In the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter, the <b>Defined value</b> option is selected.	Enter current output value in alarm condition.	0 to 22.5 mA	22.5 mA

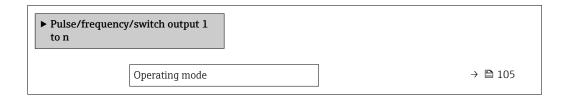
Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.3.9 Configuring the pulse/frequency/switch output

The **Pulse/frequency/switch output** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can be set for configuring the selected output type.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Pulse/frequency/switch output



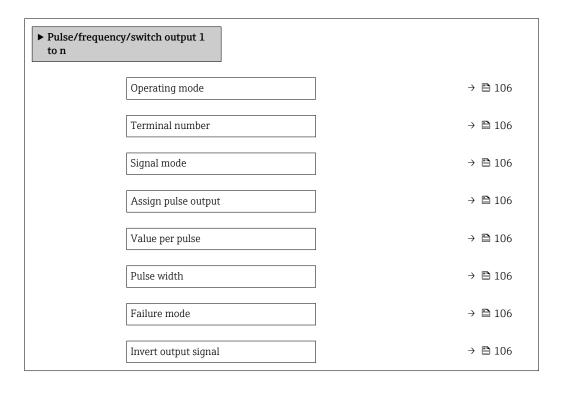
## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Operating mode	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse

## Configuring the pulse output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the PFS output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the PFS output.	<ul><li>Passive</li><li>Active</li></ul>	Passive
Assign pulse output 1 to n	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected.	Select process variable for pulse output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Target mass flow*</li> <li>Carrier mass flow*</li> </ul>	Off
Value per pulse	In the Operating mode parameter, the Pulse option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign pulse output parameter (→ 🖺 106):  Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow Carrier mass flow Carrier mass flow	Enter measured value at which a pulse is output.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Pulse width	In the Operating mode parameter, the Pulse option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign pulse output parameter (→   ■ 106):  ■ Mass flow  ■ Volume flow  ■ Corrected volume flow  ■ Target mass flow  ■ Carrier mass flow  *	Define time width of the output pulse.	0.05 to 2 000 ms	100 ms
Failure mode	In the Operating mode parameter, the Pulse option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign pulse output parameter (→ 🗎 106):  Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow Carrier mass flow Carrier mass flow	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>No pulses</li></ul>	No pulses
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	No

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

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## Configuring the frequency output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output

➤ Pulse/frequent to n	cy/switch output 1	
	Operating mode	→ 🖺 107
	Terminal number	→ 🖺 107
	Signal mode	→ 🖺 107
	Assign frequency output	→ 🖺 108
	Minimum frequency value	→ 🖺 109
	Maximum frequency value	→ 🖺 110
	Measuring value at minimum frequency	→ 🗎 111
	Measuring value at maximum frequency	→ 🖺 112
	Failure mode	→ 🖺 113
	Failure frequency	→ 🖺 114
	Invert output signal	→ 🖺 114

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the PFS output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	_	Select the signal mode for the PFS output.	<ul><li>Passive</li><li>Active</li></ul>	Passive

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Assign frequency output	In the Operating mode parameter (→ 🗎 105), the Frequency option is selected.	Select process variable for frequency output.	■ Off ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Target mass flow * ■ Carrier mass flow * ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Concentration * ■ Dynamic viscosity * ■ Kinematic viscosity * ■ Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity * ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity * ■ Tempensated dynamic viscosity * ■ Tempensated kinematic viscosity * ■ Temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature * ■ Clarier pipe temperature * ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 * ■ Oscillation amplitude 1 * ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 * ■ Frequency fluctuation 1 * ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 1 * ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 * ■ Signal asymmetry Exciter current 0 * ■ Exciter current 1 * ■ HBSI	Off

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Minimum frequency value	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→ ≧ 108):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow*  Density  Reference density  Concentration*  Dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity*  Temperature  Carrier pipe temperature*  Electronic temperature  Oscillation frequency 0  Oscillation frequency 1  Frequency fluctuation 1*  Oscillation amplitude 0*  Oscillation damping 0  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 0  Signal asymmetry  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 1	Enter minimum frequency.	0.0 to 10 000.0 Hz	0.0 Hz

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Maximum frequency value	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→ ■ 108):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow*  Carrier mass flow*  Density  Reference density  Concentration*  Dynamic viscosity  Kinematic viscosity*  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity*  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity*  Temperature  Carrier pipe temperature*  Electronic temperature  Oscillation frequency 0  Oscillation frequency 1  Frequency fluctuation 1  Frequency fluctuation 1  Oscillation amplitude 0  Oscillation damping 0  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 0  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Signal asymmetry  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 1	Enter maximum frequency.	0.0 to 10 000.0 Hz	10 000.0 Hz

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Measuring value at minimum frequency	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→ ≧ 108):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow*  Density  Reference density  Concentration*  Dynamic viscosity*  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity*  Temperature  Carrier pipe temperature*  Electronic temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Oscillation frequency 0  Oscillation frequency 1  Frequency fluctuation 0  Frequency fluctuation 1  Oscillation amplitude 1  Oscillation damping 0  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Signal asymmetry  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 1	Enter measured value for minmum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Measuring value at maximum frequency	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→  108):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow  Carrier mass flow  Density  Reference density  Concentration  Dynamic viscosity  Kinematic viscosity  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Frequency fluctuation 0  Frequency fluctuation 1  Oscillation amplitude 1  Oscillation damping 0  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping 1  Signal asymmetry  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 1  Exciter current 1  Exciter current 1	Enter measured value for maximum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Failure mode	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→ ≧ 108): ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Target mass flow* ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Concentration* ■ Dynamic viscosity ■ Kinematic viscosity ■ Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity ■ Temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 1 ■ Oscillation amplitude 1 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 1 ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 0 ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 ■ Signal asymmetry ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Exciter current 1	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Defined value</li> <li>0 Hz</li> </ul>	0 Hz

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Failure frequency	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→  108):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow  Carrier mass flow  Carrier mass flow  Concentration  Dynamic viscosity  Kinematic viscosity  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  Carrier pipe temperature  Oscillation frequency 0  Oscillation frequency 1  Frequency fluctuation 0  Frequency fluctuation 1  Oscillation amplitude 0  Oscillation damping 0  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 0  Signal asymmetry  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 0  Exciter current 1	Enter frequency output value in alarm condition.	0.0 to 12 500.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
Invert output signal	_	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	No

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# Configuring the switch output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output

► Pulse/frequ to n	nency/switch output 1	
	Operating mode	→ 🖺 115
	Terminal number	→ 🗎 115
	Signal mode	→ 🖺 115
	Switch output function	→ 🗎 116
	Assign diagnostic behavior	→ 🖺 116
	Assign limit	→ 🖺 116
	Assign flow direction check	→ 🖺 116
	Assign status	→ 🖺 116
	Switch-on value	→ 🖺 116
	Switch-off value	→ 🖺 117
	Switch-on delay	→ 🖺 117
	Switch-off delay	→ 🖺 117
	Failure mode	→ 🖺 117
	Invert output signal	→ 🖺 117

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the PFS output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the PFS output.	<ul><li>Passive</li><li>Active</li></ul>	Passive

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Switch output function	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter the <b>Switch</b> option is selected.	Select function for switch output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Flow direction check</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	Off
Assign diagnostic behavior	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Diagnostic behavior option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select diagnostic behavior for switch output.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Alarm or warning</li><li>Warning</li></ul>	Alarm
Assign limit	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Limit option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for limit function.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow Carrier mass flow Density Reference density Dynamic viscosity Concentration Kinematic viscosity Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Oscillation damping	Mass flow
Assign flow direction check	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Flow direction check option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for flow direction monitoring.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	Mass flow
Assign status	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Status option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select device status for switch output.	<ul><li>Partially filled pipe detection</li><li>Low flow cut off</li></ul>	Partially filled pipe detection
Switch-on value	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Limit option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-on point.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Switch-off value	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Limit option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-off point.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
Switch-on delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-on of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Switch-off delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-off of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Failure mode	-	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual status</li><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	■ No ■ Yes	No

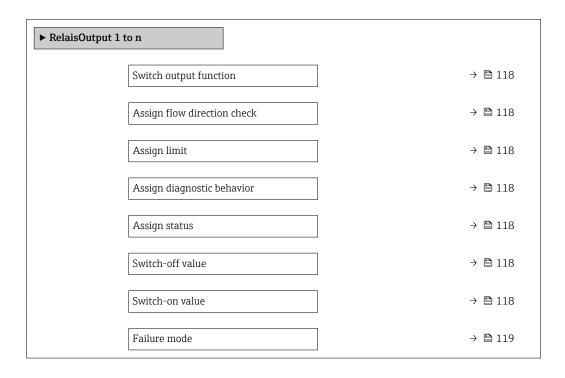
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.3.10 Configuring the relay output

The **Relay output** wizard guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the relay output.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Relay output 1 to n



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Relay output function	-	Select the function for the relay output.	<ul> <li>Closed</li> <li>Open</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Flow direction check</li> <li>Digital Output</li> </ul>	Closed
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the relay output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)</li> </ul>	-
Assign flow direction check	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Flow direction check</b> option is selected.	Select process variable for flow direction monitoring.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	Mass flow
Assign limit	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Select process variable for limit function.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow Density Reference density Dynamic viscosity Concentration Kinematic viscosity Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Oscillation damping	Mass flow
Assign diagnostic behavior	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Diagnostic behavior</b> option is selected.	Select diagnostic behavior for switch output.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Alarm or warning</li><li>Warning</li></ul>	Alarm
Assign status	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Digital Output</b> option is selected.	Select device status for switch output.	<ul><li>Partially filled pipe detection</li><li>Low flow cut off</li></ul>	Partially filled pipe detection
Switch-off value	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Enter measured value for the switch-off point.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
Switch-off delay	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Define delay for the switch-off of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Switch-on value	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Enter measured value for the switch-on point.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Switch-on delay	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Define delay for the switch-on of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Failure mode	-	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual status</li><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open

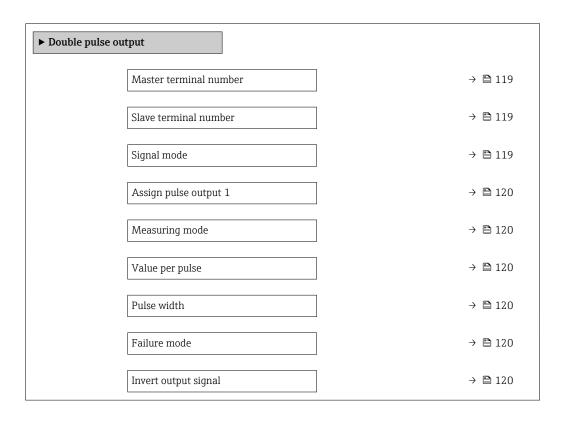
Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.3.11 Configuring the double pulse output

The **Double pulse output** submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the double pulse output.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Double pulse output



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Signal mode	Select the signal mode for the double pulse output.	<ul><li>Passive</li><li>Active</li><li>Passive NAMUR</li></ul>	Passive
Master terminal number	Shows the terminal numbers used by the master of the double pulse output module.	<ul><li>Not used</li><li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li><li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li></ul>	-
Slave terminal number		<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> </ul>	-

Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Assign pulse output 1	Select process variable for pulse output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Target mass flow*</li> <li>Carrier mass flow*</li> </ul>	Off
Measuring mode	Select measuring mode for pulse output.	<ul> <li>Forward flow</li> <li>Forward/Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow compensation</li> </ul>	Forward flow
Value per pulse	Enter measured value at which a pulse is output.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Pulse width	Define time width of the output pulse.	0.5 to 2 000 ms	0.5 ms
Failure mode	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>No pulses</li></ul>	No pulses
Invert output signal	Invert the output signal.	• No • Yes	No

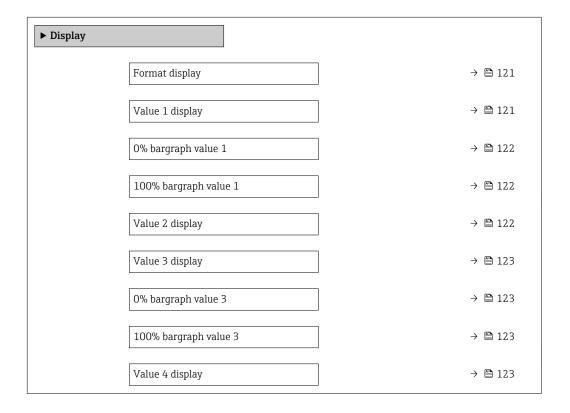
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.3.12 Configuring the local display

The **Display** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can configured for configuring the local display.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Display



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Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow Density Reference density Concentration Dynamic viscosity Kinematic viscosity Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Carrier pipe temperature Carrier pipe temperature Oscillation frequency 0 Oscillation frequency 1 Oscillation amplitude 0 Oscillation amplitude 1 Frequency fluctuation 0 Frequency fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping 0 Oscillation damping 1 Oscillation damping 1 Coscillation damping 1 Todalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Current output 1 Current output 3 Current output 3 Current output 3	Mass flow

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h  Olb/min
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	■ None ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Target mass flow* ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Concentration* ■ Dynamic viscosity* ■ Kinematic viscosity* ■ Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity* ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity ■ Temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Oscillation ■ Amplitude 1 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 1 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 1 ■ Oscillation damping 1 ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 ■ Signal asymmetry ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Exciter current 1 ■ HBSI ■ Totalizer 1 ■ Totalizer 2 ■ Totalizer 3 ■ Current output 2 ■ Current output 3 ■ Current output 3 ■ Current output 3	None

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 122)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the Value 3 display parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  O kg/h  O lb/min
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the Value 3 display parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 122)	None

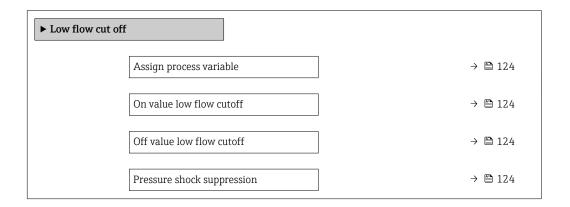
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.3.13 Configuring the low flow cut off

The **Low flow cut off** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be set to configure low flow cut off.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Low flow cut off



### Parameter overview with brief description

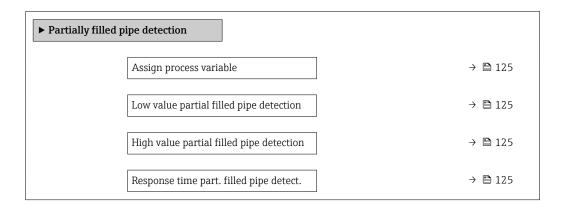
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	Mass flow
On value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 124):  Mass flow  Volume flow  Corrected volume flow	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Positive floating- point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Off value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 124):  Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow	Enter off value for low flow cut off.	0 to 100.0 %	50 %
Pressure shock suppression	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 124):  • Mass flow  • Volume flow  • Corrected volume flow	Enter time frame for signal suppression (= active pressure shock suppression).	0 to 100 s	0 s

# 10.3.14 Configuring the partial filled pipe detection

The **Partial filled pipe detection** wizard guides you systematically through all parameters that have to be set for configuring the monitoring of the pipe filling.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Partially filled pipe detection



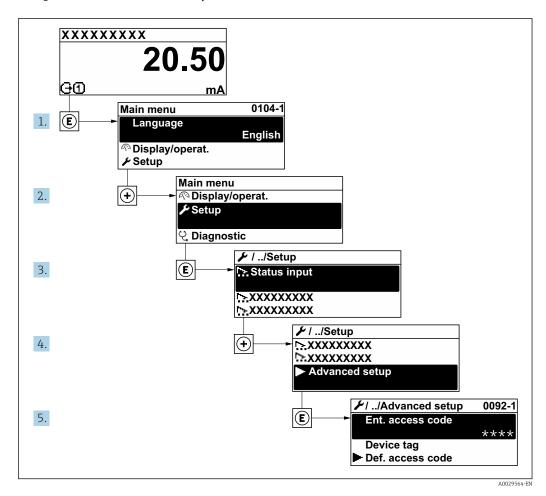
### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for partially filled pipe detection.	<ul><li> Off</li><li> Density</li><li> Reference density</li></ul>	Off
Low value partial filled pipe detection	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process</b> variable parameter (→   125): Density Reference density	Enter lower limit value for deactivating partialy filled pipe detection.	Signed floating-point number	200
High value partial filled pipe detection	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→   125): Density Reference density	Enter upper limit value for deactivating partialy filled pipe detection.	Signed floating-point number	6000
Response time part. filled pipe detect.	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process</b> variable parameter (→   125): Density Reference density	Enter time before diagnostic message is displayed for partially filled pipe detection.	0 to 100 s	1 s

# 10.4 Advanced settings

The **Advanced setup** submenu together with its submenus contains parameters for specific settings.

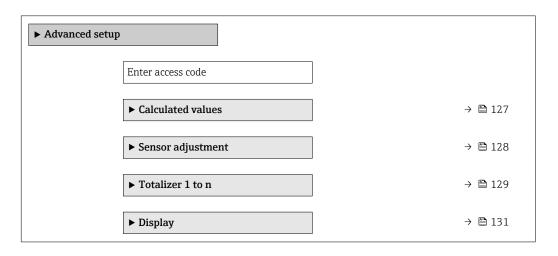
Navigation to the "Advanced setup" submenu

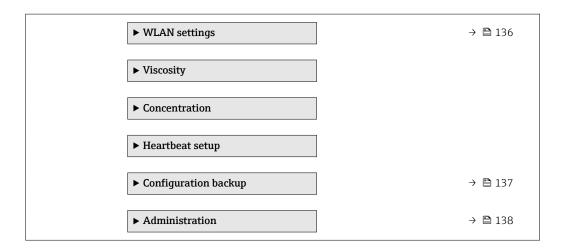


The number of submenus can vary depending on the device version. Some submenus are not dealt with in the Operating Instructions. These submenus and the parameters they contain are explained in the Special Documentation for the device.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup



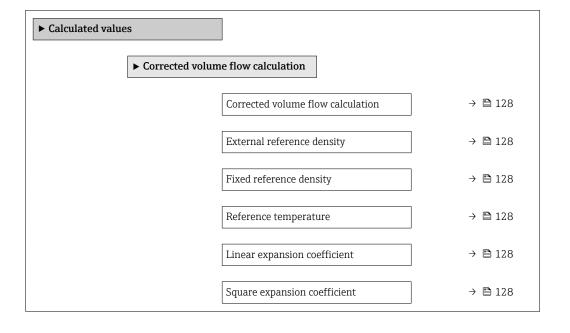


#### 10.4.1 Calculated values

The **Calculated values** submenu contains parameters for calculating the corrected volume flow

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Calculated values



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Corrected volume flow calculation	-	Select reference density for calculating the corrected volume flow.	<ul> <li>Fixed reference density</li> <li>Calculated reference density</li> <li>Reference density by API table 53</li> <li>Current input 1*</li> <li>Current input 2*</li> <li>Current input 3*</li> </ul>	Calculated reference density
External reference density	In the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter, the External reference density option is selected.	Shows external reference density.	Floating point number with sign	-
Fixed reference density	The Fixed reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter fixed value for reference density.	Positive floating- point number	1 kg/Nl
Reference temperature	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter reference temperature for calculating the reference density.	-273.15 to 99 999 °C	Country-specific:  • +20 °C  • +68 °F
Linear expansion coefficient	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter linear, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	Signed floating-point number	0.0
Square expansion coefficient	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	For media with a non-linear expansion pattern: enter the quadratic, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	Signed floating-point number	0.0

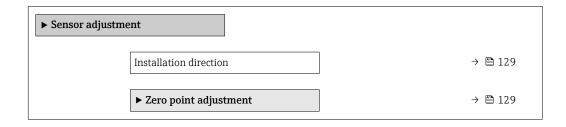
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.4.2 Carrying out a sensor adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters that pertain to the functionality of the sensor.

# Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment



Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Installation direction	Set sign of flow direction to match the direction of the arrow on the sensor.	<ul><li>Flow in arrow direction</li><li>Flow against arrow direction</li></ul>	Flow in arrow direction

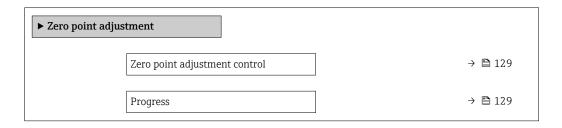
#### Zero point adjustment

Experience shows that zero point adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measuring accuracy even with low flow rates
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Sensor adjustment → Zero point adjustment



### Parameter overview with brief description

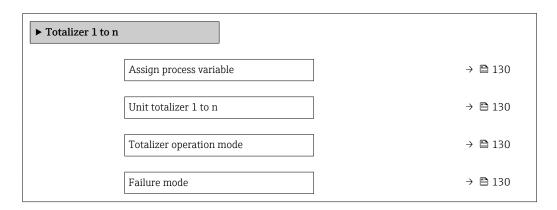
Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface	Factory setting
Zero point adjustment control	Start zero point adjustment.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Busy</li><li>Zero point adjust failure</li><li>Start</li></ul>	Cancel
Progress	Shows the progress of the process.	0 to 100 %	_

### **10.4.3** Configuring the totalizer

In the **"Totalizer 1 to n" submenu** the individual totalizer can be configured.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer 1 to n



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for totalizer.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Target mass flow*</li> <li>Carrier mass flow*</li> </ul>	Mass flow
Unit totalizer 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🗎 130)Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  • Volume flow  • Mass flow  • Corrected volume flow  • Target mass flow  • Carrier mass flow  *	Select process variable totalizer unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg • lb
Totalizer operation mode	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖹 130)Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow  Corrected volume flow  Target mass flow  Carrier mass flow  Carrier mass flow	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul> <li>Net flow total</li> <li>Forward flow total</li> <li>Reverse flow total</li> </ul>	Net flow total
Failure mode	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🗎 130)Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  • Volume flow  • Mass flow  • Corrected volume flow  • Target mass flow  • Carrier mass flow	Define totalizer behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Stop</li><li>Actual value</li><li>Last valid value</li></ul>	Stop

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Visibility depends on order options or device settings

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# 10.4.4 Carrying out additional display configurations

In the  ${\bf Display}$  submenu you can set all the parameters associated with the configuration of the local display.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display

► Display			
	Format display		→ 🖺 132
	Value 1 display		→ 🖺 132
	0% bargraph value 1		→ 🖺 133
	100% bargraph value 1		→ 🖺 133
	Decimal places 1		→ 🖺 133
	Value 2 display		→ 🖺 134
	Decimal places 2		→ 🖺 134
	Value 3 display		→ 🖺 134
	0% bargraph value 3		→ 🖺 135
	100% bargraph value 3		→ 🖺 135
	Decimal places 3		→ 🖺 135
	Value 4 display		→ 🖺 135
	Decimal places 4		→ 🖺 135
	Display language		→ 🖺 135
	Display interval		→ 🖺 135
	Display damping		→ 🖺 135
	Header		→ 🖺 135
	Header text		→ 🖺 135
	Separator		→ 🖺 136
	Backlight		→ 🖺 136
		J	

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow* Density Reference density Concentration* Dynamic viscosity Kinematic viscosity* Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity* Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity* Temperature Carrier pipe temperature Carrier pipe temperature Carrier pipe temperature Oscillation frequency 0 Oscillation frequency 1* Oscillation amplitude 0* Oscillation amplitude 1* Frequency fluctuation 0 Frequency fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping 0 Oscillation damping 0 Coscillation temping 0 Coscillation 1* Signal asymmetry Exciter current 0 Exciter current 1 HBSI* Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Current output 2 Current output 3 *	Mass flow

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  O kg/h  O lb/min
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Decimal places 1	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>X</li> <li>X.X</li> <li>X.XX</li> <li>X.XXX</li> <li>X.XXXX</li> </ul>	X.XX

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	■ None ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Target mass flow * ■ Carrier mass flow * ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Concentration * ■ Dynamic viscosity * ■ Kinematic viscosity * ■ Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity * ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity * ■ Temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Oscillation of Frequency 1 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Oscillation frequency 1 ■ Oscillation damplitude 1 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 1 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 1 ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 ■ Signal asymmetry ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Exciter current 1 ■ HBSI ■ Totalizer 1 ■ Totalizer 1 ■ Totalizer 2 ■ Totalizer 3 ■ Current output 3 ■ Current output 3 ■ Current output 3 ■ Current output 3	None
Decimal places 2	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>X</li> <li>X.X</li> <li>X.XX</li> <li>X.XXX</li> <li>X.XXXX</li> </ul>	x.xx
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 122)	None

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Decimal places 3	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	• X • X.X • X.XX • X.XXX	x.xx
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 2 display parameter (→ 🖺 122)	None
Decimal places 4	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 4 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	• X • X.X • X.XX • X.XXX	x.xx
Display language	A local display is provided.	Set display language.	English Deutsch Français* Español* Italiano* Nederlands* Portuguesa* Polski* pycский язык (Russian)* Svenska* Türkçe* 中文 (Chinese)* 日本語 (Japanese)* 砂국어 (Korean)* Bahasa Indonesia* tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)* čeština (Czech)*	English (alternatively, the ordered language is preset in the device)
Display interval	A local display is provided.	Set time measured values are shown on display if display alternates between values.	1 to 10 s	5 s
Display damping	A local display is provided.	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	0.0 s
Header	A local display is provided.	Select header contents on local display.	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>Free text</li></ul>	Device tag
Header text	In the <b>Header</b> parameter, the <b>Free text</b> option is selected.	Enter display header text.	Max. 12 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)	

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Separator	A local display is provided.	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	<ul><li>. (point)</li><li>, (comma)</li></ul>	. (point)
Backlight	One of the following conditions is met:  Order code for "Display; operation", option F "4-line, illum.; touch control"  Order code for "Display; operation", option G "4-line, illum.; touch control +WLAN"	Switch the local display backlight on and off.	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>	Enable

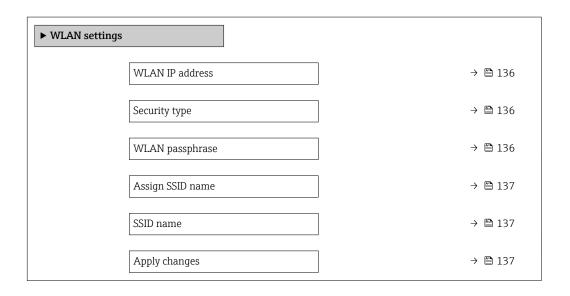
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.4.5 WLAN configuration

The **WLAN Settings** submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for the WLAN configuration.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → WLAN Settings



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User entry / Selection	Factory setting
WLAN IP address	-	Enter IP address of the device WLAN interface.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	192.168.1.212
Security type	-	Select the security type of the WLAN interface.	<ul><li>Unsecured</li><li>WPA2-PSK</li></ul>	WPA2-PSK
WLAN passphrase	In the <b>Security type</b> parameter, the <b>WPA2-PSK</b> option is selected.	Enter the network key (8 to 32 characters).  The network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning for security reasons.	8 to 32-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	Serial number of the measuring device (e.g. L100A802000)

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User entry / Selection	Factory setting
Assign SSID name	-	Select which name will be used for SSID: device tag or user-defined name.	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>User-defined</li></ul>	User-defined
SSID name	In the <b>Assign SSID name</b> parameter, the <b>User-defined</b> option is selected.	Enter the user-defined SSID name (max. 32 characters).  The user-defined SSID name may only be assigned once. If the SSID name is assigned more than once, the devices can interfere with one another.	Max. 32-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	EH_device designation_last 7 digits of the serial number (e.g. EH_Promass_500_A 802000)
Apply changes	-	Use changed WLAN settings.	■ Cancel ■ Ok	Cancel

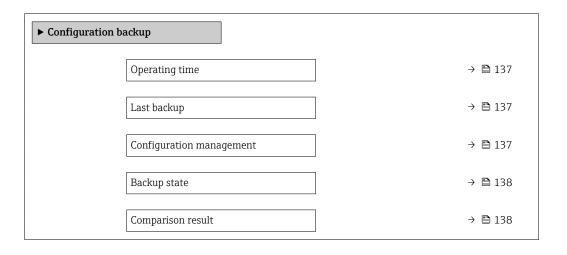
# 10.4.6 Configuration management

After commissioning, you can save the current device configurationor restore the previous device configuration.

You can do so using the **Configuration management** parameter and the related options found in the **Configuration backup** submenu.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Configuration backup



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection	Factory setting
Operating time	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Last backup	Shows when the last data backup was saved to embedded HistoROM.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Configuration management	Select action for managing the device data in the embedded HistoROM.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>Execute backup</li> <li>Restore</li> <li>Compare</li> <li>Clear backup data</li> </ul>	Cancel

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection	Factory setting
Backup state	Shows the current status of data saving or restoring.	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Backup in progress</li> <li>Restoring in progress</li> <li>Delete in progress</li> <li>Compare in progress</li> <li>Restoring failed</li> <li>Backup failed</li> </ul>	None
Comparison result	Comparison of current device data with embedded HistoROM.	<ul> <li>Settings identical</li> <li>Settings not identical</li> <li>No backup available</li> <li>Backup settings corrupt</li> <li>Check not done</li> <li>Dataset incompatible</li> </ul>	Check not done

### Function scope of the "Configuration management" parameter

Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
Execute backup	A backup copy of the current device configuration is saved from the integrated HistoROM to the memory of the device. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Restore	The last backup copy of the device configuration is restored from the device memory to the device's integrated HistoROM. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Compare	The device configuration saved in the device memory is compared with the current device configuration of the integrated HistoROM.
Clear backup data	The backup copy of the device configuration is deleted from the memory of the device.

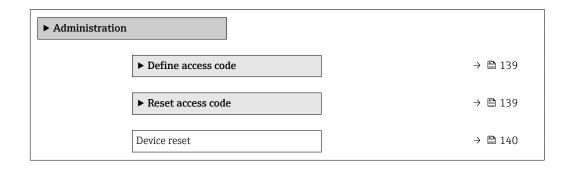
- Integrated HistoROM
  A HistoROM is a "non-volatile" device memory in the form of an EEPROM.
- While this action is in progress, the configuration cannot be edited via the local display and a message on the processing status appears on the display.

## 10.4.7 Using parameters for device administration

The **Administration** submenu systematically guides the user through all the parameters that can be used for device administration purposes.

### **Navigation**

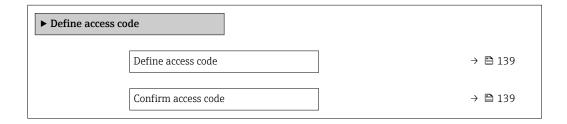
"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Administration



### Using the parameter to define the access code

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code



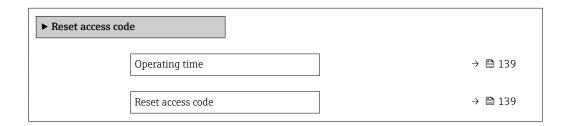
## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry
Define access code	Restrict write-access to parameters to protect the configuration of the device against unintentional changes.	Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Confirm access code		Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

### Using the parameter to reset the access code

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Reset access code



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating time	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Reset access code	Reset access code to factory settings.  For a reset code, contact your Endress+Hauser service organization.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	0x00
	The reset code can only be entered via:  Web browser  DeviceCare, FieldCare (via service interface CDI-RJ45)  Fieldbus		

## Using the parameter to reset the device

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Administration

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>To delivery settings</li><li>Restart device</li><li>Restore S-DAT backup</li></ul>	Cancel

# 10.5 Simulation

The **Simulation** submenu enables you to simulate, without a real flow situation, various process variables in the process and the device alarm mode and to verify downstream signal chains (switching valves or closed-control loops).

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Simulation

<b>▶</b> Simulation		
	Assign simulation process variable	→ 🖺 141
	Process variable value	→ 🖺 141
	Status input simulation	→ 🖺 141
	Input signal level	→ 🖺 141
	Current input 1 to n simulation	→ 🖺 142
	Value current input 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Current output 1 to n simulation	→ 🗎 142
	Value current output 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Frequency output simulation 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Frequency value 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Pulse output simulation 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Pulse value 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Switch output simulation 1 to n	→ 🖺 142
	Switch status 1 to n	→ 🗎 142
	Relay output 1 to n simulation	→ 🗎 142
	Switch status 1 to n	→ 🖺 142

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Pulse output simulation	→ 🖺 142
Pulse value	→ 🖺 142
Device alarm simulation	→ 🗎 142
Diagnostic event category	→ 🖺 142
Diagnostic event simulation	→ 🖺 143

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Assign simulation process variable		Select a process variable for the simulation process that is activated.	■ Off ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Temperature ■ Dynamic viscosity ■ Kinematic viscosity ■ Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity ■ Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity ■ Target mass flow ■ Carrier mass flow ■ Carrier mass flow	Off
Process variable value	One of the following options is selected in the Assign simulation process variable parameter (→ 🖺 141):  Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Density Reference density Temperature Dynamic viscosity Kinematic viscosity Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Concentration Target mass flow Carrier mass flow	Enter the simulation value for the selected process variable.	Depends on the process variable selected	0
Status input simulation	-	Switch simulation of the status input on and off.	Off On	Off
Input signal level	In the <b>Status input simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Select the signal level for the simulation of the status input.	■ High ■ Low	High

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Current input 1 to n simulation	-	Switch simulation of the current input on and off.	■ Off ■ On	Off
Value current input 1 to n	In the <b>Current input 1 to n simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the current value for simulation.	0 to 22.5 mA	0 mA
Current output 1 to n simulation	-	Switch the simulation of the current output on and off.	Off On	Off
Value current output 1 to n	In the Current output 1 to n simulation parameter, the On option is selected.	Enter the current value for simulation.	3.59 to 22.5 mA	3.59 mA
Frequency output simulation 1 to n	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the frequency output on and off.	• Off • On	Off
Frequency value 1 to n	In the <b>Frequency output</b> simulation 1 to n parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the frequency value for the simulation.	0.0 to 12 500.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
Pulse output simulation 1 to n	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is	Set and switch off the pulse output simulation.	• Off • Fixed value	Off
	selected.	For Fixed value option:  Pulse width parameter  (→ 🖺 106) defines the pulse width of the pulses output.	Down-counting value	g
Pulse value 1 to n	In the Pulse output simulation 1 to n parameter, the Down-counting value option is selected.	Enter the number of pulses for simulation.	0 to 65 535	0
Switch output simulation 1 to n	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Switch</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the switch output on and off.	• Off • On	Off
Switch status 1 to n	-	Select the status of the status output for the simulation.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open
Relay output 1 to n simulation	-	Switch simulation of the relay output on and off.	Off On	Off
Switch status 1 to n	In the <b>Switch output</b> simulation 1 to n parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Select status of the relay output for the simulation.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open
Pulse output simulation	-	Set and switch off the pulse output simulation.  For Fixed value option: Pulse width parameter defines the pulse width of the pulses output.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Fixed value</li><li>Down-counting value</li></ul>	Off
Pulse value	In the Pulse output simulation parameter, the Down-counting value option is selected.	Set and switch off the pulse output simulation.	0 to 65 535	0
Device alarm simulation	-	Switch the device alarm on and off.	Off On	Off
Diagnostic event category	-	Select a diagnostic event category.	<ul><li>Sensor</li><li>Electronics</li><li>Configuration</li><li>Process</li></ul>	Process

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Diagnostic event simulation	-	Select a diagnostic event to simulate this event.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Diagnostic event picklist (depends on the category selected)</li> </ul>	Off
Logging interval	-	Define the logging interval tlog for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	1.0 to 3 600.0 s	-

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.6 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following write protection options exist in order to protect the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification:

- Protect access to parameters via access code → 143
- Protect access to measuring device via write protection switch  $\rightarrow$  🗎 144

### 10.6.1 Write protection via access code

The effects of the user-specific access code are as follows:

- Via local operation, the parameters for the measuring device configuration are writeprotected and their values can no longer be changed.
- Device access is protected via the Web browser, as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.
- Device access is protected via FieldCare or DeviceCare (via CDI-RJ45 service interface), as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.

#### Defining the access code via local display

- 1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 139$ ).
- 2. Define a max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters as the access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the **Confirm access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 139$ ) to confirm the code.
  - ► The 🗈-symbol appears in front of all write-protected parameters.

The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view. The device locks the write-protected parameters automatically after 60 s if the user skips back to the operational display mode from the navigation and editing view.



- If parameter write protection is activated via an access code, it can also only be deactivated via this access code → ≅ 75.
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on via the local display is indicated by the → ☐ 75 Access status parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status

#### Parameters which can always be modified via the local display

Certain parameters that do not affect the measurement are excepted from parameter write protection via the local display. Despite the user-specific access code, they can always be modified, even if the other parameters are locked.

	Parameters for configuring the local display	Parameters for configuring the totalizer
	$\downarrow$	<b>\</b>
Language	Format display	Control Totalizer
	Contrast display	Preset value
	Display interval	Reset all totalizers

#### Defining the access code via the Web browser

- 1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 139$ ).
- 2. Max. Define a max. 4-digit numeric code as an access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the **Confirm access code** parameter (→ 🗎 139) to confirm the code.
  - ► The Web browser switches to the login page.
- If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.
- - The user role with which the user is currently logged on via Web browser is indicated by the Access status parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status

#### Resetting the access code

If you misplace the user-specific access code, it is possible to reset the code to the factory setting. A reset code must be entered for this purpose. The user-specific access code can then be defined again afterwards.

#### Via Web browser, FieldCare, DeviceCare (via CDI-RJ45 service interface), fieldbus

- For a reset code, contact your Endress+Hauser service organization.
- 1. Navigate to the **Reset access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 139$ ).
- 2. Enter the reset code.
  - The access code has been reset to the factory setting **0000**. It can be redefined  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 143$ .

### 10.6.2 Write protection via write protection switch

Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows write access to the entire operating menu - except for the **"Contrast display" parameter** - to be locked.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception "Contrast display" parameter):

- Via local display
- Via MODBUS RS485 protocol

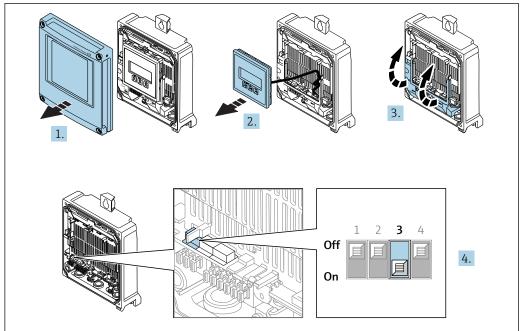
### Proline 500 - digital

### **WARNING**

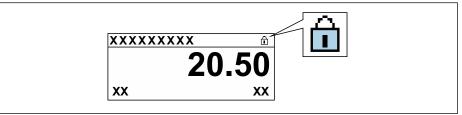
#### Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque: 2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft).

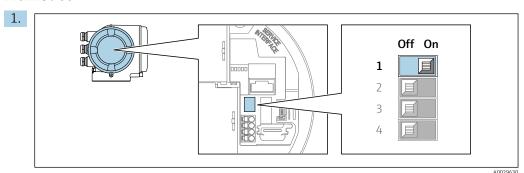


- 1. Open the housing cover.
- 2. Remove the display module.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables hardware write protection.
  - └ In the **Locking status** parameter the **Hardware locked** option is displayed  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  147. In addition, on the local display the  $\blacksquare$ -symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



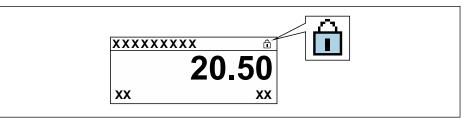
- 5. Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the OFF position (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.
  - ightharpoonup No option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter → ightharpoonup 147. On the local display, the 🖻-symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

## Proline 500



Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables hardware write protection.

└ In the **Locking status** parameter the **Hardware locked** option is displayed  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 147$ . In addition, on the local display the  $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ -symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



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- 2. Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.

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#### Operation 11

#### 11.1 Reading the device locking status

Device active write protection: Locking status parameter

Operation → Locking status

Function scope of the "Locking status" parameter

Options	Description
None	The access status displayed in the <b>Access status</b> parameter applies $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
Hardware locked	The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the PCB board. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool).
Temporarily locked	Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes running in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset etc.). Once the internal processing has been completed, the parameters can be changed once again.

#### 11.2 Adjusting the operating language



Petailed information:

- To configure the operating language → 🗎 91
- For information on the operating languages supported by the measuring device → 🖺 208

#### 11.3 Configuring the display

Detailed information:

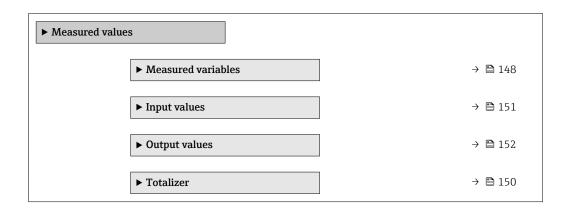
- On the advanced settings for the local display  $\rightarrow \implies 131$

#### 11.4 Reading measured values

With the **Measured values** submenu, it is possible to read all the measured values.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values



# 11.4.1 "Measured variables" submenu

The **Measured variables** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for each process variable.

# Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Measured variables

► Measured varia	bles	
	Mass flow	→ 🖺 148
	Volume flow	→ 🖺 148
	Corrected volume flow	→ 🖺 149
	Density	→ 🖺 149
	Reference density	→ 🖺 149
	Temperature	→ 🖺 149
	Pressure value	→ 🖺 149
	Dynamic viscosity	→ 🖺 149
	Kinematic viscosity	→ 🖺 149
	Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity	→ 🖺 149
	Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity	→ 🖺 149
	Concentration	→ 🖺 150
	Target mass flow	→ 🖺 150
	Carrier mass flow	→ 🖺 150

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Mass flow	-	Displays the mass flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the Mass flow unit parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	
Volume flow	_	Displays the volume flow currently calculated.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ )$ 94).	

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Corrected volume flow	_	Displays the corrected volume flow currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Corrected volume flow unit parameter (→   94).	Signed floating-point number
Density	-	Shows the density currently measured. Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Density unit</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 94$ ).	Signed floating-point number
Reference density		Displays the reference density currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Reference density unit parameter (→ 194).	Signed floating-point number
Temperature	-	Shows the medium temperature currently measured.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Temperature unit parameter (→   94).	Signed floating-point number
Pressure value	-	Displays either a fixed or external pressure value.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Pressure unit parameter (→   94).	Signed floating-point number
Dynamic viscosity	For the following order code:  "Application package", option EG  "Viscosity"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the dynamic viscosity currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Dynamic viscosity unit parameter.	Signed floating-point number
Kinematic viscosity	For the following order code:  "Application package", option EG  "Viscosity"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the kinematic viscosity currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Kinematic viscosity unit parameter.	Signed floating-point number
Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity	For the following order code:  "Application package", option EG  "Viscosity"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the temperature compensation currently calculated for the viscosity.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Dynamic viscosity unit parameter.	Signed floating-point number
Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity	For the following order code: "Application package", option EG "Viscosity"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the temperature compensation currently calculated for the kinetic viscosity.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Kinematic viscosity unit parameter (0578).	Signed floating-point number

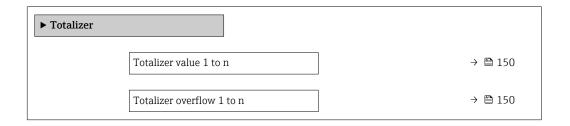
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Concentration	For the following order code: "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the concentration currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Concentration unit parameter.	Signed floating-point number
Target mass flow	With the following conditions:  Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The WT-% option or the User conc. option is selected in the Concentration unit parameter.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the target fluid mass flow currently measured.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Mass flow unit parameter (→   93).	Signed floating-point number
Carrier mass flow	With the following conditions:  Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The WT-% option or the User conc. option is selected in the Concentration unit parameter.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the carrier fluid mass flow currently measured.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Mass flow unit parameter (→   93).	Signed floating-point number

# 11.4.2 "Totalizer" submenu

The **Totalizer** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every totalizer.

# Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer



# Parameter overview with brief description

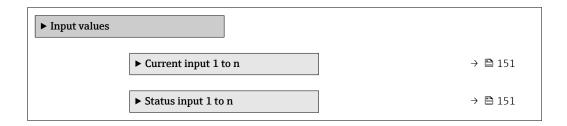
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Totalizer value 1 to n	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 130) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu.	Displays the current totalizer counter value.	Signed floating-point number
Totalizer overflow 1 to n	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 130) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu.	Displays the current totalizer overflow.	Integer with sign

# 11.4.3 "Input values" submenu

The **Input values** submenu quides you systematically to the individual input values.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Input values

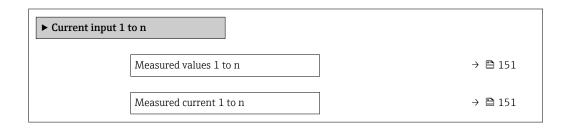


## Input values of current input

The **Current input 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every current input.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Input values  $\rightarrow$  Current input 1 to n



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Measured values 1 to n	Displays the current input value.	Signed floating-point number
Measured current 1 to n	Displays the current value of the current input.	0 to 22.5 mA

# Input values of status input

The **Status input 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every status input.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Input values  $\rightarrow$  Status input 1 to n



## Parameter overview with brief description

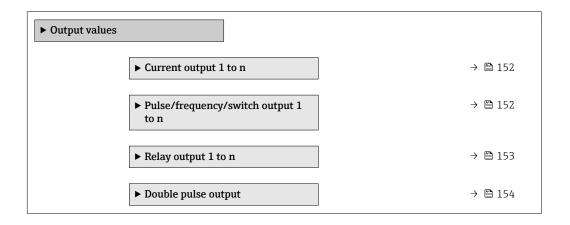
Parameter	Description	User interface
Value status input	Shows the current input signal level.	■ High ■ Low

# 11.4.4 Output values

The **Output values** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every output.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values



## Output values of current output

The **Value current output** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every current output.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Value current output 1 to n



# Parameter overview with brief description

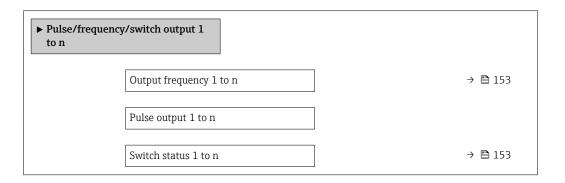
Parameter	Description	User interface
Output current 1	Displays the current value currently calculated for the current output.	3.59 to 22.5 mA
Measured current	Displays the current value currently measured for the current output.	0 to 30 mA

# Output values for pulse/frequency/switch output

The **Pulse/frequency/switch output 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every pulse/frequency/switch output.

# Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output 1 to n



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Output frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Displays the value currently measured for the frequency output.	0.0 to 12 500.0 Hz	-
Value per pulse	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🗎 106):  ■ Mass flow  ■ Volume flow  ■ Corrected volume flow  ■ Target mass flow  ■ Carrier mass flow	Enter measured value at which a pulse is output.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Switch status	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Displays the current switch output status.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	-

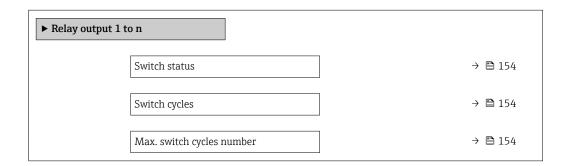
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# Output values for relay output

The **Relay output 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every relay output.

# Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Relay output 1 to n



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Switch status	Shows the current relay switch status.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>
Switch cycles	Shows number of all performed switch cycles.	Positive integer
Max. switch cycles number	Shows the maximal number of guaranteed switch cycles.	Positive integer

# Output values for double pulse output

The **Double pulse output** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every double pulse output.

# **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Double pulse output



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Pulse output	Shows the currently output pulse frequency.	Positive floating-point number

# 11.5 Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions

The following are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings using the **Setup** menu (→ 🗎 91)
- Advanced settings using the **Advanced setup** submenu (→ 🖺 126)

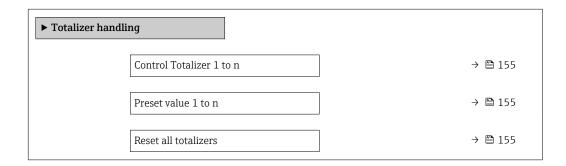
# 11.6 Performing a totalizer reset

The totalizers are reset in the **Operation** submenu:

- Control Totalizer
- Reset all totalizers

#### **Navigation**

"Operation" menu → Totalizer handling



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Control Totalizer 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖹 130)Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  • Volume flow  • Mass flow  • Corrected volume flow  • Target mass flow  • Carrier mass flow  *	Control totalizer value.	<ul> <li>Totalize</li> <li>Reset + hold</li> <li>Preset + hold</li> <li>Reset + totalize</li> <li>Preset + totalize</li> <li>Hold</li> </ul>	Totalize
Preset value 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🗎 130)Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  • Volume flow  • Mass flow  • Corrected volume flow  • Target mass flow  • Carrier mass flow  * Carrier mass flow	Specify start value for totalizer.  Dependency  The unit of the selected process variable is specified for the totalizer in the Unit totalizer parameter (→   130).	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  • 0 kg  • 0 lb
Reset all totalizers	-	Reset all totalizers to 0 and start.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Reset + totalize</li></ul>	Cancel

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# Function scope of the "Control Totalizer" parameter

Options	Description	
Totalize	The totalizer is started or continues running.	
Reset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is reset to 0.	
Preset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is set to its defined start value from the <b>Preset value</b> parameter.	
Reset + totalize	The totalizer is reset to 0 and the totaling process is restarted.	
Preset + totalize	The totalizer is set to the defined start value from the <b>Preset value</b> parameter and the totaling process is restarted.	
Hold	Totalizing is stopped.	

#### Function scope of the "Reset all totalizers" parameter 11.6.2

Options	Description	
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.	
Reset + totalize	Resets all totalizers to 0 and restarts the totaling process. This deletes all the flow values previously totalized.	

#### 11.7 Showing data logging

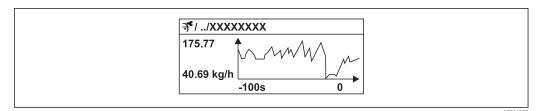
The Extended HistoROM application package must be enabled in the device (order option) for the **Data logging** submenu to appear. This contains all the parameters for the measured value history.

🚹 Data logging is also available via:

- Plant Asset Management Tool FieldCare → 🖺 84.
- Web browser → 🗎 76

# Function range

- A total of 1000 measured values can be stored
- 4 logging channels
- Adjustable logging interval for data logging
- Display of the measured value trend for each logging channel in the form of a chart



■ 33 Chart of a measured value trend

- x-axis: depending on the number of channels selected displays 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable.
- y-axis: displays the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the ongoing measurement.
- If the length of the logging interval or the assignment of the process variables to the channels is changed, the content of the data logging is deleted.

# Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Data logging

▶ Data logging	
Assign channel 14	→ 🗎 157
Logging interval	→ 🖺 157
Clear logging data	→ 🖺 157
Data logging	→ 🖺 158
Logging delay	→ 🖺 158
Data logging control	→ 🖺 158
Data logging status	→ 🖺 158
Entire logging duration	→ 🖺 158

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Assign channel 1 to n	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	■ Off ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Target mass flow* ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Concentration* ■ Dynamic viscosity* ■ Kinematic viscosity* ■ Temp. ■ compensated dynamic viscosity* ■ Temp. ■ compensated kinematic viscosity* ■ Temp. ■ Compensated kinematic viscosity* ■ Temp. ■ Compensated kinematic viscosity* ■ Temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Oscillation frequency 1* ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 1* ■ Oscillation amplitude * ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 1 ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 0 ■ Signal asymmetry ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Exciter current 1 ■ Current output 1 ■ Current output 2 ■ Current output 3 ■ Current output 4	Off
Logging interval	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Define the logging interval for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	0.1 to 999.0 s	1.0 s
Clear logging data	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Clear the entire logging data.	■ Cancel ■ Clear data	Cancel

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Data logging	-	Select the data logging method.	<ul><li>Overwriting</li><li>Not overwriting</li></ul>	Overwriting
Logging delay	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Enter the time delay for measured value logging.	0 to 999 h	0 h
Data logging control	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Start and stop measured value logging.	<ul><li>None</li><li>Delete + start</li><li>Stop</li></ul>	None
Data logging status	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Displays the measured value logging status.	<ul><li>Done</li><li>Delay active</li><li>Active</li><li>Stopped</li></ul>	Done
Entire logging duration	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Displays the total logging duration.	Positive floating- point number	0 s

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

For local display

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage does not match the value indicated on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage .
Local display dark and no output signals	The polarity of the supply voltage is wrong.	Correct the polarity.
Local display dark and no output signals	No contact between connecting cables and terminals.	Check the connection of the cables and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	Terminals are not plugged into the I/O electronics module correctly. Terminals are not plugged into the main electronics module correctly.	Check terminals.
Local display dark and no output signals	I/O electronics module is defective.  Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 183.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connector between the main electronics module and display module is not plugged in correctly.	Check the connection and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connecting cable is not plugged in correctly.	Check the connection of the electrode cable and correct if necessary.     Check the connection of the coil current cable and correct if necessary.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display is set too bright or too dark.	<ul> <li>Set the display brighter by simultaneously pressing ± + €.</li> <li>Set the display darker by simultaneously pressing □ + €.</li> </ul>
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	The cable of the display module is not plugged in correctly.	Insert the plug correctly into the main electronics module and display module.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 183.
Backlighting of local display is red	Diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.	Take remedial measures
Text on local display appears in a foreign language and cannot be understood.	Incorrect operating language is configured.	1. Press □ + ⊕ for 2 s ("home position"). 2. Press □. 3. Set the desired language in the <b>Display language</b> parameter (→ □ 135).
Message on local display: "Communication Error" "Check Electronics"	Communication between the display module and the electronics is interrupted.	<ul> <li>Check the cable and the connector between the main electronics module and display module.</li> <li>Order spare part →   183.</li> </ul>

# For output signals

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Signal output outside the valid range	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🗎 183.
Device shows correct value on local display, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Configuration error	Check and correct the parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	Configuration error or device is operated outside the application.	Check and correct parameter configuration.     Observe limit values specified in the "Technical Data".

# For access

Error	Possible causes	Solution
No write access to parameters	Hardware write protection enabled	Set the write protection switch on main electronics module to the <b>Off</b> position → 144.
No write access to parameters	Current user role has limited access authorization	1. Check user role → 🗎 75. 2. Enter correct customer-specific access code → 🗎 75.
No connection via Modbus RS485	Modbus RS485 bus cable connected incorrectly	Check terminal assignment → 🖺 39.
No connection via Modbus RS485	Modbus RS485 cable incorrectly terminated	Check terminating resistor .
No connection via Modbus RS485	Incorrect settings for the communication interface	Check the Modbus RS485 configuration → 🖺 94.
Not connecting to Web server	Web server disabled	Using the "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool, check whether the web server of the measuring device is enabled, and enable it if necessary → 🖺 81.
	Incorrect setting for the Ethernet interface of the computer	1. Check the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) → 🗎 78. 2. Check the network settings with the IT manager.
Not connecting to Web server	Incorrect WLAN access data	<ul> <li>Check WLAN network status.</li> <li>Log on to the device again using WLAN access data.</li> <li>Verify that WLAN is enabled on the measuring device and operating device →</li></ul>
	WLAN communication disabled	-
Not connecting to web server, FieldCare or DeviceCare	No WLAN network available	<ul> <li>Check if WLAN reception is present: LED on display module is lit blue</li> <li>Check if WLAN connection is enabled: LED on display module flashes blue</li> <li>Switch on instrument function.</li> </ul>
Network connection not present or unstable	WLAN network is weak.	<ul> <li>Operating device is outside of reception range: Check network status on operating device.</li> <li>To improve network performance, use an external WLAN antenna.</li> </ul>
	Parallel WLAN and Ethernet communication	<ul><li>Check network settings.</li><li>Temporarily enable only the WLAN as an interface.</li></ul>

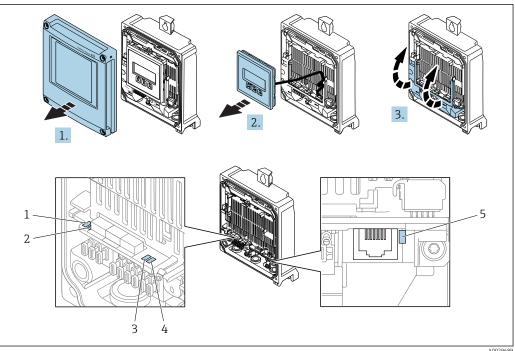
Error	Possible causes	Solution
Web browser frozen and operation no longer possible	Data transfer active	Wait until data transfer or current action is finished.
	Connection lost	Check cable connection and power supply.     Refresh the Web browser and restart if necessary.
Content of Web browser incomplete or difficult to read	Not using optimum version of Web server.	Use the correct Web browser version .     Clear the Web browser cache and restart the Web browser.
	Unsuitable view settings.	Change the font size/display ratio of the Web browser.
No or incomplete display of contents in the Web browser	<ul><li> JavaScript not enabled</li><li> JavaScript cannot be enabled</li></ul>	Enable JavaScript.     Enter http://XXX.XXX.X.XXX/ basic.html as the IP address.
Operation with FieldCare or DeviceCare via CDI-RJ45 service interface (port 8000)	Firewall of computer or network is preventing communication	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the computer or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.
Flashing of firmware with FieldCare or DeviceCare via CDI-RJ45 service interface (via port 8000 or TFTP ports)	Firewall of computer or network is preventing communication	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the computer or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.

# 12.2 Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes

# 12.2.1 Transmitter

# Proline 500 - digital

Different LEDs in the transmitter provide information on the device status.

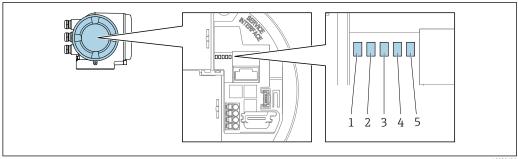


- Supply voltage Device status 1
- 2
- 3 Not used
- Communication
- Service interface (CDI) active
- 1. Open the housing cover.
- Remove the display module.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.

LED		Color	Meaning
1	Supply voltage	Off	Supply voltage is off or too low
		Green	Supply voltage is ok
2	Device status	Off	Firmware error
		Green	Device status is ok
		Flashing green	Device is not configured
		Flashing red	A device event with "Warning" diagnostic behavior has occurred
		Red	A device event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred
		Flashing red/green	Device restart
3	Not used	_	-
4	Communication	White	Communication active
		Off	Communication not active
5	Service interface (CDI)	Off	Not connected or no connection established
		Yellow	Connected and connection established
		Flashing yellow	Service interface active

# Proline 500

Different LEDs in the transmitter provide information on the device status.



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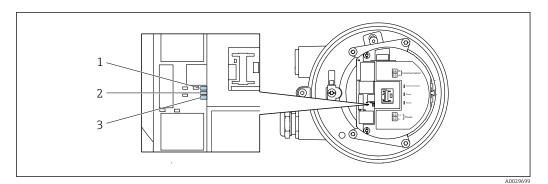
- Supply voltage Device status
- 2
- Not used
- Communication
- Service interface (CDI) active

LED		Color	Meaning
1	Supply voltage	Off	Supply voltage is off or too low
		Green	Supply voltage is ok
2	Device status	Off	Firmware error
		Green	Device status is ok
		Flashing green	Device is not configured
		Flashing red	A device event with "Warning" diagnostic behavior has occurred
		Red	A device event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred
		Flashing red/green	Device restart
3	Not used	-	-
4	Communication	White	Communication active
		Off	Communication not active
5	Service interface (CDI)	Off	Not connected or no connection established
		Yellow	Connected and connection established
		Flashing yellow	Service interface active

#### Sensor connection housing 12.2.2

# Proline 500 - digital

Various light emitting diodes (LED) on the ISEM electronics (Intelligent Sensor Electronic Module) in the sensor connection housing provide information on the device status.



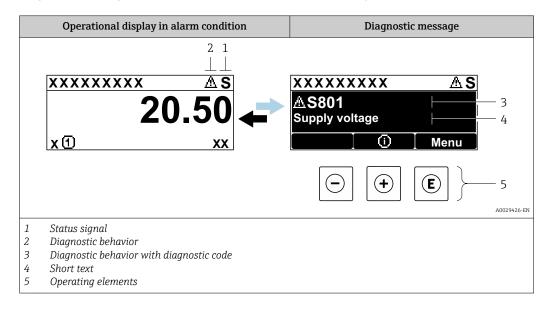
- 1 Communication
- 2 Device status
- 3 Supply voltage

LED		Color	Meaning		
1	Communication	White	Communication active		
2	Device status	Red	Error		
		Flashing red	Warning		
3	Supply voltage	Green	Supply voltage is ok		
		Off	Supply voltage is off or too low		

# 12.3 Diagnostic information on local display

# 12.3.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display.



If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the message of the diagnostic event with the highest priority is shown.

- Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be displayed in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter

## Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

The status signals are categorized according to VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required

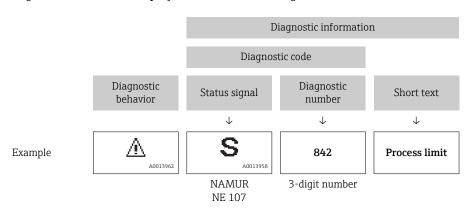
Symbol	Meaning
F	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
С	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
М	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

# Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>
Δ	Warning Measurement is resumed. The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.

# Diagnostic information

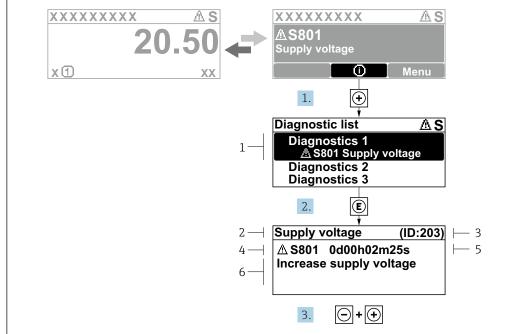
The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



# Operating elements

Key	Meaning	
<b>(+)</b>	Plus key In a menu, submenu Opens the message about remedy information.	
E	Enter key  In a menu, submenu  Opens the operating menu.	

# 12.3.2 Calling up remedial measures



A0029431-F

- 34 Message for remedial measures
- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Short text
- 3 Service ID
- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operation time of occurrence
- 6 Remedial measures

The user is in the diagnostic message.

- 1. Press ± (① symbol).
  - **└** The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- 2. Select the desired diagnostic event with  $\pm$  or  $\Box$  and press  $\Box$ .
  - └ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 3. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures closes.

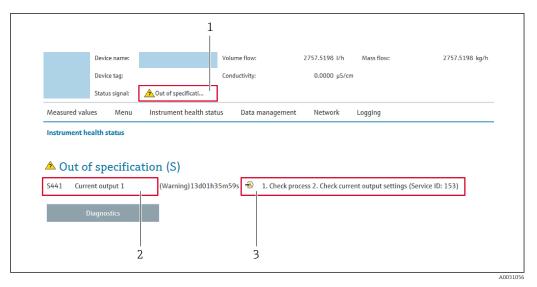
The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in the **Diagnostic list** submenu or **Previous diagnostics** parameter.

- 1. Press E.
  - └ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures closes.

# 12.4 Diagnostic information in the Web browser

# 12.4.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed in the Web browser on the home page once the user has logged on.



- 1 Status area with status signal
- 2 Diagnostic information→ 🖺 166
- 3 Remedy information with Service ID
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter
  - Via submenu → 

    176

#### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning
8	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
<b>W</b>	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
<u>^</u>	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
<b>&amp;</b>	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

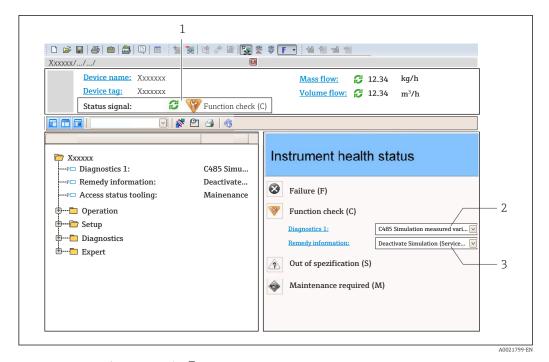
# 12.4.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly. These measures are displayed in red along with the diagnostic event and the related diagnostic information.

# 12.5 Diagnostic information in DeviceCare or FieldCare

# 12.5.1 Diagnostic options

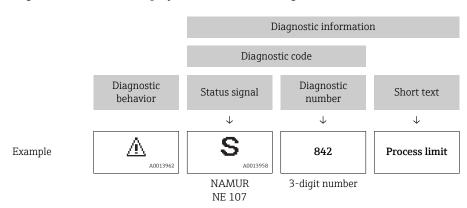
Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.



- 1 Status area with status signal→ 🖺 165
- 2 Diagnostic information→ 🖺 166
- 3 Remedy information with Service ID
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter
  - Via submenu  $\rightarrow$  🖺 176

## **Diagnostic information**

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



# 12.5.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

- On the home page Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
- In the **Diagnostics** menu
   Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

- 1. Call up the desired parameter.
- 2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.
  - ► A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

# 12.6 Diagnostic information via communication interface

# 12.6.1 Reading out diagnostic information

Diagnostic information can be read out via Modbus RS485 register addresses.

- Via register address **6821** (data type = string): diagnosis code, e.g. F270
- Via register address **6859** (data type = integer): diagnosis number, e.g. 270
- For an overview of diagnostic events with diagnosis number and diagnosis code  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\square}{=} 171$

# 12.6.2 Configuring error response mode

The error response mode for Modbus RS485 communication can be configured in the **Communication** submenu using 2 parameters.

#### Navigation path

Setup → Communication

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameters Description		Selection	Factory setting	
Failure mode	Select measured value output behavior when a diagnostic message occurs via Modbus communication.  This effect of this parameter depends on the option selected in the Assign diagnostic behavior parameter.	<ul> <li>NaN value</li> <li>Last valid value</li> <li>NaN = not a number</li> </ul>	NaN value	

# 12.7 Adapting the diagnostic information

# 12.7.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic behavior** submenu.

Expert  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic handling  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic behavior

You can assign the following options to the diagnostic number as the diagnostic behavior:

Options	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The measured value output via Modbus RS485 and the totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated. The background lighting changes to red.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The measured value output via Modbus RS485 and the totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.

Options	Description
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is displayed only in the <b>Event logbook</b> submenu ( <b>Event list</b> submenu) and is not displayed in alternation with the operational display.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

# 12.8 Overview of diagnostic information

- The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the measuring device has one or more application packages.
- In the case of some items of diagnostic information, the diagnostic behavior can be changed. Change the diagnostic information  $\rightarrow \triangleq 170$

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]				
Diagnostic of s	Diagnostic of sensor							
022	Temperature sensor defective	Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)     If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter     Replace sensor	F	Alarm				
046	Sensor limit exceeded	Inspect sensor     Check process condition	S	Alarm <sup>1)</sup>				
062	Sensor connection faulty	Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)     If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter     Replace sensor	F	Alarm				
063	Exciter current faulty	Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)     If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter     Replace sensor	S	Alarm				
082	Data storage	Check module connections     Contact service	F	Alarm				
083	Memory content	Restart device     Restore HistoROM S-DAT backup     ('Device reset' parameter')     Replace HistoROM S-DAT	F	Alarm				
140	Sensor signal asymmetrical	Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)     If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter     Replace sensor	S	Alarm 1)				
144	Measuring error too high	Check or change sensor     Check process conditions	F	Alarm <sup>1)</sup>				
Diagnostic of e	Diagnostic of electronic							
201	Device failure	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm				
242	Software incompatible	Check software     Flash or change main electronics module	F	Alarm				

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
252	Modules incompatible	Check electronic modules     Change electronic modules	F	Alarm
262	Sensor electronic connection faulty	Check or replace connection cable between sensor electronic module (ISEM) and main electronics     Check or replace ISEM or main electronics	F	Alarm
270	Main electronic failure	Change main electronic module	F	Alarm
271	Main electronic failure	Restart device     Change main electronic module	F	Alarm
272	Main electronic failure	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
273	Main electronic failure	Change electronic	F	Alarm
275	I/O module 1 to n defective	Change I/O module	F	Alarm
276	I/O module 1 to n faulty	Restart device     Change I/O module	F	Alarm
283	Memory content	Reset device     Contact service	F	Alarm
302	Device verification active	Device verification active, please wait.	С	Warning
311	Electronic failure	Do not reset device     Contact service	M	Warning
332	Writing in embedded HistoROM failed	Replace user interface board Ex d/XP: replace transmitter	F	Alarm
361	I/O module 1 to n faulty	Restart device     Check electronic modules     Change I/O Modul or main electronics	F	Alarm
372	Sensor electronic (ISEM) faulty	Restart device     Check if failure recurs     Replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)	F	Alarm
373	Sensor electronic (ISEM) faulty	Transfer data or reset device     Contact service	F	Alarm
374	Sensor electronic (ISEM) faulty	Restart device     Check if failure recurs     Replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
375	I/O- 1 to n communication failed	Restart device     Check if failure recurs     Replace module rack inclusive electronic modules	F	Alarm
382	Data storage	1. Insert T-DAT 2. Replace T-DAT	F	Alarm
383	Memory content	Restart device     Delete T-DAT via 'Reset device'     parameter     Replace T-DAT	F	Alarm
387	Embedded HistoROM failed	Contact service organization	F	Alarm

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]			
Diagnostic of configuration							
303	I/O 1 to n configuration changed	Apply I/O module configuration     (parameter 'Apply I/O     configuration')     Afterwards reload device     description and check wiring	М	Warning			
330	Flash file invalid	Update firmware of device     Restart device	M	Warning			
331	Firmware update failed	Update firmware of device     Restart device	F	Warning			
410	Data transfer	Check connection     Retry data transfer	F	Alarm			
412	Processing download	Download active, please wait	С	Warning			
431	Trim 1 to n	Carry out trim	С	Warning			
437	Configuration incompatible	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm			
438	Dataset	Check data set file     Check device configuration     Up- and download new configuration	М	Warning			
441	Current output 1 to n	Check process     Check current output settings	S	Warning			
442	Frequency output 1 to n	Check process     Check frequency output settings	S	Warning			
443	Pulse output 1 to n	Check process     Check pulse output settings	S	Warning			
444	Current input 1 to n	Check process     Check current input settings	S	Warning			
453	Flow override	Deactivate flow override	С	Warning			
484	Failure mode simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Alarm			
485	Measured variable simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning			
486	Current input 1 to n simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning			
491	Current output 1 to n simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning			
492	Simulation frequency output 1 to n	Deactivate simulation frequency output	С	Warning			
493	Simulation pulse output 1 to n	Deactivate simulation pulse output	С	Warning			
494	Switch output simulation 1 to n	Deactivate simulation switch output	С	Warning			
495	Diagnostic event simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning			
496	Status input simulation	Deactivate simulation status input	С	Warning			
502	CT activation/ deactivation failed	Follow the sequence of the custody transfer activation/deactivation: First authorized user login, then set the DIP switch on the main electonic module	С	Warning			

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
520	I/O 1 to n hardware configuration invalid	Check I/O hardware configuration     Replace wrong I/O module     Plug the module of double pulse output on correct slot	F	Alarm
537	Configuration	Check IP addresses in network     Change IP address	F	Warning
540	Custody transfer mode failed	Deactivate custody transfer mode     Reactivate custody transfer mode	F	Alarm
543	Double pulse output	Check process     Check pulse output settings	S	Warning
593	Double pulse output simulation	Deactivate simulation pulse output	С	Warning
594	Relay output simulation	Deactivate simulation switch output	С	Warning
599	Custody transfer logbook full	Deactivate custody transfer mode     Clear custody transfer logbook (all 30 entries)     Activate custody transfer mode	F	Warning
Diagnostic of p	process			
803	Current loop	Check wiring     Change I/O module	F	Alarm
830	Sensor temperature too high	Reduce ambient temp. around the sensor housing	S	Warning 1)
831	Sensor temperature too low	Increase ambient temp. around the sensor housing	S	Warning 1)
832	Electronic temperature too high	Reduce ambient temperature	S	Warning 1)
833	Electronic temperature too low	Increase ambient temperature	S	Warning 1)
834	Process temperature too high	Reduce process temperature	S	Warning 1)
835	Process temperature too low	Increase process temperature	S	Warning 1)
842	Process limit	Low flow cut off active!  1. Check low flow cut off configuration	S	Warning
843	Process limit	Check process conditions	S	Alarm
862	Partly filled pipe	Check for gas in process     Adjust detection limits	S	Warning
882	Input signal	Check input configuration     Check external device or process conditions	F	Alarm
910	Tubes not oscillating	Check electronic     Inspect sensor	F	Alarm
912	Medium inhomogeneous	Check process cond.     Increase system pressure	S	Warning 1)
913	Medium unsuitable	Check process conditions     Check electronic modules or sensor	S	Alarm <sup>1)</sup>

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
944	Monitoring failed	Check process conditions for Heartbeat Monitoring	S	Warning 1)
948	Oscillation damping too high	Check process conditions	S	Warning

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

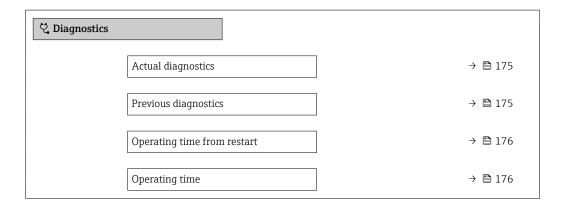
# 12.9 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
  - Via local display → 🗎 167
    - Via Web browser → 🗎 168
    - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 169
    - Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🖺 169
- Other pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\square}{=} 176$

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	A diagnostic event has occurred.	Shows the current occured diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.  If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
Previous diagnostics	Two diagnostic events have already occurred.	Shows the diagnostic event that occurred prior to the current diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.

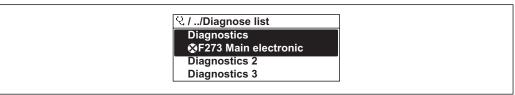
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Operating time from restart	-	Shows the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)

# 12.10 Diagnostic list

Up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the Diagnostic list submenu along with the associated diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the events with the highest priority are shown on the display.

# Navigation path

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list



■ 35 Taking the example of the local display

- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

  - Via Web browser → 🖺 168
  - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 169

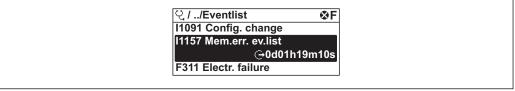
# 12.11 Event logbook

# 12.11.1 Event history

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the Events list submenu.

### Navigation path

**Diagnostics** menu → **Event logbook** submenu → Event list



A0014008-EN

■ 36 Taking the example of the local display

- Max. 20 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled in the device, the event list can contain up to 100 entries .

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events  $\rightarrow$  🗎 171
- Information events  $\rightarrow$  🗎 177

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In addition to the operation time of its occurrence, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is ended:

- Diagnostic event
  - €: Occurrence of the event
  - ⊖: End of the event
- Information event
  - €: Occurrence of the event
- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
  - Via local display → 167
    - Via Web browser → 🖺 168
    - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 169
    - Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🗎 169
- For filtering the displayed event messages  $\rightarrow = 177$

# 12.11.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter you can define which category of event message is displayed in the **Events list** submenu.

## Navigation path

Diagnostics → Event logbook → Filter options

# Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

# 12.11.3 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name
I1000	(Device ok)
I1079	Sensor changed
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I1092	Embedded HistoROM deleted
I1111	Density adjust failure
I1137	Electronic changed
I1151	History reset
I1155	Reset electronic temperature
I1156	Memory error trend
I1157	Memory error event list
I1184	Display connected
I1209	Density adjustment ok
I1221	Zero point adjust failure
I1222	Zero point adjustment ok

Info number	Info name
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1278	I/O module reset detected
I1335	Firmware changed
I1361	Web server login failed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1444	Device verification passed
I1445	Device verification failed
I1447	Record application reference data
I1448	Application reference data recorded
I1449	Recording application ref. data failed
I1450	Monitoring off
I1451	Monitoring on
I1457	Measured error verification failed
I1459	I/O module verification failed
I1460	HBSI verification failed
I1461	Sensor verification failed
I1462	Sensor electronic module verific. failed
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1517	Custody transfer active
I1518	Custody transfer inactive
I1618	I/O module replaced
I1619	I/O module replaced
I1621	I/O module replaced
I1622	Calibration changed
I1624	Reset all totalizers
I1625	Write protection activated
I1626	Write protection deactivated
I1627	Web server login successful
I1628	Display login successful
I1629	CDI login successful
I1631	Web server access changed
I1632	Display login failed
I1633	CDI login failed
I1634	Parameter factory reset
I1635	Parameter delivery reset
I1639	Max. switch cycles number reached
I1643	Custody transfer logbook cleared
I1649	Hardware write protection activated
I1650	Hardware write protection deactivated

Info number	Info name
I1651	Custody transfer parameter changed
I1712	New flash file received
I1725	Sensor electronic module (ISEM) changed
I1726	Configuration backup failed

# 12.12 Resetting the measuring device

Using the **Device reset** parameter ( $\rightarrow \boxminus 140$ ) it is possible to reset the entire device configuration or some of the configuration to a defined state.

# 12.12.1 Function scope of the "Device reset" parameter

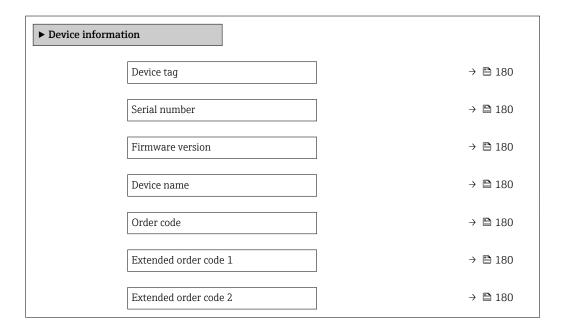
Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to this customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter whose data are in the volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.
Restore S-DAT backup	Restore the data that are saved on the S-DAT. The data record is restored from the electronics memory to the S-DAT.

# 12.13 Device information

The **Device information** submenu contains all parameters that display different information for device identification.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device information



Extended order code 3	→ 🖺 180
ENP version	→ 🖺 180

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Device tag	Shows name of measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Promass300 500MB
Serial number	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.	A maximum of 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.	-
Firmware version	Shows the device firmware version installed.	Character string in the format xx.yy.zz	-
Device name	Shows the name of the transmitter.  The name can be found on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Promass300/500	-
Order code	Shows the device order code.  The order code can be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Order code" field.	Character string composed of letters, numbers and certain punctuation marks (e.g. /).	-
Extended order code 1	Shows the 1st part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
Extended order code 2	Shows the 2nd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
Extended order code 3	Shows the 3rd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
ENP version	Shows the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string	2.02.00

# 12.14 Firmware history

	delease date	Firmware version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware changes	Documentation type	Documentation
08	8.2016	01.00.zz	Option <b>76</b>	Original firmware	Operating Instructions	BA01542D/06/EN/01.16

- It is possible to flash the firmware to the current version or the previous version using the service interface.
- For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.
- The manufacturer's information is available:
  - In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Downloads
  - Specify the following details:
    - Product root, e.g. 8E5B
    - Text search: Manufacturer's information
    - Media type: Documentation Technical Documentation

# 13 Maintenance

# 13.1 Maintenance tasks

No special maintenance work is required.

## 13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

# 13.1.2 Interior cleaning

Observe the following points for CIP and SIP cleaning:

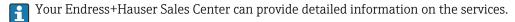
- Use only cleaning agents to which the process-wetted materials are adequately resistant.
- Observe the maximum permitted medium temperature for the measuring device  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 203$ .

Observe the following point for cleaning with pigs:

Observe the inside diameter of the measuring tube and process connection.

# 13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of measuring and test equipment, such as W@M or device tests.



List of some of the measuring and testing equipment:  $\rightarrow \implies 185$ 

#### 13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14 Repairs

#### 14.1 General notes

# 14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring devices have a modular design.
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated Installation Instructions.
- Repairs are carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers.
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified devices by Endress+Hauser Service or at the factory.

## 14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion

For repair and modification of a measuring device, observe the following notes:

- ▶ Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- ▶ Carry out the repair according to the Installation Instructions.
- ▶ Observe the applicable standards, federal/national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates.
- ▶ Document every repair and each conversion and enter them into the *W*@*M* life cycle management database.

# 14.2 Spare parts

*W@M Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer):

All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.

- Measuring device serial number:
  - Is located on the nameplate of the device.
  - Can be read out via the Serial number parameter (→ 180) in the Device information submenu.

#### 14.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14.4 Return

The measuring device must be returned if it is need of repair or a factory calibration, or if the wrong measuring device has been delivered or ordered. Legal specifications require Endress+Hauser, as an ISO-certified company, to follow certain procedures when handling products that are in contact with the medium.

To ensure safe, swift and professional device returns, please refer to the procedure and conditions for returning devices provided on the Endress+Hauser website at <a href="http://www.endress.com/support/return-material">http://www.endress.com/support/return-material</a>

# 14.5 Disposal

# 14.5.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

#### **WARNING**

## Danger to persons from process conditions.

- ► Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive fluids.
- 2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

# 14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device

#### **MARNING**

#### Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

► Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- ▶ Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- ► Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

# 15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

# 15.1 Device-specific accessories

#### 15.1.1 For the transmitter

Accessories	Description
Transmitter Proline 500 Proline 500 – digital	Transmitter for replacement or storage. Use the order code to define the following specifications:  Approvals Output Input Display / operation Housing Software For details, see Installation Instructions EA01150 For details Proline 500 – digital transmitter: Installation Instructions EA01151 Proline 500 transmitter: Installation Instructions EA01152  Proline 500 transmitter for replacement: the serial number of the current transmitter should always be quoted when ordering. On the basis of the
WI.AN antenna	serial number, the device-specific data of the replacement device can also be used for the new transmitter.  External WLAN antenna for a range of up to 50 m (165 ft).
Wide range	Further information on the WLAN interface →   83.
Post mounting kit	Post mounting kit for transmitter.  The post mounting kit can only be ordered together with a transmitter.
Protective cover Proline 500	Is used to protect the measuring device from the effects of the weather: e.g. rainwater, excess heating from direct sunlight.  For details, see Installation Instructions EA01160
Display guard Proline 500 – digital	Is used to protect the measuring device from the effects of the weather: e.g. rainwater, excess heating from direct sunlight.  For details, see Installation Instructions EA01161
Connecting cable Proline 500 – digital Sensor – Transmitter	The following cable lengths are available: order code for "Cable, sensor connection"  Option B: 20 m (65 ft)  Option E: User configurable up to max. 50 m  Option F: User configurable up to max. 165 ft  Maximum possible cable length for a Proline 500 – digital connecting cable: 300 m (1000 ft)
Connecting cable Proline 500 Sensor – Transmitter	The following cable lengths are available: order code for "Cable, sensor connection"  Option 1: 5 m (16 ft) Option 2: 10 m (32 ft) Option 3: 20 m (65 ft)  Possible cable length for a Proline 500 connecting cable: max. 20 m (65 ft)

# 15.1.2 For the sensor

Accessories	Description
Heating jacket	Is used to stabilize the temperature of the fluids in the sensor.  Water, water vapor and other non-corrosive liquids are permitted for use as fluids.  If using oil as a heating medium, please consult with Endress+Hauser.  For details, see Operating Instructions BA00099D

# 15.2 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description	
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:  Choice of measuring devices for industrial requirements  Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and accuracy.  Graphic illustration of the calculation results  Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.  Applicator is available:  Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator  As a downloadable DVD for local PC installation.	
W@M Life Cycle Management Improved productivity with information at your fingertips. Data releval and its components is generated from the first stages of planning and asset's complete life cycle.  W@M Life Cycle Management is an open and flexible information platonline and on-site tools. Instant access for your staff to current, in-depth shortens your plant's engineering time, speeds up procurement process increases plant uptime.  Combined with the right services, W@M Life Cycle Management boost productivity in every phase. For more information, visit www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement		
FieldCare  FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you man using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of chataus and condition.  For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059		
DeviceCare	Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.  For details, see Innovation brochure IN01047S	

# 15.3 System components

Accessories	Description
Memograph M graphic display recorder	The Memograph M graphic display recorder provides information on all relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.
	For details, see "Technical Information" TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R
Cerabar M	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value.
	For details, see "Technical Information" TI00426P, TI00436P and Operating Instructions BA00200P, BA00382P

Cerabar S	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value.  For details, see "Technical Information" TI00383P and Operating Instructions
	BA00271P
iTEMP	The temperature transmitters can be used in all applications and are suitable for the measurement of gases, steam and liquids. They can be used to read in the fluid temperature.
	For details, see "Fields of Activity", FA00006T

# 16 Technical data

# 16.1 Application

The measuring device is suitable for flow measurement of liquids and gases only.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

# 16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Mass flow measurement based on the Coriolis measuring principle	
Measuring system	The measuring system consists of a transmitter and a sensor. The transmitter and sensor are mounted in physically separate locations. They are interconnected by one connecting cable(s).	
	For information on the structure of the device $\rightarrow = 14$	

# 16.3 Input

#### Measured variable

#### Direct measured variables

- Mass flow
- Density
- Temperature
- Viscosity

#### Calculated measured variables

- Volume flow
- Corrected volume flow
- Reference density

# Measuring range

# Measuring ranges for liquids

DN		Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
8	3/8	0 to 2 000	0 to 73.50
15	1/2	0 to 6 500	0 to 238.9
15 FB	½ FB	0 to 18 000	0 to 661.5
25	1	0 to 18000	0 to 661.5
25 FB	1 FB	0 to 45 000	0 to 1654
40	11/2	0 to 45 000	0 to 1654
40 FB	1½ FB	0 to 70 000	0 to 2 573
50	2	0 to 70 000	0 to 2 573
50 FB	2 FB	0 to 180 000	0 to 6615
80	3	0 to 180 000	0 to 6 615
FB = Full bore			

# Measuring ranges for gases

The full scale values depend on the density of the gas and can be calculated with the formula below:

 $\dot{m}_{max(G)} = \dot{m}_{max(F)} \cdot \rho_G : x$ 

m <sub>max(G)</sub>	Maximum full scale value for gas [kg/h]
m <sub>max(F)</sub>	Maximum full scale value for liquid [kg/h]
$\dot{m}_{\max(G)} < \dot{m}_{\max(F)}$	$\dot{m}_{ max(G)}$ can never be greater than $\dot{m}_{ max(F)}$
$\rho_{G}$	Gas density in [kg/m³] at operating conditions
х	Constant dependent on nominal diameter

D	х	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/m³]
8	3/8	60
15	1/2	80
15 FB	½ FB	90

D	х	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/m³]
25	1	90
25 FB	1 FB	90
40	1½	90
40 FB	1½ FB	90
50	2	90
50 FB	2 FB	110
80	3	110
FB = Full bore		

#### Calculation example for gas

- Sensor: Promass I, DN 50
- Gas: Air with a density of 60.3 kg/m³ (at 20 °C and 50 bar)
- Measuring range (liquid): 70000 kg/h
- $x = 90 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ (for Promass I, DN 50)}$

Maximum possible full scale value:

 $\dot{m}_{max(G)} = \dot{m}_{max(F)} \cdot \rho_G : x = 70\,000 \text{ kg/h} \cdot 60.3 \text{ kg/m}^3 : 90 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 46\,900 \text{ kg/h}$ 

#### Recommended measuring range

#### Operable flow range

Over 1000:1.

Flow rates above the preset full scale value do not override the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.

### Input signal

#### External measured values

To increase the accuracy of certain measured variables or to calculate the corrected volume flow for gases, the automation system can continuously write different measured values to the measuring device:

- Operating pressure to increase accuracy (Endress+Hauser recommends the use of a pressure measuring device for absolute pressure, e.g. Cerabar M or Cerabar S)
- Fluid temperature to increase accuracy (e.g. iTEMP)
- Reference density for calculating the corrected volume flow for gases

Various pressure transmitters and temperature measuring devices can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section → 🖺 186

It is recommended to read in external measured values to calculate the following measured variables for gases:

- Mass flow
- Corrected volume flow

#### Current input

#### Digital communication

The measured values are written from the automation system to the measuring device via Modbus RS485.

# Current input 0/4 to 20 mA

Current input	0/4 to 20 mA (active/passive)
Current span	<ul><li>4 to 20 mA (active)</li><li>0/4 to 20 mA (passive)</li></ul>
Resolution	1 μΑ
Voltage drop	Typically: 0.6 to 2 V for 3.6 to 22 mA (passive)
Maximum input voltage	≤ 30 V (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	≤ 28.8 V (active)
Possible input variables	<ul><li>Pressure</li><li>Temperature</li><li>Density</li></ul>

# Status input

Maximum input values	■ DC −3 to 30 V ■ If status input is active (ON): R <sub>i</sub> >3 kΩ
Response time	Adjustable: 5 to 200 ms
Input signal level	<ul> <li>Low signal: DC -3 to +5 V</li> <li>High signal: DC 12 to 30 V</li> </ul>
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Reset the individual totalizers separately</li> <li>Reset all totalizers</li> <li>Flow override</li> </ul>

# 16.4 Output

# Output signal

# Modbus RS485

Physical interface	RS485 in accordance with EIA/TIA-485 standard
Terminating resistor	Integrated, can be activated via DIP switches

# Current output 0/4 to 20 mA

Current output	0/4 to 20 mA
Maximum output values	22.5 mA
Current span	Can be set to:
	<ul><li>4 to 20 mA (active)</li><li>0/4 to 20 mA (passive)</li></ul>
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Maximum input voltage	DC 30 V (passive)
Load	$0$ to $700~\Omega$
Resolution	0.38 μΑ
Damping	Adjustable: 0.07 to 999 s
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>

# Pulse/frequency/switch output

Function	Can be set to pulse, frequency or switch output
Version	Open collector
	Can be set to: Active Passive
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Voltage drop	For 22.5 mA: ≤ DC 2 V
Pulse output	
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Maximum output current	22.5 mA (active)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Pulse width	Adjustable: 0.05 to 2 000 ms
Maximum pulse rate	10 000 Impulse/s
Pulse value	Adjustable

Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Maximum output current	22.5 mA (active)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Output frequency	Adjustable: end value frequency 2 to $10000\text{Hz}$ (f $_{\text{max}}$ = $12500\text{Hz}$ )
Damping	Adjustable: 0 to 999 s
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>
Switch output	
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Switching delay	Adjustable: 0 to 100 s
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit value         <ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1-3</li> </ul> </li> <li>Flow direction monitoring</li> <li>Status         <ul> <li>Partially filled pipe detection</li> <li>Low flow cut off</li> </ul> </li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>

# Double pulse output

Function	Double pulse
Version	Open collector Can be set to: Active
Maximum input values	■ Passive DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)

Voltage drop	For 22.5 mA: ≤ DC 2 V
Output frequency	Adjustable: 0 to 1 000 Hz
Damping	Adjustable: 0 to 999 s
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>

# Relay output

Function	Switch output
Version	Relay output, galvanically isolated
Switching behavior	Can be set to: NO (normally open), factory setting NC (normally closed)
Maximum switching capacity (passive)	■ DC 30 V, 0.1 A ■ AC 30 V, 0.5 A
Assignable functions	■ Off ■ On ■ Diagnostic behavior ■ Limit value ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Density ■ Reference density ■ Temperature ■ Totalizer 1-3 ■ Flow direction monitoring ■ Status ■ Partially filled pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off ■ The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

#### User configurable input/output

**One** specific input or output is assigned to a user-configurable input/output (configurable I/O) during device commissioning.

The following inputs and outputs are available for assignment:

- Choice of current output: 4 to 20 mA (active), 0/4 to 20 mA (passive)
- Pulse/frequency/switch output
- Choice of current input: 4 to 20 mA (active), 0/4 to 20 mA (passive)
- Status input

The technical values correspond to those of the inputs and outputs described in this section.

Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

#### Modbus RS485

Failure mode	Choose from:
	■ NaN value instead of current value
	■ Last valid value

# Current output 0/4 to 20 mA

# 4 to 20 mA

Choose from:  4 to 20 mA in accordance with NAMUR recommendation NE 43  4 to 20 mA in accordance with US  Min. value: 3.59 mA  Max. value: 22.5 mA  Freely definable value between: 3.59 to 22.5 mA
<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>Last valid value</li></ul>

# 0 to 20 mA

Failure mode	Choose from:
	■ Maximum alarm: 22 mA
	■ Freely definable value between: 0 to 20.5 mA

# Relay output

Failure mode	Choose from:  Current status
	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>

# Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures	
Backlight	Red backlighting indicates a device error.	



Status signal as per NAMUR recommendation NE 107

# Interface/protocol

- Via digital communication: Modbus RS485
- Via service interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
--------------------	---

## Web server

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
--------------------	---

# Light emitting diodes (LED)

Status information	Status indicated by various light emitting diodes
	The following information is displayed depending on the device version:  Supply voltage active  Data transmission active  Device alarm/error has occurred  Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes

Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

Galvanic isolation

The outputs are galvanically isolated from one another and from earth (PE).

# Protocol-specific data

Protocol	Modbus Applications Protocol Specification V1.1			
Response times	<ul> <li>Direct data access: typically 25 to 50 ms</li> <li>Auto-scan buffer (data range): typically 3 to 5 ms</li> </ul>			
Device type	Slave			
Slave address range	1 to 247			
Broadcast address range	0			
Function codes	<ul> <li>03: Read holding register</li> <li>04: Read input register</li> <li>06: Write single registers</li> <li>08: Diagnostics</li> <li>16: Write multiple registers</li> <li>23: Read/write multiple registers</li> </ul>			
Broadcast messages	Supported by the following function codes:  • 06: Write single registers  • 16: Write multiple registers  • 23: Read/write multiple registers			
Supported baud rate	<ul> <li>1200 BAUD</li> <li>2400 BAUD</li> <li>4800 BAUD</li> <li>9600 BAUD</li> <li>19200 BAUD</li> <li>38400 BAUD</li> <li>57600 BAUD</li> <li>115200 BAUD</li> </ul>			
Data transfer mode	■ ASCII ■ RTU			
Data access	Each device parameter can be accessed via Modbus RS485.  For Modbus register information			
Compatibility with earlier model	If the device is replaced, the Promass 500 measuring device supports the compatibility of the Modbus registers for process variables and diagnostic information with the earlier Promass 83 model. It is not necessary to change the engineering parameters in the automation system.			

# 16.5 Power supply

Terminal assignment

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Supply voltage	Order code for terminal voltage Frequency ra				
	Option <b>D</b>	DC 24 V	±20%	-	
	Option <b>E</b>	AC100 to 240 V	-15+10%	50/60 Hz	
	Option <b>I</b>	DC 24 V	±20%	-	
	Option 1	AC100 to 240 V	-15+10%	50/60 Hz	
Power consumption	Transmitter				
	Max. 10 W (active power)				
Current consumption	Transmitter				
	<ul> <li>Max. 400 mA (24 V)</li> <li>Max. 200 mA (110 V, 50</li> </ul>	)/60 Hz; 230 V, 50	)/60 Hz)		
Power supply failure	<ul> <li>Totalizers stop at the last</li> <li>Configuration is retained</li> <li>Error messages (incl. total</li> </ul>	in the plug-in me		M DAT).	
Electrical connection	→ 🗎 41				
Potential equalization	→ 🗎 54				
Terminals	<b>Transmitter</b> Spring terminals for conductor cross-section 0.2 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 12 AWG)				
Cable entries	<ul> <li>Cable gland: M20 × 1.5 with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)</li> <li>Thread for cable entry:         <ul> <li>NPT ½"</li> <li>G ½"</li> <li>M20</li> </ul> </li> <li>Device plug for connecting cable: M12         <ul> <li>A device plug is always used for the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing", option C "Ultra-compact, hygienic, stainless".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
Cable specification	→ 🖺 36				
	16.6 Performan	ice character	istics		
reference operating conditions	<ul> <li>Error limits based on ISO 11631</li> <li>Water with +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F) at2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)</li> <li>Specifications as per calibration protocol</li> <li>Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs that are traced to ISO 17025.</li> </ul>				
	To obtain measured en	crors, use the <i>Appl</i>	icator sizing too	ol → 🖺 186	
Maximum measured error	o.r. = of reading; 1 g/cm <sup>3</sup> =	1 kg/l; T = mediu	m temperature		

#### **Base accuracy**



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Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)

 $\pm 0.10$  % o.r.

Mass flow (gases)

±0.50 % o.r.

Density (liquids)

Under reference operating conditions	Standard density calibration 1)	Wide-range Density specification <sup>2) 3)</sup>
[g/cm³]	[g/cm³]	[g/cm³]
±0.0005	±0.02	±0.004

- 1) Valid over the entire temperature and density range
- 2) Valid range for special density calibration: 0 to 2 g/cm³, +10 to +80  $^{\circ}$ C (+50 to +176  $^{\circ}$ F)
- 3) Order code for "Application package", option EF "Special density" or option EH "Special density and viscosity"

#### **Temperature**

 $\pm 0.5 \text{ °C} \pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T °C} (\pm 0.9 \text{ °F} \pm 0.003 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \text{ °F})$ 

#### Zero point stability

D	N	Zero poin	t stability
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
8	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	0.150	0.0055
15	1/2	0.488	0.0179
15 FB	½ FB	1.350	0.0496
25	1	1.350	0.0496
25 FB	1 FB	3.375	0.124
40	1½	3.375	0.124
40 FB	1 ½ FB	5.25	0.193
50	2	5.25	0.193
50 FB	2 FB	13.5	0.496
80	3	13.5	0.496
FB = Full bore			

## Flow values

Flow values as turndown parameter depending on nominal diameter.

# SI units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
8	2 000	200	100	40	20	4
15	6500	650	325	130	65	13

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
15 FB	18 000	1800	900	360	180	36
25	18 000	1800	900	360	180	36
25 FB	45 000	4500	2 250	900	450	90
40	45 000	4500	2 250	900	450	90
40 FB	70 000	7 000	3 500	1400	700	140
50	70 000	7 000	3 500	1400	700	140
50 FB	180 000	18 000	9 000	3 600	1800	360
80	180 000	18 000	9 000	3 600	1800	360
FB = Full bore	2					

#### US units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[inch]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]
3/8	73.50	7.350	3.675	1.470	0.735	0.147
1/2	238.9	23.89	11.95	4.778	2.389	0.478
½ FB	661.5	66.15	33.08	13.23	6.615	1.323
1	661.5	66.15	33.08	13.23	6.615	1.323
1 FB	1654	165.4	82.70	33.08	16.54	3.308
11/2	1654	165.4	82.70	33.08	16.54	3.308
1½ FB	2 573	257.3	128.7	51.46	25.73	5.146
2	2 573	257.3	128.7	51.46	25.73	5.146
2 FB	6615	661.5	330.8	132.3	66.15	13.23
3	6615	661.5	330.8	132.3	66.15	13.23
FB = Full bore						

# Accuracy of outputs

The outputs have the following base accuracy specifications.

Current output

Accuracy	±5 μA
----------	-------

Pulse/frequency output

o.r. = of reading

Accuracy	Max. ±50 ppm o.r. (across the entire ambient temperature range)
----------	---

Repeatability

o.r. = of reading;  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature

# Base repeatability

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)

±0.05 % o.r.

#### Mass flow (gases)

±0.25 % o.r.



# Density (liquids)

 $\pm 0.00025 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

#### **Temperature**

 $\pm 0.25 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.0025 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.45 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 0.0015 \cdot (\text{T}-32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### Response time

The response time depends on the configuration (damping).

#### Influence of ambient temperature

#### **Current output**

o.r. = of reading

Temperature coefficient	Max. 1 μA/°C
-------------------------	--------------

#### Pulse/frequency output

Temperature coefficient	No additional effect. Included in accuracy.
-------------------------	---

#### Influence of medium temperature

#### Mass flow and volume flow

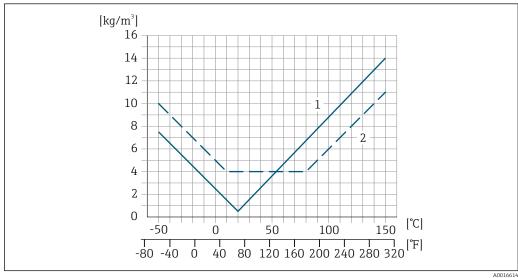
When there is a difference between the temperature for zero point adjustment and the process temperature, the typical measured error of the sensor is ±0.0002 % of the full scale value/°C (±0.0001 % of the full scale value/°F).

#### Density

When there is a difference between the density calibration temperature and the process temperature, the typical measured error of the sensor is  $\pm 0.0001$  g/cm<sup>3</sup> /°C ( $\pm 0.00005$  g/cm<sup>3</sup> /°F). Field density calibration is possible.

#### Wide-range density specification (special density calibration)

If the process temperature is outside the valid range  $(\rightarrow \triangleq 197)$  the measured error is  $\pm 0.0001 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ /°C } (\pm 0.00005 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ /°F})$ 



- Field density calibration, for example at +20 °C (+68 °F)
- Special density calibration

## **Temperature**

 $\pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T} \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.005 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

# Influence of medium pressure

The table below shows the effect on accuracy of mass flow due to a difference between calibration pressure and process pressure.

o.r. = of reading

DN		[% o.r./bar]	[% o.r./psi]	
[mm]	[in]			
8	3/8	No effect	No effect	
15	1/2	No effect	No effect	
15 FB	½ FB	+0.003	+0.0002	
25	1	+0.003	+0.0002	
25 FB	1 FB	No effect	No effect	
40	1½	No effect	No effect	
40 FB	1½ FB	No effect	No effect	
50	2	No effect	No effect	
50 FB	2 FB	No effect	No effect	
80	3	No effect	No effect	
FB = Full bore				

# Design fundamentals

o.r. = of reading, o.f.s. = of full scale value

BaseAccu = base accuracy in % o.r., BaseRepeat = base repeatability in % o.r.

MeasValue = measured value; ZeroPoint = zero point stability

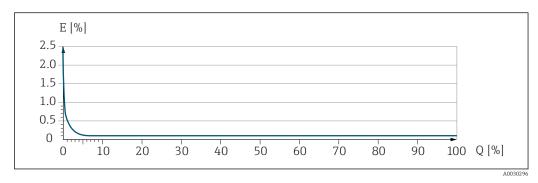
Calculation of the maximum measured error as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum measured error in % o.r.
≥ ZeroPoint · 100	± BaseAccu
A0021332	A0021337
< ZeroPoint · 100	± ZeroPoint MeasValue · 100
A0021333	A0021334

Calculation of the maximum repeatability as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum repeatability in % o.r.
$\geq \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseRepeat} \cdot 100$	± BaseRepeat
A0021335	A0021340
$<\frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseRepeat} \cdot 100$	± ½ · ZeroPoint MeasValue · 100
A0021336	A0021337

#### Example for max. measured error



- E Error: Maximum measured error as % o.r. (example)
- Q Flow rate as %

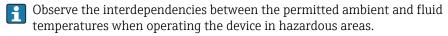
# 16.7 Installation

## 16.8 Environment

Ambient temperature range

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#### Temperature tables



For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

Storage temperature

 $-50 \text{ to } +80 ^{\circ}\text{C} (-58 \text{ to } +176 ^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Climate class

DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

## Degree of protection

#### Transmitter

- As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure
- With the order code for "Sensor options", option **CM**: IP69K can also be ordered
- When housing is open: IP20, type 1 enclosure
- Display module: IP20, type 1 enclosure

#### Sensor

As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure

#### External WLAN antenna

IP67

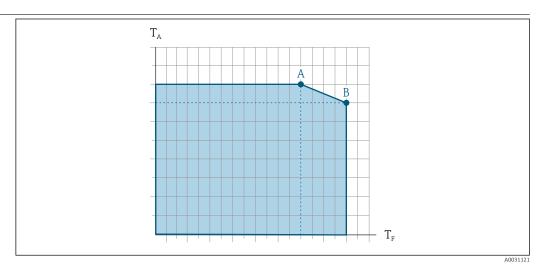
#### Vibration resistance

- Vibration, sinusoidal according to IEC 60068-2-6
  - 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak
  - 8.4 to 2000 Hz, 1 g peak
- Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64
  - 10 to 200 Hz, 0.003  $g^2/Hz$
  - -200 to 2000 Hz, 0.001  $g^2/Hz$
  - Total: 1.54 g rms

Shock resistance	Shock, half-sine according to IEC 60068-2-27 6 ms 30 g
Impact resistance	Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21)  For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.

# 16.9 Process

# Medium temperature range



- T<sub>A</sub> Ambient temperature
- $T_F$  Medium temperature
- A Maximum permitted medium temperature at  $T_{A max}$  = 60 °C (140 °F); higher medium temperatures require a reduction in the ambient temperature  $T_F$  (derating)
- B Maximum permitted ambient temperature at the maximum specified medium temperature of the sensor

Sensor	Noninsulated				Insulated			
	A		В		A		В	
	T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>F</sub>
Promass I 500 – digital	60 ℃ (140 ℉)	140 ℃ (284 ℉)	55 ℃ (131 ℉)	150 ℃ (302 ℉)	60 ℃ (140 ℉)	90 ℃ (194 ℉)	45 ℃ (113 ℉)	150 ℃ (302 ℉)

# **Seals**No internal seals

Density	0 to 5 000 kg/m³ (0 to 312 lb/cf)
Pressure-temperature ratings	An overview of the pressure-temperature ratings for the process connections is provided in the "Technical Information" document
Secondary containment pressure rating	The sensor housing is filled with dry inert gas and protects the electronics and mechanics inside.

The following secondary containment pressure rating is only valid for a fully welded sensor housing and/or a device equipped with closed purge connections (never opened/as delivered).

DN		pressur (designed with	ontainment e rating a safety factor 4)	Secondary containment burst pressure		
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[psi]	[bar]	[psi]	
8	3/8	40	580	220	3 190	
15	1/2	40	580	220	3 190	
15 FB	½ FB	40	580	235	3 408	
25	1	40	580	235	3 408	
25 FB	1 FB	40	580	220	3 190	
40	1½	40	580	220	3 190	
40 FB	1 ½ FB	40	580	235	3 408	
50	2	40	580	235	3 408	
50 FB	2 FB	40	580	460	6670	
80	3	40	580	460	6670	
FB = Full bore						

If there is a risk of the measuring tube breaking due to process characteristics, e.g. in the case of corrosive fluids, we recommend the use of sensors whose secondary containment is equipped with special "pressure monitoring connections" (order code for "Sensor option", option **CH** "purge connection").

With the help of these connections, the fluid collected in the secondary containment can be bled off in the event of tube failure. This is especially important in high-pressure gas applications. These connections can also be used for gas purging (gas detection).

Do not open the purge connections unless the containment can be filled immediately with a dry, inert gas. Use only low gauge pressure to purge. Maximum pressure: 5 bar (72.5 psi).

If a device fitted with purge connections is connected to the purge system, the maximum nominal pressure is determined by the purge system itself or by the device, depending on which component has the lower nominal pressure.

For information on the dimensions: see the "Mechanical construction" section of the "Technical Information" document

#### Flow limit

Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss.

- For an overview of the full scale values for the measuring range, see the "Measuring range" section
- The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value
- In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal
- A low full scale value must be selected for abrasive media (such as liquids with entrained solids): flow velocity < 1 m/s (< 3 ft/s).
- For gas measurement the following rules apply:
  - The flow velocity in the measuring tubes should not exceed half the sound velocity (0.5 Mach).

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Pressure loss



System pressure

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# 16.10 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions



For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

Weight

Excluding the transmitter

- Aluminum
- 6.5 kg (14.3 lbs)
- Digital: 2.4 kg (5.3 lbs)
- Polycarbonate: 1.4 kg (3.1 lbs)
- Cast, stainless:15.6 kg (34.4 lbs)

Cast connection housing version, stainless: +3.7 kg (+8.2 lbs)

All values (weight) refer to devices with EN/DIN PN 40 flanges.

# Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
8	11
15	13
15 FB	19
25	20
25 FB	39
40	40
40 FB	65
50	67
50 FB	118
80	122
FB = Full bore	

# Weight in US units

DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
3/8	24
1/2	29
½ FB	42
1	44
1 FB	86
1½	88
1½ FB	143
2	148

DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
2 FB	260
3	269
FB = Full bore	

#### Materials

#### Transmitter housing

Proline 500 – digital transmitter housing

Order code for "Transmitter housing":

- Option A "Aluminum coated": aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Option **D** "Polycarbonate": polycarbonate

Proline 500 transmitter housing

Order code for "Transmitter housing":

- Option A "Aluminum coated": aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Option L "Cast, stainless": cast, stainless steel, 1.4409 (CF3M) similar to 316L

Window material

Order code for "Transmitter housing":

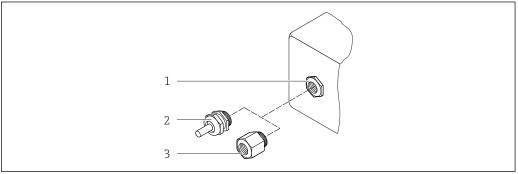
- Option A "Aluminum, coated": glass
- Option **D** "Polycarbonate": plastic
- Option L "Cast, stainless": glass

#### Sensor connection housing

Order code for "Sensor connection housing":

- Option A "Aluminum coated": aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Option **B** "Stainless":
  - Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
  - Optional: Order code for "Sensor feature", option **CC** "Hygienic version, for maximum corrosion resistance": stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
- Option **C** "Ultra-compact, stainless":
  - Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
  - Optional: Order code for "Sensor feature", option CC "Hygienic version, for maximum corrosion resistance": stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
- Option L "Cast, stainless": 1.4409 (CF3M) similar to 316L

# Cable entries/cable glands



■ 37 Possible cable entries/cable glands

- Cable entry with M20 × 1.5 internal thread
- Cable gland M20  $\times$  1.5 2
- Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"

Cable entries and adapters	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Plastic
<ul> <li>Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"</li> <li>Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"</li> </ul>	Nickel-plated brass
Only available for certain device versions:  Order code for "Transmitter housing":  Option A "Aluminum, coated"  Order code for "Sensor connection housing":  Option A "Aluminum coated"  Proline 500 – digital: Option B "Stainless"  Option C "Ultra-compact hygienic, stainless"	
<ul> <li>Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"</li> <li>Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"</li> </ul>	Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
Only available for certain device versions:  Order code for "Transmitter housing": Option L "Cast, stainless"  Order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option L "Cast, stainless"	

#### Connecting cable

Connecting cable for sensor - Proline 500 – digital transmitter

PVC cable with copper shield

Connecting cable for sensor - Proline 500 transmitter

- Standard cable: PVC cable with copper shield
- Reinforced cable: PVC cable with copper shield and additional steel wire braided jacket

#### Sensor housing

- Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
- Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

## Measuring tubes

Grade 9 titanium

#### **Process connections**

- Flanges according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) / according to ASME B16.5/ according to IIS:
  - Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
  - Wetted parts: Grade 2 titanium
- All other process connections: Grade 2 titanium
- List of all available process connections  $\rightarrow \triangleq 208$

#### Seals

Welded process connections without internal seals

#### Accessories

Protective cover

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

#### External WLAN antenna

WLAN antenna:

ASA plastic (acrylic ester-styrene-acrylonitrile) and nickel-plated brass

Adapter:

Stainless steel and copper

#### Process connections

- Fixed flange connections:
  - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) flange
  - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2512N) flange
  - ASME B16.5 flange
  - IIS B2220 flange
  - DIN 11864-2 Form A flange, DIN11866 series A, flat flange
- Clamp connections

Tri-Clamp (OD tubes), DIN 11866 series C

• Excentric clamp connection:

Excen. Tri-Clamp, DIN 11866 series C

- Threaded hygienic connection:
  - DIN 11851 threaded hygienic connection, DIN11866 series A
  - SMS 1145 threaded hygienic connection
  - ISO 2853 threaded hygienic connection, ISO2037
  - DIN 11864-1 Form A threaded hygienic connection, DIN11866 series A



For information on the different materials used in the process connections  $\rightarrow \triangleq 207$ 

#### Surface roughness

All data relate to parts in contact with fluid.

- Not polished
- $Ra_{max} = 0.8 \mu m (32 \mu in)$
- $Ra_{max} = 0.4 \mu m (16 \mu in)$

# 16.11 Operability

#### Languages

Can be operated in the following languages:

■ Via local operation

English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Arabic, Bahasa (Indonesian), Thai, Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish

Via Web browser

English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Arabic, Bahasa (Indonesian), Thai, Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish

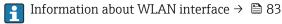
• Via "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese

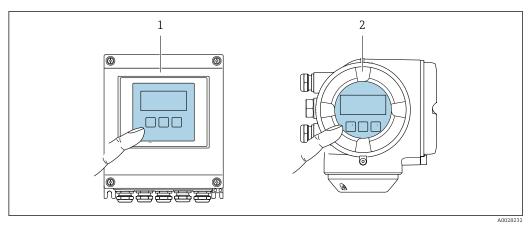
#### Local operation

#### Via display module

Two display modules are available:

- Order code for "Display; operation", option **F** "4-line, backlit, graphic display; touch control"
- Order code for "Display; operation", option **G** "4-line, backlit, graphic display; touch control + WLAN"





■ 38 Operation with touch control

- 1 Proline 500 digital
- 2 Proline 500

# Display elements

- 4-line, illuminated, graphic display
- White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured
- Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +60 °C (-4 to +140 °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

#### Operating elements

- External operation via touch control (3 optical keys) without opening the housing: ±, □, ■
- Operating elements also accessible in various hazardous areas

Remote operation	→ 🖺 82
Service interface	→ 🖺 82
Supported operating tools	Different operating tools can be used for local or remote access to the measuring device.  Depending on the operating tool used, access is possible with different operating units and via a variety of interfaces.

Supported operating tools	Operating unit	Interface	Additional information
Web browser	Notebook, PC or tablet with Web browser	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li></ul>	Special Documentation for the device → 🖺 216
DeviceCare SFE100	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li><li>Fieldbus protocol</li></ul>	→ 🖺 186
FieldCare SFE500	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li><li>Fieldbus protocol</li></ul>	→ 🖺 186

- Other operating tools based on FDT technology with a device driver such as DTM/iDTM or DD/EDD can be used for device operation. These operating tools are available from the individual manufacturers. Integration into the following operating tools, among others, is supported:
  - Field Device Manager (FDM) by Honeywell → www.honeywellprocess.com
  - FieldMate by Yokogawa → www.yokogawa.com
  - PACTWare → www.pactware.com

The associated device description files are available at: www.endress.com  $\rightarrow$  Downloads

#### Web server

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45) or a WLAN interface. The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the measuring device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured. The WLAN connection requires a device that acts as an access point to enable communication via a computer or mobile handheld terminal.

#### Supported functions

Data exchange between the operating unit (such as a notebook for example) and the measuring device:

- Uploading the configuration from the measuring device (XML format, configuration backup)
- Save the configuration to the measuring device (XML format, restore configuration)
- Export event list (.csv file)
- Export parameter settings (.csv file, create documentation of the measuring point configuration)
- Export the Heartbeat verification log (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)
- Flash firmware version for device firmware upgrade, for instance

HistoROM data management

The measuring device features HistoROM data management. HistoROM data management comprises both the storage and import/export of key device and process data, making operation and servicing far more reliable, secure and efficient.

When the device is delivered, the factory settings of the configuration data are stored as a backup in the device memory. This memory can be overwritten with an updated data record, for example after commissioning.

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#### Additional information on the data storage concept

There are different types of data storage units in which device data are stored and used by the device:

	Device memory	T-DAT	S-DAT
Available data	<ul> <li>Event history, such as diagnostic events</li> <li>Parameter data record backup</li> <li>Device firmware package</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Measured value memory ("Extended HistoROM" order option)</li> <li>Current parameter data record (used by firmware at run time)</li> <li>Maximum indicators (min/max values)</li> <li>Totalizer values</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sensor data: diameter etc.</li> <li>Serial number</li> <li>User-specific access code (to use the "Maintenance" user role)</li> <li>Calibration data</li> <li>Device configuration (e.g. SW options, fixed I/O or multi I/O)</li> </ul>
Storage location	Fixed on the user interface board in the connection compartment	Can be plugged into the user interface board in the connection compartment	In the sensor plug in the transmitter neck part

#### Data backup

#### **Automatic**

- The most important device data (sensor and transmitter) are automatically saved in the DAT modules
- If the transmitter or measuring device is replaced: once the T-DAT containing the previous device data has been exchanged, the new measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors
- If the sensor is replaced: once the sensor has been replaced, new sensor data are transferred from the S-DAT in the measuring device and the measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors

#### Manual

Additional parameter data record (complete parameter settings) in the integrated device memory for:

- Data backup function
   Backup and subsequent restoration of a device configuration in the device memory
- Data comparison function
   Comparison of the current device configuration with the device configuration saved in the device memory

#### Data transfer

#### Manual

Transfer of a device configuration to another device using the export function of the specific operating tool, e.g. with FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server: to duplicate the configuration or to store in an archive (e.g. for backup purposes)

#### **Event list**

#### **Automatic**

- Chronological display of up to 20 event messages in the events list
- If the Extended HistoROM application package (order option) is enabled: up to 100
  event messages are displayed in the events list along with a time stamp, plain text
  description and remedial measures
- The events list can be exported and displayed via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. DeviceCare, FieldCare or Web server

## Data logging

#### Manual

If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled:

- Record up to 1000 measured values via 1 to 4 channels
- User configurable recording interval
- Record up to 250 measured values via each of the 4 memory channels
- Export the measured value log via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server
- Use the recorded measured value data in the integrated device simulation function in the **Diagnostics** submenu ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 175$ ).

#### Service logbook

#### Manual

- Create up to 20 user-specific events with a date and customized text in a separate logbook for documentation of the measuring point
- Use for calibration or service operations, for example, or for maintenance or revision work that has been performed

# 16.12 Certificates and approvals

CE mark	The measuring system is in conformity with the statutory requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".
Ex approval	The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.
Sanitary compatibility	■ 3-A approval ■ EHEDG-tested
Modbus RS485 certification	The measuring device meets all the requirements of the MODBUS/TCP conformity test and has the "MODBUS/TCP Conformance Test Policy, Version 2.0". The measuring device has successfully passed all the test procedures carried out.
Pressure Equipment Directive	<ul> <li>With the identification PED/G1/x (x = category) on the sensor nameplate, Endress +Hauser confirms conformity with the "Essential Safety Requirements" specified in Appendix I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EC.</li> <li>Devices not bearing this marking (PED) are designed and manufactured according to good engineering practice. They meet the requirements of Art. 4, Par. 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU. The range of application is indicated in tables 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EC.</li> </ul>
Radio approval	Europe: RED 2014/53/EU

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United States of America: CFR Title 47, FCC Part 15.247

Canada:

RSS-247 Issue 1

Japan:

Article 2 clause 1 item 19



Additional country-specific approvals on request.

#### Additional certification

#### CRN approval

Some device versions have CRN approval. A CRN-approved process connection with a CSA approval must be ordered for a CRN-approved device.

#### Tests and certificates

- Pressure test, internal procedure, inspection certificate
- 3.1 Material certificate, wetted parts and secondary containment, EN10204-3.1 inspection certificate
- PMI test (XRF), internal procedure, wetted parts, EN10204-3.1 inspection certificate
- EN10204-2.1 confirmation of compliance with the order and EN10204-2.2 test report

## Other standards and quidelines

■ EN 60529

Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

■ IEC/EN 60068-2-6

Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Fc: vibrate (sinusoidal).

■ IEC/EN 60068-2-31

Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Ec: shocks due to rough handling, primarily for devices.

■ EN 61010-1

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements

■ IEC/EN 61326

Emission in accordance with Class A requirements. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements).

■ NAMUR NE 21

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment

NAMUR NE 32

Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors

NAMUR NE 43

Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.

■ NAMUR NE 53

Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics

NAMUR NE 80

The application of the pressure equipment directive to process control devices

NAMUR NE 105

Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices

■ NAMUR NE 107

Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

■ NAMUR NE 131

Requirements for field devices for standard applications

■ NAMUR NE 132

Coriolis mass meter

# 16.13 Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.



Detailed information on the application packages: Special Documentation for the device

#### Diagnostics functions

Package	Description
Extended HistoROM	Comprises extended functions concerning the event log and the activation of the measured value memory.
	Event log: Memory volume is extended from 20 message entries (standard version) to up to 100 entries.
	<ul> <li>Data logging (line recorder):</li> <li>Memory capacity for up to 1000 measured values is activated.</li> <li>250 measured values can be output via each of the 4 memory channels. The recording interval can be defined and configured by the user.</li> <li>Measured value logs can be accessed via the local display or operating tool e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server.</li> </ul>

#### Heartbeat Technology

Package	Description
Heartbeat Verification +Monitoring	Heartbeat Monitoring Continuously supplies data, which are characteristic of the measuring principle, to an external condition monitoring system for the purpose of preventive maintenance or process analysis. These data enable the operator to:  Draw conclusions - using these data and other information - about the impact process influences (such as corrosion, abrasion, buildup etc.) have on the measuring performance over time.  Schedule servicing in time.  Monitor the process or product quality, e.g. gas pockets.
	<ul> <li>Heartbeat Verification</li> <li>Meets the requirement for traceable verification to DIN ISO 9001:2008 Chapter 7.6 a) "Control of monitoring and measuring equipment".</li> <li>Functional testing in the installed state without interrupting the process.</li> <li>Traceable verification results on request, including a report.</li> <li>Simple testing process via local operation or other operating interfaces.</li> <li>Clear measuring point assessment (pass/fail) with high test coverage within the framework of manufacturer specifications.</li> <li>Extension of calibration intervals according to operator's risk assessment.</li> </ul>

#### Concentration

Package	Description
Concentration measurement and special density	Calculation and outputting of fluid concentrations Many applications use density as a key measured value for monitoring quality or controlling processes. The device measures the density of the fluid as standard and makes this value available to the control system.  The "Special Density" application package offers high-precision density measurement over a wide density and temperature range particularly for applications subject to varying process conditions.
	With the help of the "Concentration Measurement" application package, the measured density is used to calculate other process parameters:  Temperature-compensated density (reference density).  Percentage mass of the individual substances in a two-phase fluid. (Concentration in %).  Fluid concentration is output with special units ("Brix, "Baumé, "API, etc.) for standard applications.

#### Viscosity

Package	Description
Viscosity measurement	In-line and real-time viscosity measurement Promass I with the "Viscosity" application package also measures the real-time viscosity of the fluid directly in the process, in addition to measuring the mass flow/volume flow/ temperature and density.
	The following viscosity measurements are performed on liquids:  Dynamic viscosity  Kinematic viscosity  Temperature-compensated viscosity (kinematic and dynamic) in relation to the reference temperature
	Viscosity measurement can be used for Newtonian and non-Newtonian applications and supplies accurate measured data irrespective of the flow, even under difficult conditions.

# 16.14 Accessories



Overview of accessories available for order → 🗎 185

# Supplementary documentation



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The *W@M Device Viewer* : Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

#### Standard documentation

#### **Brief Operating Instructions**

#### Part 1 of 2: Sensor

Measuring device	Documentation code
Proline Promass	KA01212D

#### Part 2 of 2: Transmitter

Measuring device	Documentation code
Proline 500	KA01232D

#### **Technical Information**

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promass I 500	TI01284D

# Description of device parameters

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promass 500	GP01062D

## Supplementary devicedependent documentation

# **Safety Instructions**

Contents	Documentation code
	Measuring device
ATEX/IECEx Ex i	XA01473D
ATEX/IECEx Ex ec	XA01474D
cCSAus IS	XA01475D
cCSAus Ex i	XA01509D
cCSAus Ex nA	XA01510D
INMETRO Ex i	XA01476D
INMETRO Ex ec	XA01477D
NEPSI Ex i	XA01478D
NEPSI Ex nA	XA01479D

# Special documentation

Contents	Documentation code
Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive	SD01614D
Web server	SD01667D
Heartbeat Technology	SD01704D
Concentration measurement	SD01710D
Viscosity Measurement	SD01724D

#### **Installation Instructions**

Contents	Documentation code
Installation Instructions for spare part sets	Overview of accessories available for order → 🖺 185

# Index

A	Connection
Access authorization to parameters	see Electrical connection
Read access	Connection preparations 40
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